UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d)
of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

January 13, 2017

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Commission File Number 001-09718

Pennsylvania (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 25-1435979 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

The Tower at PNC Plaza
300 Fifth Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222-2401
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(888) 762-2265 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check	check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:										
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)										
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)										
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))										

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On January 13, 2017, The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. ("the Corporation") issued a press release and held a conference call for investors regarding the Corporation's earnings and business results for the fourth quarter and full year 2016. The Corporation also provided supplementary financial information on its web site, including financial information disclosed in connection with its press release, and provided electronic presentation slides on its web site used in connection with the related investor conference call. Copies of the supplementary financial information and electronic presentation slides are included in this Report as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2, respectively, and are furnished herewith.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits. The exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index accompanying this Form8-K are furnished herewith.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: January 13, 2017

By: /s/ Gregory H. Kozich

Gregory H. Kozich Senior Vice President and Controller

EXHIBIT INDEX

Number	Description	Method of Filing
99.1 99.2	Financial Supplement (unaudited) for Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2016 Electronic presentation slides for earnings release conference call	Furnished herewith Furnished herewith



THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC.

FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT FOURTH QUARTER 2016 (Unaudited)

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT FOURTH QUARTER 2016 (UNAUDITED)

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The information contained in this Financial Supplement is preliminary, unaudited and based on data available on January 13, 2017. We have reclassified certain prior period amounts to be consistent with the current period presentation, which we believe is more meaningful to readers of our consolidated financial statements. This information speaks only as of the particular date or dates included in the schedules. We do not undertake any obligation to, and disclaim any duty to, correct or update any of the information provided in this Financial Supplement. Our future financial performance is subject to risks and uncertainties as described in our United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings.

BUSINESS

PNC is one of the largest diversified financial services companies in the United States and is headquartered in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. PNC has businesses engaged in retail banking, corporate and institutional banking, asset management and residential mortgage banking, providing many of its products and services nationally, as well as other products and services in PNC's primary geographic markets located in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New Jersey, Michigan, Illinois, Maryland, Indiana, Florida, North Carolina, Kentucky, Washington, D.C., Delaware, Virginia, Alabama, Georgia, Missouri, Wisconsin and South Carolina. PNC also provides certain products and services internationally.

The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.

Cross-Reference Index to Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2016 Financial Supplement (Unaudited)

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Table 1: Consolidated Income Statement (Unaudited)

	Three months ended									Year ended				
	Dec	ember 31	Sep	tember 30	June 30	March 31	Dec	cember 31		ember 31	Dec	ember 31		
In millions, except per share data		2016		2016	2016	2016		2015		2016		2015		
Interest Income														
Loans	\$	1,886	\$	1,856	\$1,829	\$ 1,843	\$	1,806	\$	7,414	\$	7,203		
Investment securities		457		451	456	462		443		1,826		1,679		
Other		110		101	99	102		109		412		441		
Total interest income		2,453		2,408	2,384	2,407		2,358		9,652		9,323		
Interest Expense														
Deposits		114		107	104	105		106		430		403		
Borrowed funds		209		206	212	204		160		831		642		
Total interest expense		323		313	316	309		266		1,261		1,045		
Net interest income		2,130		2,095	2,068	2,098		2,092		8,391		8,278		
Noninterest Income														
Asset management		399		404	377	341		399		1,521		1,567		
Consumer services		349		348	354	337		349		1,388		1,335		
Corporate services		387		389	403	325		394		1,504		1,491		
Residential mortgage		142		160	165	100		113		567		566		
Service charges on deposits		172		174	163	158		170		667		651		
Other (a)		295		259	264	306		336		1,124		1,337		
Total noninterest income		1,744		1,734	1,726	1,567		1,761		6,771		6,947		
Total revenue		3,874		3,829	3,794	3,665		3,853		15,162		15,225		
Provision For Credit Losses		67		87	127	152		74		433		255		
Noninterest Expense														
Personnel		1,231		1,239	1,226	1,145		1,252		4,841		4,831		
Occupancy		210		215	215	221		208		861		842		
Equipment		254		246	240	234		245		974		925		
Marketing		60		72	61	54		56		247		249		
Other		686		622	618	627		635		2,553		2,616		
Total noninterest expense		2,441		2,394	2,360	2,281		2,396		9,476		9,463		
Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interests		1,366		1,348	1,307	1,232		1,383		5,253		5,507		
Income taxes		319		342	318	289		361		1,268		1,364		
Net income		1,047		1,006	989	943		1,022		3,985		4,143		
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		22		18	23	19		14		82		37		
Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion and redemptions (b)		43		64	43	65		43		215		225		
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	982	\$	924	\$ 923	\$ 859	\$	965	\$	3,688	\$	3,881		
Earnings Per Common Share														
Basic	\$	2.01	\$	1.87	\$ 1.84	\$ 1.70	\$	1.90	\$	7.42	\$	7.52		
Diluted	\$	1.97	\$	1.84	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.68	\$	1.87	\$	7.30	\$	7.39		
Average Common Shares Outstanding														
Basic		487		490	497	501		506		494		514		
Diluted		494		496	503	507		513		500		521		
Efficiency		63%		63%	62%	62%		62%		62%		62%		
Noninterest income to total revenue		45%		45%	45%	43%		46%		45%		46%		
Effective tax rate (c)		23.4%		25.4%	24.3%	23.5%		26.1%		24.1%		24.8%		

⁽a) Includes net gains (losses) on sales of securities of \$(4) million, \$7 million, \$4 million, \$9 million, and \$2 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and \$16 million and \$43 million for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁽b) Dividends are payable quarterly other than Series O, Series R and Series S preferred stock, which are payable semiannually, with the Series O payable in different quarters than the Series R and Series S preferred stock.

⁽c) The effective income tax rates are generally lower than the statutory rate due to the relationship of pretax income to tax credits and earnings that are not subject to tax.

Table 2: Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31	December 31
In millions, except par value	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015
Assets	A 4.070	Ф. 4.521	n 4106	e 2.061	n 1065
Cash and due from banks	\$ 4,879	\$ 4,531	\$ 4,196	\$ 3,861	\$ 4,065
Interest-earning deposits with banks (a)	25,711	27,058	26,750	29,478	30,546
Loans held for sale (b)	2,504	2,053	2,296	1,541	1,540
Investment securities - available for sale	60,104	61,941	56,884	57,415	55,760
Investment securities - held to maturity	15,843	16,573	14,917	15,154	14,768
Loans (b) Allowance for loan and lease losses	210,833	210,446	209,056	207,485	206,696
	(2,589)	(2,619)	(2,685)	(2,711)	(2,727)
Net loans	208,244	207,827	206,371	204,774	203,969
Equity investments (c)	10,728	10,605	10,469	10,391	10,587
Mortgage servicing rights	1,758	1,293	1,222	1,323	1,589
Goodwill	9,103	9,103	9,103	9,103	9,103
Other (b)	27,506	28,364	29,127	27,945	26,566
Total assets	\$ 366,380	\$ 369,348	\$361,335	\$360,985	\$ 358,493
Liabilities					
Deposits					
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 80,230	\$ 82,159	\$ 77,866	\$ 78,151	\$ 79,435
Interest-bearing	176,934	177,736	171,912	172,208	169,567
Total deposits	257,164	259,895	249,778	250,359	249,002
Borrowed funds					
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	17,549	17,050	18,055	19,058	20,108
Bank notes and senior debt	22,972	22,431	23,588	21,594	21,298
Subordinated debt	8,009	8,708	8,764	8,707	8,556
Other (b)	4,176	3,352	4,164	4,819	4,570
Total borrowed funds	52,706	51,541	54,571	54,178	54,532
Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit	301	310	303	282	261
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	9,281	10,757	9,984	9,838	8,718
Total liabilities	319,452	322,503	314,636	314,657	312,513
Equity					
Preferred stock (d)					
Common stock - \$5 par value					
Authorized 800 shares, issued 542 shares	2,709	2,709	2,709	2,708	2,708
Capital surplus	16,651	16,159	16,108	16,039	16,197
Retained earnings	31,670	30,958	30,309	29,642	29,043
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(191)	646	736	532	130
Common stock held in treasury at cost: 57, 54, 49, 43 and 38 shares	(5,066)	(4,765)	(4,304)	(3,791)	(3,368)
Total shareholders' equity	45,773	45,707	45,558	45,130	44,710
Noncontrolling interests	1,155	1,138	1,141	1,198	1,270
Total equity	46,928	46,845	46,699	46,328	45,980
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 366,380	\$ 369,348	\$361,335	\$360,985	\$ 358,493

Amounts include balances held with the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland of \$25.1 billion, \$26.6 billion, \$26.3 billion, \$29.0 billion, and \$30.0 billion as of (a) December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Amounts include assets and liabilities for which PNC has elected the fair value option. Our third quarter 2016 Form10-Q included, and our 2016 Form 10-K will include,

⁽b) additional information regarding these items.

Amounts include our equity interest in BlackRock. Par value less than \$.5 million at each date. (c)

⁽d)

Table 3: Per Share Related Information (Unaudited)

				Three i	months end	led				Year ended			!
		ember 31		tember 30	June 30		irch 31		ember 31		ember 31		ember 31
_	illions, except per share data	 2016	2016		2016		2016	2015		2016		2015	
Bas													
	Net income	\$ 1,047	\$	1,006	\$ 989	\$	943	\$	1,022	\$	3,985	\$	4,143
	Less:									l l			
	Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	22		18	23		19		14		82		37
	Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion and redemptions (a)	43		64	43		65		43		215		225
	Net income attributable to common shareholders	982		924	923		859		965		3,688		3,881
	Less:												
	Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to nonvested restricted shares	 7		7	6		6		4	l	26		17
	Net income attributable to basic common shares	\$ 975	\$	917	\$ 917	\$	853	\$	961	\$	3,662	\$	3,864
	Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding	487		490	497		501		506		494		514
	Basic earnings per common share	\$ 2.01	\$	1.87	\$ 1.84	\$	1.70	\$	1.90	\$	7.42	\$	7.52
Dil	uted												
	Net income attributable to basic common shares	\$ 975	\$	917	\$ 917	\$	853	\$	961	\$	3,662	\$	3,864
	Less: Impact of BlackRock earnings per share dilution	 2		4	3		3		4	l	12		18
	Net income attributable to diluted common shares	\$ 973	\$	913	\$ 914	\$	850	\$	957	\$	3,650	\$	3,846
	Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding	487		490	497		501		506		494		514
	Dilutive potential common shares	 7		6	6		6		7	L	6		7
	Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	494		496	503		507		513		500		521
	Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 1.97	\$	1.84	\$ 1.82	\$	1.68	\$	1.87	\$	7.30	\$	7.39

⁽a) (a) Dividends are payable quarterly other than the Series O, Series R and Series S preferred stock, which are payable semiannually, with the Series O payable in different quarters than the Series R and Series S preferred stock.

Table 4: Average Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited) (a)

		Thr	ee months ende	ed		Year ended			
7 - 90	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31	December 31	December 31	December 31		
In millions	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Assets									
Interest-earning assets: Investment securities									
Securities available for sale									
Residential mortgage-backed									
Agency	\$ 26,374	\$ 25,825	\$ 24,856	\$ 24,696	\$ 23,777	\$ 25,442	\$ 21,371		
Non-agency	3,303	3,490	3,728	3,936	4,089	3,613	4,374		
Commercial mortgage-backed	6,283	6,276	6,335	6,586	6,709	6,369	6,372		
Asset-backed	5,977	5,823	5,672	5,486	5,280	5,741	5,234		
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	12,805	9,929	9,673	9,936	8,996	10,590	6,486		
Other	5,237	5,166	5,004	4,847	4,611	5,064	4,344		
Total securities available for sale	59,979	56,509	55,268	55,487	53,462	56,819	48,181		
Securities held to maturity	55,515	50,509	33,200	55,167	55,102	30,019	10,101		
Residential mortgage-backed	11,465	10,521	10,215	9,906	9,345	10,529	8,238		
Commercial mortgage-backed	1,532	1,666	1,755	1,821	1,878	1,693	1,976		
Asset-backed	585	702	708	715	723	677	738		
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	444	264	262	259	257	308	253		
Other	2,030	1,983	1,986	2,081	2,193	2,020	2,279		
Total securities held to maturity	16,056	15,136	14,926	14,782	14,396	15,227	13,484		
Total investment securities	76,035	71,645	70,194	70,269	67,858	72,046	61,665		
Loans									
Commercial	101,880	100,320	99,991	99,068	98,212	100,319	98,093		
Commercial real estate	29,247	29,034	28,659	27,967	26,714	28,729	25,177		
Equipment lease financing	7,398	7,463	7,570	7,420	7,501	7,463	7,570		
Consumer	57,164	57,163	57,467	58,212	59,108	57,499	60,094		
Residential real estate	15,193	14,870	14,643	14,517	14,486	14,807	14,415		
Total loans	210,882	208,850	208,330	207,184	206,021	208,817	205,349		
Interest-earning deposits with banks	25,245	28,063	26,463	25,533	31,509	26,328	32,908		
Other interest-earning assets	7,983	8,174	7,449	7,764	8,475	7,843	8,903		
Total interest-earning assets	320,145	316,732	312,436	310,750	313,863	315,034	308,825		
Noninterest-earning assets	46,041	47,138	46,554	45,163	46,533	46,226	46,139		
Total assets	\$ 366,186	\$ 363,870	\$358,990	\$355,913	\$ 360,396	\$ 361,260	\$ 354,964		

⁽a) Calculated using average daily balances.

Table 4: Average Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited) (Continued) (a)

		Thr	ee months ende	ed		Yea	r ended
T ville	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31	December 31	December 3	December 31
In millions	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	2016	2015
Liabilities and Equity							
Interest-bearing liabilities:							
Interest-bearing deposits							
Money market	\$ 67,271	\$ 70,076	\$ 72,442	\$ 76,392	\$ 81,199	\$ 71,530	\$ 81,911
Demand	55,223	53,428	52,218	49,770	47,778	52,701	46,649
Savings	35,224	31,791	28,131	23,343	17,851	29,643	14,719
Retail certificates of deposit	16,571	17,153	17,277	17,278	17,916	17,069	18,294
Time deposits in foreign offices and other time	1,838	1,757	1,779	2,040	2,709	1,821	2,392
Total interest-bearing deposits	176,127	174,205	171,847	168,823	167,453	172,764	163,965
Borrowed funds							
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	17,465	17,524	18,716	19,855	20,796	18,385	21,365
Bank notes and senior debt	21,653	22,896	22,375	20,690	20,458	21,906	17,937
Subordinated debt	8,287	8,356	8,336	8,317	8,600	8,324	8,796
Other	4,127	4,205	4,206	4,764	5,159	4,324	8,415
Total borrowed funds	51,532	52,981	53,633	53,626	55,013	52,939	56,513
Total interest-bearing liabilities	227,659	227,186	225,480	222,449	222,466	225,703	220,478
Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:							
Noninterest-bearing deposits	80,925	78,303	75,775	77,306	79,479	78,085	76,398
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	10,828	11,855	11,390	10,255	12,563	11,083	12,210
Equity	46,774	46,526	46,345	45,903	45,888	46,389	45,878
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 366,186	\$ 363,870	\$358,990	\$355,913	\$ 360,396	\$ 361,260	\$ 354,964

⁽a) Calculated using average daily balances.

Table 5: Details of Net Interest Margin (Unaudited) (a)

		Three	months ende	ed		Year ended			
	December 31 2016	September 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016	December 31 2015	December 31 2016	December 31 2015		
Average yields/rates									
Yield on interest-earning assets									
Investment securities									
Securities available for sale									
Residential mortgage-backed									
Agency	2.30%	2.39%	2.46%	2.57%	2.55%	2.43%	2.539		
Non-agency	5.18%	5.06%	4.79%	4.45%	4.90%	4.84%	4.739		
Commercial mortgage-backed	2.25%	2.47%	2.94%	2.79%	2.85%	2.62%	3.069		
Asset-backed	2.39%	2.31%	2.32%	2.19%	2.14%	2.30%	2.129		
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	1.41%	1.33%	1.50%	1.55%	1.09%	1.46%	1.229		
Other	2.97%	2.99%	3.02%	2.99%	3.11%	3.00%	3.369		
Total securities available for sale	2.33%	2.42%	2.54%	2.55%	2.53%	2.46%	2.659		
Securities held to maturity									
Residential mortgage-backed	2.52%	2.71%	2.81%	3.02%	2.98%	2.75%	3.059		
Commercial mortgage-backed	4.12%	3.51%	3.61%	3.53%	3.67%	3.66%	3.809		
Asset-backed	2.29%	1.99%	1.91%	1.84%	1.61%	2.07%	1.499		
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	3.25%	3.81%	3.79%	3.80%	3.82%	3.57%	3.959		
Other	5.35%	6.58%	5.40%	5.35%	5.25%	5.64%	5.229		
Total securities held to maturity	3.04%	3.29%	3.22%	3.37%	3.36%	3.22%	3.469		
Total investment securities	2.48%	2.60%	2.68%	2.72%	2.71%	2.62%	2.839		
Loans									
Commercial	3.11%	3.05%	3.08%	3.08%	2.97%	3.13%	3.039		
Commercial real estate	3.30%	3.23%	3.16%	3.51%	3.47%	3.36%	3.569		
Equipment lease financing	3.33%	4.06%	3.44%	3.40%	3.41%	3.56%	3.439		
Consumer	4.35%	4.32%	4.28%	4.29%	4.15%	4.31%	4.179		
Residential real estate	4.64%	4.60%	4.84%	4.74%	4.79%	4.70%	4.849		
Total loans	3.59%	3.57%	3.56%	3.60%	3.52%	3.61%	3.579		
Interest-earning deposits with banks	.56%	.50%	.51%	.50%	.29%	.52%	.269		
Other interest-earning assets	3.80%	3.23%	3.59%	3.62%	4.01%	3.56%	4.009		
Total yield on interest-earning assets	3.09%	3.07%	3.10%	3.15%	3.03%	3.13%	3.089		
Rate on interest-bearing liabilities									
Interest-bearing deposits									
Money market	.21%	.19%	.20%	.22%	.25%	.20%	.269		
Demand	.08%	.08%	.08%	.07%	.06%	.08%	.069		
Savings	.42%			.39%	.33%	.40%	.229		
Retail certificates of deposit	.71%			.70%	.69%	.70%	.699		
Time deposits in foreign offices and other time	.23%			.27%	.16%	.27%	.179		
Total interest-bearing deposits	.26%		.24%	.25%	.25%	.25%	.259		
Borrowed funds						12070			
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	1.01%	.86%	.80%	.68%	.52%	.84%	.499		
Bank notes and senior debt	1.55%		1.62%	1.66%	1.11%	1.61%	1.249		
Subordinated debt	3.05%			3.29%	2.65%	3.17%	2.689		
Other	1.41%			1.24%	1.31%	1.39%	.949		
Total borrowed funds	1.60%			1.51%	1.15%	1.57%	1.149		
Total rate on interest-bearing liabilities	.56%			.55%	.47%	.56%	.479		
	2.53%			2.60%	2.56%	2.57%			
Interest rate spread							2.619		
Impact of noninterest-bearing sources (b)	16	.15	.16	.15	.14	.16	.13		
Net interest margin	2.69%	2.68%	2.70%	2.75%	2.70%	2.73%	2.749		

⁽a) Calculated as annualized taxable-equivalent net interest income divided by average earning assets. The interest income earned on certain earning assets is completely or partially exempt from federal income tax. As such, these tax-exempt instruments typically yield lower returns than taxable investments. To provide more meaningful comparisons of net interest yields for all earning assets, interest income includes the effects of taxable-equivalent adjustments using a statutory federal income tax rate of 35% to increase tax-exempt interest income to a taxable-equivalent basis. This adjustment is not permitted under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the Consolidated Income Statement. The taxable-equivalent adjustments to net interest income for the three months ended December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, were \$50 million, \$49 million, \$48 million, at \$48 million, respectively. The taxable-equivalent adjustments to net interest income for the year ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were \$195 million and \$196 million, respectively.

⁽b) Represents the positive effects of investing noninterest-bearing sources in interest-earning assets.

Total and Core Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin (Unaudited)

Table 6: Total and Core Net Interest Income (Non-GAAP)

				Three i		Year ende			d			
				ecember 31 September 30 June 30 Mar		June 30 March 31		cember 31	Dec	ember 31	De	cember 31
In millions	2016		2016		2016	2016		2015		2016		2015
Core net interest income (Non-GAAP) (a)	\$	2,064	\$	2,033	\$2,004	\$ 2,012	\$	2,002	\$	8,113	\$	7,859
Purchase accounting accretion (b)		66		62	64	86		90	l	278		419
Total net interest income	\$	2,130	\$	2,095	\$2,068	\$ 2,098	\$	2,092	\$	8,391	\$	8,278

- (a) We believe that core net interest income, a non-GAAP financial measure, is useful in evaluating the performance of our interest-based activities.
- (b) Purchase accounting accretion includes purchase accounting accretion and cash recoveries on purchased impaired loans.

Table 7: Details of Net Interest Margin (c)

		Three i		Year e	nded		
	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31	December 31	December 31	December 31
	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	2016	2015
Average yields/rates							
Yield on interest-earning assets							
Total investment securities	2.48%	2.60%	2.68%	2.72%	2.71%	2.62%	2.83%
Total loans	3.59%	3.57%	3.56%	3.60%	3.52%	3.61%	3.57%
Other	1.33%	1.12%	1.18%	1.23%	1.08%	1.21%	1.06%
Total yield on interest-earning assets	3.09%	3.07%	3.10%	3.15%	3.03%	3.13%	3.08%
Rate on interest-bearing liabilities							
Total interest-bearing deposits	.26%	.25%	.24%	.25%	.25%	.25%	.25%
Total borrowed funds	1.60%	1.53%	1.57%	1.51%	1.15%	1.57%	1.14%
Total rate on interest-bearing liabilities	.56%	.54%	.56%	.55%	.47%	.56%	.47%
Interest rate spread	2.53%	2.53%	2.54%	2.60%	2.56%	2.57%	2.61%
Impact of noninterest-bearing sources	.16	.15	.16	.15	.14	.16	.13
Net interest margin	2.69%	2.68%	2.70%	2.75%	2.70%	2.73%	2.74%

(c) See note (a) on page 6.

Table 8: Details of Core Net Interest Margin(Non-GAAP) (d)

	Three months ended Year ended											
	December 31 2016	September 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016	December 31 2015	December 31 2016	December 31 2015					
Average yields/rates												
Yield on interest-earning assets												
Total investment securities	2.44%	2.57%	2.64%	2.68%	2.66%	2.58%	2.77%					
Total loans	3.45%	3.43%	3.42%	3.42%	3.34%	3.46%	3.36%					
Other	1.31%	1.11%	1.18%	1.24%	1.06%	1.20%	1.05%					
Total yield on interest-earning assets	2.99%	2.97%	3.00%	3.02%	2.90%	3.02%	2.93%					
Rate on interest-bearing liabilities												
Total interest-bearing deposits	.26%	.25%	.24%	.25%	.26%	.25%	.26%					
Total borrowed funds	1.46%	1.38%	1.44%	1.38%	1.02%	1.43%	1.02%					
Total rate on interest-bearing liabilities	.53%	.51%	.53%	.52%	.44%	.53%	.45%					
Interest rate spread	2.46%	2.46%	2.47%	2.50%	2.46%	2.49%	2.48%					
Impact of noninterest-bearing sources	.16	.15	.16	.15	.14	.16	.13					
Core net interest margin (Non-GAAP)	2.62	2.61	2.63	2.65	2.60	2.65	2.61					
Purchase accounting accretion impact on net interest margin	.07	.07	.07	.10	.10	.08	.13					
Net interest margin (e)	2.69%	2.68%	2.70%	2.75%	2.70%	2.73%	2.74%					

- (d) We believe that core net interest margin, anon-GAAP financial measure, is useful as a tool to help evaluate the impact of purchase accounting accretion on net interest margin. To calculate core net interest margin, each calculated margin in the table has been adjusted by annualized purchase accounting accretion divided by average interest-earning assets.
- (e) See note (a) on page 6.

Table 9: Details of Loans (Unaudited)

In millions	December 31 2016	September 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016	December 31 2015
Commercial					
Retail/wholesale trade	\$ 16,752	\$ 17,211	\$ 16,786	\$ 16,736	\$ 16,661
Manufacturing	18,891	19,813	19,665	20,104	19,014
Service providers	14,707	14,159	14,258	14,141	13,970
Real estate related (a)	11,920	12,045	11,965	12,153	11,659
Financial services	7,241	7,203	7,400	6,084	7,234
Health care	9,491	9,148	9,092	9,106	9,210
Other industries	22,362	21,933	21,396	20,992	20,860
Total commercial	101,364	101,512	100,562	99,316	98,608
Commercial real estate					
Real estate projects (b)	16,312	16,851	16,468	16,199	15,697
Commercial mortgage	12,698	12,422	12,372	12,031	11,771
Total commercial real estate	29,010	29,273	28,840	28,230	27,468
Equipment lease financing	7,581	7,378	7,620	7,584	7,468
Total commercial lending	137,955	138,163	137,022	135,130	133,544
Consumer					
Home equity					
Lines of credit	17,738	18,014	18,203	18,458	18,828
Installment	12,211	12,418	12,680	13,000	13,305
Credit card	5,282	5,029	4,896	4,746	4,862
Other consumer					
Automobile	12,380	11,898	11,449	11,177	11,157
Education	5,159	5,337	5,482	5,701	5,881
Other	4,510	4,446	4,525	4,601	4,708
Total consumer	57,280	57,142	57,235	57,683	58,741
Residential real estate					
Residential mortgage	15,381	14,915	14,562	14,425	14,162
Residential construction	217	226	237	247	249
Total residential real estate	15,598	15,141	14,799	14,672	14,411
Total consumer lending	72,878	72,283	72,034	72,355	73,152
Total loans (c)	\$ 210,833	\$ 210,446	\$209,056	\$207,485	\$ 206,696

Includes loans to customers in the real estate and construction industries. (a)

⁽b)

Includes both construction loans and intermediate financing for projects.

Includes purchased impaired loans of \$3.0 billion, \$3.1 billion, \$3.2 billion, \$3.4 billion and \$3.5 billion at December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. (c)

Allowances for Loan and Lease Losses (Unaudited)

Table 10: Change in Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

Three months ended - in millions	ember 31 2016	ember 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016	ember 31 2015
Beginning balance	\$ 2,619	\$ 2,685	\$2,711	\$ 2,727	\$ 3,237
Gross charge-offs:					
Commercial	(61)	(107)	(86)	(78)	(61)
Commercial real estate	(4)	(2)	(10)	(10)	(15)
Equipment lease financing	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(3)
Home equity	(28)	(39)	(28)	(48)	(42)
Residential real estate	(3)	(3)		(8)	(7)
Credit card	(39)	(39)	(41)	(42)	(39)
Other consumer	 (58)	 (52)	(46)	(49)	 (49)
Total gross charge-offs	(194)	(243)	(213)	(236)	(216)
Recoveries:					
Commercial	30	26	28	33	31
Commercial real estate	14	12	13	12	20
Equipment lease financing	1	7	1	1	1
Home equity	21	25	17	21	24
Residential real estate	2	2	2	3	3
Credit card	5	5	5	4	5
Other consumer	 15	 12	13	13	 12
Total recoveries	88	89	79	87	96
Net (charge-offs) / recoveries:					
Commercial	(31)	(81)	(58)	(45)	(30)
Commercial real estate	10	10	3	2	5
Equipment lease financing		6	(1)		(2)
Home equity	(7)	(14)	(11)	(27)	(18)
Residential real estate	(1)	(1)	2	(5)	(4)
Credit card	(34)	(34)	(36)	(38)	(34)
Other consumer	 (43)	 (40)	(33)	(36)	 (37)
Total net charge-offs	(106)	(154)	(134)	(149)	(120)
Provision for credit losses	67	87	127	152	74
Net recoveries / (write-offs) of purchased impaired loans and other		8	2	2	(469)
Net change in allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit	 9	 (7)	(21)	(21)	 5
Ending balance	\$ 2,589	\$ 2,619	\$2,685	\$ 2,711	\$ 2,727
Supplemental Information					
Net charge-offs to average loans (for the three months ended) (annualized)	.20%	.29%	.26%	.29%	.23%
Allowance for loan and lease losses to total loans (a)	1.23	1.24	1.28	1.31	1.32
Commercial lending net charge-offs	\$ (21)	\$ (65)	\$ (56)	\$ (43)	\$ (27)
Consumer lending net charge-offs	 (85)	 (89)	(78)	(106)	(93)
Total net charge-offs	\$ (106)	\$ (154)	\$ (134)	\$ (149)	\$ (120)
Net charge-offs to average loans	· · · · ·	` ´	` ′	· í	` ′
Commercial lending	.06%	.19%	.17%	.13%	.08%
Consumer lending	.47%	.49%	.44%	.59%	.50%

⁽a) See our 2015 Form 10-K for information on our change in derecognition policy effective December 31, 2015 for certain purchased impaired loans.

Details of Nonperforming Assets (Unaudited)

Table 11: Nonperforming Assets by Type

In millions	mber 31 2016	ember 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016	ember 31 2015
Nonperforming loans, including TDRs					
Commercial lending					
Commercial					
Retail/wholesale trade	\$ 87	\$ 59	\$ 80	\$ 50	\$ 55
Manufacturing	31	43	69	83	79
Service providers	40	43	69	76	68
Real estate related (a)	47	68	73	36	40
Financial services	1	1	1	1	1
Health care	30	22	26	32	32
Other industries	 260	 285	288	274	 76
Total commercial	 496	 521	606	552	 351
Commercial real estate	143	152	143	160	187
Equipment lease financing	 16	 18	19	20	7
Total commercial lending	 655	 691	768	732	 545
Consumer lending (b)					
Home equity	914	895	926	957	977
Residential real estate	501	502	513	536	549
Credit card	4	4	4	4	3
Other consumer					
Automobile	55	41	38	37	35
Education and other	 15	 13	15	15	 17
Total consumer lending	 1,489	 1,455	_1,496	1,549	 1,581
Total nonperforming loans (c)(d)	 2,144	2,146	2,264	2,281	 2,126
OREO and foreclosed assets	 230	 229	251	271	 299
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 2,374	\$ 2,375	\$2,515	\$ 2,552	\$ 2,425
Nonperforming loans to total loans	1.02%	1.02%	1.08%	1.10%	1.03%
Nonperforming assets to total loans, OREO and foreclosed assets	1.12%	1.13%	1.20%	1.23%	1.17%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	.65%	.64%	.70%	.71%	.68%
Allowance for loan and lease losses to nonperforming loans (e)	 121%	 122%	119%	119%	 128%

- (a) Includes loans related to customers in the real estate and construction industries.
- (b) Excludes most consumer loans and lines of credit, not secured by residential real estate, which are charged off after 120 to 180 days past due and are not placed on nonperforming status.
- (c) Nonperforming loans exclude certain government insured or guaranteed loans, loans held for sale, loans accounted for under the fair value option and purchased impaired loans.
- (d) The recorded investment of loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in process of foreclosure was \$.4 billion, \$.4 billion, \$.4 billion, \$.5 billion and \$.6 billion at December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, which included \$.2 billion, of loans that are government insured/guaranteed at December 31, 2016 and \$.3 billion for all remaining periods presented.
- (e) See our 2015 Form 10-K for information on our change in derecognition policy effective December 31, 2015 for certain purchased impaired loans.

Details of Nonperforming Assets (Unaudited) (Continued)

Table 12: Change in Nonperforming Assets

	Octob	October 1, 2016 -		July 1, 2016 -		April 1, 2016 -		January 1, 2016-		r 1, 2015 -
In millions	Decem	December 31, 2016 S		September 30, 2016		June 30, 2016		h 31, 2016	Decemb	per 31, 2015
Beginning balance	\$	2,375	\$	2,515	\$	2,552	\$	2,425	\$	2,490
New nonperforming assets		518		370		405		542		370
Charge-offs and valuation adjustments		(132)		(153)		(158)		(161)		(132)
Principal activity, including paydowns and payoffs		(279)		(171)		(149)		(98)		(143)
Asset sales and transfers to loans held for sale		(57)		(113)		(76)		(90)		(68)
Returned to performing status		(51)		(73)		(59)		(66)		(92)
Ending balance	\$	2,374	\$	2,375	\$	2,515	\$	2,552	\$	2,425

Table 13: Largest Individual Nonperforming Assets at December 31, 2016 (a)

n	millions	
Q c	nking	

Ranking	Outstandings	Industry
1	\$46	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
2	37	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
3	26	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
4	24	Transportation and Warehousing
5	24	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
6	24	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
7	23	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
8	20	Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction
9	18	Wholesale Trade
10	18	Real Estate, Rental and Leasing
Total	\$260	
	2 1 2	1 110/

As a percent of total nonperforming assets 11%

⁽a) Amounts shown are not net of related allowance for loan and lease losses, if applicable.

Accruing Loans Past Due (Unaudited)

Table 14: Accruing Loans Past Due 30 to 59 Days (a)

			Amount			Percent of Total Outstandings					
	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	
Dollars in millions	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	
Commercial	\$ 81	\$ 64	\$ 61	\$ 85	\$ 69	.08%	.06%	.06%	.09%	.07%	
Commercial real estate	5	26	5	6	10	.02%	.09%	.02%	.02%	.04%	
Equipment lease financing	29	1	1	21	19	.38%	.01%	.01%	.28%	.25%	
Home equity	64	55	63	57	63	.21%	.18%	.20%	.18%	.20%	
Residential real estate											
Non government insured	103	60	71	77	86	.66%	.40%	.48%	.52%	.60%	
Government insured	56	50	57	62	56	.36%	.33%	.39%	.42%	.39%	
Credit card	33	28	25	25	28	.62%	.56%	.51%	.53%	.58%	
Other consumer											
Automobile	51	38	38	33	41	.41%	.32%	.33%	.30%	.37%	
Education and other											
Non government insured	37	28	33	24	23	.38%	.29%	.33%	.23%	.22%	
Government insured	103	104	110	116	116	1.07%	1.06%	1.10%	1.13%	1.10%	
Total	\$ 562	\$ 454	\$ 464	\$ 506	\$ 511	.27%	.22%	.22%	.24%	.25%	

Table 15: Accruing Loans Past Due 60 to 89 Days (a)

			Amount			Percent of Total Outstandings					
	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	
Dollars in millions	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	
Commercial	\$ 20	\$ 24	\$ 34	\$ 18	\$ 32	.02%	.02%	.03%	.02%	.03%	
Commercial real estate	2	1	11	1	4	.01%	.00%	.04%	.00%	.01%	
Equipment lease financing	1	2	4		2	.01%	.03%	.05%		.03%	
Home equity	30	27	27	27	30	.10%	.09%	.09%	.09%	.09%	
Residential real estate											
Non government insured	18	20	18	17	20	.12%	.13%	.12%	.12%	.14%	
Government insured	50	51	47	44	45	.32%	.34%	.32%	.30%	.31%	
Credit card	21	19	17	17	19	.40%	.38%	.35%	.36%	.39%	
Other consumer											
Automobile	12	11	10	8	10	.10%	.09%	.09%	.07%	.09%	
Education and other											
Non government insured	12	13	11	13	11	.12%	.13%	.11%	.13%	.10%	
Government insured	66	68	64	64	75	.68%	.70%	.64%	.62%	.71%	
Total	\$ 232	\$ 236	\$ 243	\$ 209	\$ 248	.11%	.11%	.12%	.10%	.12%	

Table 16: Accruing Loans Past Due 90 Days or More (a)

			Amount			Percent of Total Outstandings						
Dollars in millions	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31		
	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015	2016	2016	2016	2016	2015		
Commercial	\$ 39	\$ 37	\$ 38	\$ 39	\$ 45	.04%	.04%	.04%	.04%	.05%		
Residential real estate												
Non government insured	24	18	23	23	21	.15%	.12%	.16%	.16%	.15%		
Government insured	476	478	466	483	545	3.05%	3.16%	3.15%	3.29%	3.78%		
Credit card	37	31	30	32	33	.70%	.62%	.61%	.67%	.68%		
Other consumer												
Automobile	5	4	3	3	4	.04%	.03%	.03%	.03%	.04%		
Education and other												
Non government insured	10	9	10	9	13	.10%	.09%	.10%	.09%	.12%		
Government insured	191	189	184	193	220	1.98%	1.93%	1.84%	1.87%	2.08%		
Total	\$ 782	\$ 766	\$ 754	\$ 782	\$ 881	.37%	.36%	.36%	.38%	.43%		

⁽a) Excludes loans held for sale and purchased impaired loans.

Business Segment Descriptions (Unaudited)

Retail Banking provides deposit, lending, brokerage, investment management and cash management services to consumer and small business customers within our primary geographic markets. Our customers are serviced through our branch network, ATMs, call centers, online banking and mobile channels. The branch network is located primarily in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New Jersey, Michigan, Illinois, Maryland, Indiana, Florida, North Carolina, Kentucky, Washington, D.C., Delaware, Virginia, Alabama, Georgia, Missouri. Wisconsin and South Carolina.

Corporate & Institutional Banking provides lending, treasury management, and capital markets-related products and services to mid-sized and large corporations, government and not-for-profit entities. Lending products include secured and unsecured loans, letters of credit and equipment leases. Treasury management services include cash and investment management, receivables management, disbursement services, funds transfer services, information reporting and global trade services. Capital markets-related products and services include foreign exchange, derivatives, securities, loan syndications, mergers and acquisitions advisory and equity capital markets advisory related services. We also provide commercial loan servicing and technology solutions for the commercial real estate finance industry. Products and services are generally provided within our primary geographic markets, with certain products and services offered nationally and internationally.

Asset Management Group includes personal wealth management for high net worth and ultra high net worth clients and institutional asset management. Wealth management products and services include investment and retirement planning, customized investment management, private banking, tailored credit solutions, and trust management and administration for individuals and their families. Our Hawthorn unit provides multi-generational family planning including wealth strategy, investment management, private banking, tax and estate planning guidance, performance reporting and personal administration services to ultra high net worth families. Institutional asset management provides advisory, custody administration and retirement administration services. The business also offers PNC proprietary mutual funds and investment strategies. Institutional clients include corporations, unions, municipalities, non-profits, foundations and endowments, primarily located in our geographic footprint.

Residential Mortgage Banking directly originates first lien residential mortgage loans on a nationwide basis with a significant presence within the retail banking footprint. Mortgage loans represent loans collateralized by one-to-four family residential real estate. These loans are typically underwritten to government agency and/or third-party standards, and either sold, servicing retained, or held on PNC's balance sheet. Loan sales are primarily to secondary mortgage conduits of Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Banks and third-party investors, or are securitized and issued under the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) program. The mortgage servicing operation performs all functions related to servicing mortgage loans, primarily those in first lien position, for various investors and for loans owned by PNC.

Non-Strategic Assets Portfolio includes a consumer portfolio of mainly residential mortgage and brokered home equity loans and lines of credit, and a small commercial lending portfolio. We obtained a significant portion of these non-strategic assets through acquisitions of other companies.

BlackRock, in which we hold an equity investment, is a leading publicly traded investment management firm providing a broad range of investment and risk management services to institutional and retail clients worldwide. Using a diverse platform of active and index investment strategies across asset classes, BlackRock develops investment outcomes and asset allocation solutions for clients. Product offerings include single- and multi-asset class portfolios investing in equities, fixed income, alternatives and money market instruments. BlackRock also offers an investment and risk management technology platform, risk analytics and advisory services and solutions to a broad base of institutional investors. Our equity investment in BlackRock us with an additional source of noninterest income and increases our overall revenue diversification. BlackRock is a publicly traded company, and additional information regarding its business is available in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). At December 31, 2016, our economic interest in BlackRock was 22%.

Table 17: Period End Employees

	December 31 2016	September 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016	December 31 2015
Full-time employees			2010	2010	
Retail Banking	21,535	21,654	21,649	21,903	21,896
Other full-time employees	27,825	27,597	27,365	27,331	27,252
Total full-time employees	49,360	49,251	49,014	49,234	49,148
Part-time employees					
Retail Banking	2,269	2,354	2,595	2,684	2,877
Other part-time employees	377	438	781	462	488
Total part-time employees	2,646	2,792	3,376	3,146	3,365
Total	52,006	52,043	52,390	52,380	52,513

Table 18: Summary of Business Segment Income and Revenue (Unaudited) (a) (b)

			Three	e months ende	d		Year ended			
In millions	ember 31 2016	September 30 2016		June 30 2016	March 31 2016	2015		ember 31 2016		ember 31 2015
Income (Loss)										
Retail Banking	\$ 229	\$	223	\$ 307	\$ 268	\$ 213	\$	1,027	\$	907
Corporate & Institutional Banking	577		537	490	431	539		2,035		2,031
Asset Management Group	55		58	48	49	51		210		194
Residential Mortgage Banking	39		13	46	(13)	(17)		85		26
Non-Strategic Assets Portfolio	58		54	29	52	96		193		301
Other, including BlackRock (b) (c)	89		121	69	156	140		435		684
Net income	\$ 1,047	\$	1,006	\$ 989	\$ 943	\$ 1,022	\$	3,985	\$	4,143
Revenue										
Retail Banking	\$ 1,619	\$	1,647	\$1,682	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,645	\$	6,598	\$	6,449
Corporate & Institutional Banking	1,428		1,390	1,387	1,304	1,419		5,509		5,429
Asset Management Group	288		294	289	280	288		1,151		1,161
Residential Mortgage Banking	209		191	210	130	155		740		734
Non-Strategic Assets Portfolio	86		80	78	97	109		341		445
Other, including BlackRock (b) (c)	 244		227	148	204	 237		823		1,007
Total revenue	\$ 3,874	\$	3,829	\$3,794	\$ 3,665	\$ 3,853	\$	15,162	\$	15,225

- (a) Our business information is presented based on our internal management reporting practices. We periodically refine our internal methodologies as management reporting practices are enhanced. Net interest income in business segment results reflects PNC's internal funds transfer pricing methodology. Assets receive a funding charge and liabilities and capital receive a funding credit based on a transfer pricing methodology that incorporates product repricing characteristics, tenor and other factors.
- (b) We consider BlackRock to be a separate reportable business segment but have combined its results with Other for this presentation. Our 2016 Form10-K will include additional information regarding BlackRock.
- (c) Includes earnings and gains or losses related to PNC's equity interest in BlackRock and residual activities that do not meet the criteria for disclosure as a separate reportable business, such as gains or losses related to BlackRock transactions, integration costs, asset and liability management activities including net securities gains or losses, other-than-temporary impairment of investment securities and certain trading activities, exited businesses, private equity investments, intercompany eliminations, most corporate overhead, tax adjustments that are not allocated to business segments and differences between business segment performance reporting and financial statement reporting (GAAP), including the presentation of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests as the segments' results exclude their portion of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

Table 19: Retail Banking (Unaudited) (a)

	Three months ended					Ī	Year e	nded	1			
	Dec	cember 31	Sep	tember 30	June 30	March 31	Dec	cember 31	Dec	ember 31		ember 31
Dollars in millions		2016		2016	2016	2016		2015		2016		2015
Income Statement												
Net interest income	\$	1,105	\$	1,120	\$ 1,118	\$ 1,113	\$	1,074	\$	4,456	\$	4,226
Noninterest income		514		527	564	537		571		2,142		2,223
Total revenue		1,619		1,647	1,682	1,650		1,645		6,598		6,449
Provision for credit losses		74		104	29	77		108		284		259
Noninterest expense		1,184		1,191	1,168	1,150		1,203		4,693		4,761
Pretax earnings		361		352	485	423		334		1,621		1,429
Income taxes		132		129	178	155		121	l	594		522
Earnings	\$	229	\$	223	\$ 307	\$ 268	\$	213	\$	1,027	\$	907
Average Balance Sheet												<u></u>
Loans												
Consumer												
Home equity	\$	25,768	\$	26,005	\$ 26,308	\$ 26,743	\$	27,202	\$	26,204	\$	27,657
Automobile		11,868		11,353	10,978	10,787		10,608		11,248		10,433
Education		5,289		5,454	5,642	5,865		6,026		5,562		6,307
Credit cards		5,099		4,943	4,788	4,722		4,675		4,889		4,527
Other		1,762		1,783	1,793	1,823		1,870		1,790		1,881
Total consumer		49,786		49,538	49,509	49,940		50,381		49,693		50,805
Commercial and commercial real estate		11,788		11,937	12,319	12,551		12,588		12,147		12,705
Residential mortgage		471		508	536	596		609		528		680
Total loans	\$	62,045	\$	61,983	\$ 62,364	\$ 63,087	\$	63,578	\$	62,368	\$	64,190
Total assets	\$	71,252	\$	71,219	\$ 71,544	\$ 72,216	\$	72,677	\$	71,556	\$	73,240
Deposits												
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$	28,111	\$	27,523	\$ 26,945	\$ 26,209	\$	26,395	\$	27,200	\$	24,119
Interest-bearing demand		39,216		38,539	38,897	37,860		36,726		38,629		36,189
Money market		42,041		44,243	47,072	50,405		53,981		45,926		54,576
Savings		32,111		29,268	26,128	21,780		16,991		27,340		14,358
Certificates of deposit		14,172		14,631	15,048	15,350		15,789	l	14,798		16,518
Total deposits	\$	155,651	\$	154,204	\$154,090	\$151,604	\$	149,882	\$	153,893	\$	145,760
Performance Ratios												
Return on average assets		1.28%		1.24%	1.72%	1.51%		1.16%		1.44%		1.24%
Noninterest income to total revenue		32%		32%	34%	33%		35%		32%		34%
Efficiency		73%		72%	69%	70%		73%	l	71%		74%
Supplemental Noninterest Income Information												
Service charges on deposits	\$	165	\$	168	\$ 155	\$ 151	\$	164	\$	639	\$	623
Brokerage	\$	73	\$	73	\$ 74	\$ 75	\$	72	\$	295	\$	284
Consumer services	\$	269	\$	267	\$ 271	\$ 254	\$	268	\$	1,061	\$	1,015
Other information (b)												
Customer-related statistics (average):												
Non-teller deposit transactions (c)		51%		50%	48%	47%		46%		49%		43%
Digital consumer customers (d)		60%		59%	57%	56%		55%		58%		52%
Credit-related statistics:												
Nonperforming assets	\$	1,003	\$	970	\$ 995	\$ 1,023	\$	1,045				
Net charge-offs	\$	89	\$	89	<u>\$ 75</u>	<u>\$ 96</u>	\$	93	\$	349	\$	344
Other statistics:												
ATMs		9,024		9,045	8,993	8,940		8,956				
Branches (e)		2,520		2,600	2,601	2,613		2,616				
Universal branches (f)		526		475	467	362		359				
Brokerage account client assets (billions) (g)	\$	44	\$	44	\$ 44	\$ 43	\$	43	L			

See note (a) on page 14.

Presented as of period end, except for customer-related statistics which are averages for the quarterly and year-to-date periods, respectively, and net charge-offs which are for the three months and year ended, respectively.

Percentage of total consumer and business banking deposit transactions processed at an ATM or through our mobile banking application.

Represents consumer checking relationships that process the majority of their transactions through non-teller channels.

Excludes satellite offices (e.g., drive-ups, electronic branches and retirement centers) that provide limited products and/or services.

Included in total branches, represents branches operating under our Universal model.

⁽d)

⁽e) (f)

Amounts include cash and money market balances.

Table 20: Corporate & Institutional Banking (Unaudited) (a)

December					Three	г тог	iths ended				1	Year	ended	
Nomineres Income		Dec	cember 31	Sep	tember 30	Jı	ine 30	March 31	De	cember 31	Dec	cember 31	De	cember 31
Noninterest income	Dollars in millions		2016	•	2016		2016	2016		2015		2016		2015
Name	Income Statement										-			
Total revenue	Net interest income	\$	906	\$	873	\$	854	\$ 870	\$	881	\$	3,503	\$	3,494
Provision for credit losses (herbit)	Noninterest income		522		517		533	434		538		2,006		1,935
Section Sec	Total revenue		1,428		1,390		1,387	1,304		1,419		5,509		5,429
Section Sec	Provision for credit losses (benefit)		(1)		12		69	107		23		187		106
Prints carnings R879	Noninterest expense				555		549	521		554		2,175		2,148
Income taxes	Pretax earnings		879		823		769	676		842		3.147		3.175
Earnings	e											- ,		-,
Second S		\$		\$		\$			\$		s		\$	
Second Heat of the Commercial C	6	<u> </u>	577	==	557	==	.,,,		==		==	2,000	<u> </u>	2,001
Commercial South		•	965	2	994	2	801	\$ 708	2	044	2	868	2	966
Seminarial commercial castate		Ψ	703	Ψ)) - T	Ψ	001	\$ 700	Ψ	277	Ψ	000	Ψ	700
Commercial real estate 27,023 26,86 26,497 25,817 24,520 26,523 23,036 26,949 24,0		•	90 166	2	88 481	2	87 741	\$ 86 645	2	85.750	2	88 264	2	85.416
Part		Ψ		Ψ					Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Total commercial lending														
Consumer														
Total assets						1						-		
Point assets \$140,681 \$139,806 \$138,505 \$135,521 \$133,083 \$138,585 \$132,083 \$132,		•		•		© 1			•		•		•	_
Noninterest-bearing demand											Φ			
Noninterest-bearing demand		Ф	140,081	Ф	139,800	φı	30,303	\$133,321	φ	155,065	Ф	130,307	Ф	132,032
Money market		•	47.021	Φ.	45.055	•	44.012	£ 46.062	Ф	40.762	Φ.	46.260	Φ.	40.210
Other		\$		\$					\$		\$		\$	
Performance Ratios														
Return on average assets		-				-					l		-	
Return on average assets	Total deposits	\$	85,590	\$	82,977	\$	78,312	\$ 79,507	\$	81,965	\$	81,611	\$	80,692
Noninterest income to total revenue 37% 37% 38% 33% 38% 36														
Part														
Commercial conservicing portfolio (in billions) (b) (c) S 487 S 461 S 459 S 453 S 447														
Commercial loan servicing portfolio (in billions) (b) (c) \$ 487 \$ 461 \$ 459 \$ 453 \$ 447 \$ Consolidated revenue from: (d) \$ 7	Efficiency		39%		40%		40%	40%		39%	l	39%		40%
Consolidated revenue from: (d)														
Treasury Management (e) \$ 407 \$ 400 \$ 385 \$ 377 \$ 389 \$ 1,569 \$ 1,388 \$ Capital Markets (e) \$ 208 \$ 213 \$ 235 \$ 152 \$ 221 \$ 808 \$ 813 \$ Commercial mortgage banking activities \$ Commercial mortgage loans held for sale (f) \$ 50 \$ 27 \$ 24 \$ 26 \$ 46 \$ 127 \$ 140 \$ Commercial mortgage loan servicing income (g) \$ 63 \$ 66 \$ 66 \$ 66 \$ 70 \$ 261 \$ 261 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	487	\$	461	\$	459	\$ 453	\$	447				
Capital Markets (e) \$ 208 \$ 213 \$ 235 \$ 152 \$ 221 \$ 808 \$ 813 Commercial mortgage banking activities \$ 50 \$ 27 \$ 24 \$ 26 \$ 46 \$ 127 \$ 140 Commercial mortgage loan servicing income (g) 63 66 66 66 70 261 261 Commercial mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge (h) 22 1 20 1 3 44 28 Total \$ 135 \$ 94 \$ 110 \$ 93 \$ 119 \$ 432 \$ 429 Average Loans (by C&IB business) \$ 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,700 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Other 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other<														
Commercial mortgage banking activities Commercial mortgage loans held for sale (f) \$ 50 \$ 27 \$ 24 \$ 26 \$ 46 \$ 127 \$ 140 Commercial mortgage loan servicing income (g) 63 66 66 66 66 70 261 261 Commercial mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge (h) 22 1 20 1 3 44 28 Total \$ 135 \$ 94 \$ 110 \$ 93 \$ 119 \$ 432 \$ 429 Average Loans (by C&IB business) Corporate Banking \$ 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,700 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$ 121,608 \$ 119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518 \$ 180 \$ 100 Commercial mortgage banking activities \$ 120,056 \$ 116,258 \$ 120,056 \$ 120,056 \$ 120,056 \$ 120,056 \$ 12														
Commercial mortgage loans held for sale (f)		\$	208	\$	213	\$	235	\$ 152	\$	221	\$	808	\$	813
Commercial mortgage loan servicing income (g) 63 66 66 66 70 261 261				•		•		0.00						4.40
Commercial mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge (h) 22 1 20 1 3 44 28 Total \$ 135 \$ 94 \$ 110 \$ 93 \$ 119 \$ 432 \$ 429 Average Loans (by C&IB business) Corporate Banking \$ 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,700 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$ 121,608 \$ 119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460		\$		\$		\$			\$		\$		\$	
hedge (h) 22 1 20 1 3 44 28 Total \$ 135 \$ 94 \$ 110 \$ 93 \$ 119 \$ 432 \$ 429 Average Loans (by C&IB business) Corporate Banking \$ 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,700 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$ 121,608 \$ 119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 48 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statis			63		66		66	66		70		261		261
Total \$ 135 \$ 94 \$ 110 \$ 93 \$ 119 \$ 432 \$ 429 Average Loans (by C&IB business) Corporate Banking \$ 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,700 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$ 121,608 \$ 119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***			22		1		20	1		2		44		20
Average Loans (by C&IB business) S 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,770 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 33,5784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$121,608 \$119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518	5 ()							_ 			l			
Corporate Banking \$ 59,126 \$ 58,238 \$ 57,700 \$ 56,166 \$ 56,784 \$ 57,813 \$ 57,774 Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,945 14,945 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$121,608 \$119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: *** <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>135</td> <td>\$</td> <td>94</td> <td>\$</td> <td>110</td> <td>\$ 93</td> <td>\$</td> <td>119</td> <td>\$</td> <td>432</td> <td>\$</td> <td>429</td>		\$	135	\$	94	\$	110	\$ 93	\$	119	\$	432	\$	429
Real Estate 37,262 36,721 36,193 35,784 33,361 36,493 31,312 Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,763 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$ 121,608 \$ 119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 16,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518			*****							# C # O 4				
Business Credit 14,741 14,772 14,865 14,672 14,945 14,673 14,615 Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$ 121,608 \$ 119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 48 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518		\$		\$					\$		\$		\$	
Equipment Finance 11,445 11,125 11,143 11,014 10,948 11,182 10,954 Other 1,711 1,702 1,707 2,108 1,650 1,805 1,603 Total average loans \$ 124,285 \$ 122,558 \$121,608 \$119,744 \$ 117,688 \$ 122,056 \$ 116,258 Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518														
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Net carrying amount of commercial mortgage servicing rights (c) \$ 576 \$ 473 \$ 448 \$ 460 \$ 526 Credit-related statistics: Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518		_		_									_	
Credit-related statistics: 8 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518		-									\$	122,056	\$	116,258
Nonperforming assets (c) \$ 654 \$ 671 \$ 752 \$ 701 \$ 518		\$	576	\$	473	\$	448	\$ 460	\$	526				
		•	651	¢.	671	•	752	¢ 701	¢.	510				
3 10 3 09 3 39 3 41 3 24 3 187 3 30						-					e	107	e.	20
	rot charge-one	φ	10	Ф	09	φ	33	Ψ +1	Ф	24	φ	107	φ	30

⁽a) See note (a) on page 14.

⁽b) Represents loans serviced for PNC and others.

⁽c) Presented as of period end.

⁽d) Represents consolidated PNC amounts.

⁽e) Includes amounts reported in net interest income, corporate service fees and other noninterest income.

⁽f) Includes other noninterest income for valuations on commercial mortgage loans held for sale and related commitments, derivative valuations, origination fees, and gains on sale of loans held for sale and net interest income on loans held for sale.

⁽g) Includes net interest income and noninterest income, primarily in corporate services fees, from loan servicing and ancillary services, net of changes in fair value on commercial mortgage servicing rights due to time and payoffs. Commercial mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge is shown separately.

⁽h) Includes amounts reported in corporate service fees.

Table 21: Asset Management Group (Unaudited) (a)

	Three months ended									Year ended				
		ember 31	Sep	tember 30	June 30	March 31	Dec	cember 31		ember 31		ember 31		
Dollars in millions, except as noted		2016		2016	2016	2016		2015		2016		2015		
Income Statement														
Net interest income	\$	73	\$	74	\$ 76	\$ 77	\$	77	\$	300	\$	292		
Noninterest income		215		220	213	203		211	-	851		869		
Total revenue		288		294	289	280		288		1,151		1,161		
Provision for credit losses (benefit)		(6)		(3)	6	(3)		(2)		(6)		9		
Noninterest expense		207		206	206	206		210	l	825		846		
Pretax earnings		87		91	77	77		80		332		306		
Income taxes		32		33	29	28		29		122		112		
Earnings	\$	55	\$	58	\$ 48	\$ 49	\$	51	\$	210	\$	194		
Average Balance Sheet	==									-				
Loans														
Consumer	\$	5,266	\$	5,350	\$ 5,501	\$ 5,630	\$	5,653	\$	5,436	\$	5,655		
Commercial and commercial real estate		738		721	769	788		817		754		880		
Residential mortgage		1,137		1,069	1,023	1,003		979		1,058		919		
Total loans	\$	7,141	\$	7,140	\$ 7,293	\$ 7,421	\$	7,449	\$	7,248	\$	7,454		
Total assets	\$	7,597	\$	7,588	\$ 7,756	\$ 7,887	\$	7,917	\$	7,707	\$	7,920		
Deposits	· <u>—</u>										_			
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$	1,497	\$	1,426	\$ 1,393	\$ 1,407	\$	1,466	S	1,431	\$	1,272		
Interest-bearing demand		3,844	_	3,845	4,085	4,280		4,199	Ť	4,013		4,144		
Money market		3,682		3,850	4,229	4,758		5,426		4,128		5,161		
Savings		3,113		2,524	2,002	1,563		859		2,303		361		
Other		272		275	279	275		266		275		277		
Total deposits	\$	12,408	\$	11,920	\$11,988	\$ 12,283	\$	12,216	\$	12,150	\$	11,215		
Performance Ratios	==									-				
Return on average assets		2.87%		3.03%	2.48%	2.52%		2.56%		2.72%		2.45%		
Noninterest income to total revenue		75%		75%	74%	73%		73%		74%		75%		
Efficiency		72%		70%	71%	74%		73%		72%		73%		
Other Information														
Nonperforming assets (b)	\$	53	\$	51	\$ 48	\$ 54	\$	53						
Net charge-offs (recoveries)	\$	2	\$	1	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$	(1)	\$	9	\$	13		
Client Assets Under Administration (in billions) (b) (c) (d)														
Discretionary client assets under management	\$	137	\$	138	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$	134						
Nondiscretionary client assets under administration		129		128	126	125		125						
Total	\$	266	\$	266	\$ 261	\$ 260	\$	259						
Discretionary client assets under management														
Personal	\$	85	\$	85	\$ 84	\$ 84	\$	85						
Institutional		52		53	51	51		49						
Total	\$	137	\$	138	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$	134						
Equity	\$	73	\$	73	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$	72						
Fixed income	Ψ	39	Ψ	40	40	40	Ψ	40						
Liquidity/Other		25		25	23	23		22						
Total	\$	137	\$	138	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$	134						
ı Utai	→	137	φ	130	φ 133	φ 133	φ	134						

⁽a) See note (a) on page 14.

⁽b) As of period end.

⁽c) Excludes brokerage account client assets.

⁽d) As a result of certain investment advisory services performed by one of our registered investment advisors, certain assets are reported as both discretionary client assets under management and nondiscretionary client assets under administration. The amount of such assets was approximately \$9 billion, \$9 billion, \$9 billion, \$7 billion, and \$6 billion as of December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Table 22: Residential Mortgage Banking (Unaudited) (a)

				Three	months endea	!					Year e	nded	
	Dece	ember 31	Septe	ember 30	June 30	March 3	31	Dece	mber 31	Dec	ember 31	Dece	ember 31
Dollars in millions, except as noted		2016		2016	2016	2016		2	2015		2016	1	2015
Income Statement							,						,
Net interest income	\$	26	\$	28	\$ 28		25	\$	30	\$	107	\$	121
Noninterest income		183		163	182	10	05		125		633		613
Total revenue		209		191	210	13	30		155		740		734
Provision for credit losses (benefit)		_		_	1		(1)		_		_		2
Noninterest expense		148		170	136	15	52		181	l	606		691
Pretax earnings (loss)		61		21	73	(2	21)		(26)		134		41
Income taxes (benefit)		22		8	27		(8)		(9)		49		15
Earnings (loss)	\$	39	\$	13	\$ 46	\$ (1	13)	\$	(17)	\$	85	\$	26
Average Balance Sheet	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								<u>.</u>				
Loans held for sale	\$	1,058	\$	1,046	\$ 843	\$ 80		\$	949	\$	937	\$	1,107
Loans	\$	946	\$	946	\$ 962	\$ 1,02		\$	1,037	\$	970	\$	1,140
Mortgage servicing rights (MSR)	\$	1,076	\$	842	\$ 903	\$ 99		\$	1,063	\$	954	\$	991
Total assets	\$	5,980	\$	6,160	\$ 5,768	\$ 6,30	06	\$	6,477	\$	6,053	\$	6,840
Total deposits	\$	2,906	\$	2,947	\$ 2,777	\$ 2,33	30	\$	2,469	\$	2,741	\$	2,428
Performance Ratios													
Return on average assets		2.59%		.84%	3.20%		84)%		(1.04)%		1.40%		.38%
Noninterest income to total revenue		88%		85%	87%		81%		81%		86%		84%
Efficiency		71%		89%	65%	1	17%		117%		82%		94%
Residential Mortgage Servicing Portfolio (in billions except where noted) (b)													
Serviced portfolio balance (c)	\$	125	\$	126	\$ 126	\$ 12	25	\$	123				
Portfolio acquisitions	\$	3	\$	5	\$ 6		5	\$	5	\$	19	\$	29
MSR asset value (c)	\$	1.2	\$.8	\$.8		.9	\$	1.1				
MSR capitalization value (in basis points) (c)		94		65	61	(69		86				
Consolidated revenue from: (in millions) (d)										_			
Servicing fees	\$	42	\$	45	\$ 50		55	\$	52	\$	192	\$	178
Mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge	\$	35	\$	30	\$ 35	\$	(8)	\$	6	\$	92	\$	89
Other Information													
Loan origination volume (in billions)	\$	3.0	\$	3.1	\$ 2.6		.9	\$	2.3	\$	10.6	\$	10.5
Loan sale margin percentage		2.79%		3.33%	3.42%		21%		2.91%		3.17%		3.32%
Loan sales revenue (e)	\$	82	\$	103	\$ 95	\$ (64	\$	64	\$	344	\$	342
Percentage of originations represented by:		220/		410/	400/		4007		450/		400/		450/
Purchase volume (f)		33%		41%	48%		40%		45%		40%		45% 55%
Refinance volume	•	67% 51	S	59% 57	52% \$ 65		60% 75	\$	55% 81		60%		33%
Nonperforming assets (c)	<u>3</u>	31	3	31	\$ 63	3	13	D	81	I			

See note (a) on page 14.

⁽b) Represents loans serviced for third parties.

⁽c) As of period end.

⁽d)

As of period end.

Represents consolidated PNC amounts.

Amounts include intercompany loan sales revenue from affiliates that is eliminated in consolidation of \$17 million, \$18 million, \$15 million, \$11 million and \$9 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2016, September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016, March 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, respectively, and \$61 million and \$43 million for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Mortgages with borrowers as part of residential real estate purchase transactions. (e)

Table 23: Non-Strategic Assets Portfolio (Unaudited) (a)

	Three months ended								Year ended			
		ember 31		ember 30	June 30	March 31		ember 31		ember 31		ember 31
Dollars in millions		2016		2016	2016	2016		2015	:	2016	:	2015
Income Statement												
Net interest income	\$	78	\$	72	\$ 73	\$ 75	\$	90	\$	298	\$	392
Noninterest income		8		8	5	22		19		43		53
Total revenue		86		80	78	97		109		341		445
Provision for credit losses (benefit)		(14)		(22)	13	(7)		(53)		(30)		(114)
Noninterest expense		9		16	20	21		10		66		83
Pretax earnings		91		86	45	83		152		305		476
Income taxes		33		32	16	31		56		112		175
Earnings	\$	58	\$	54	\$ 29	\$ 52	\$	96	\$	193	\$	301
Average Balance Sheet												
Loans												
Commercial lending	\$	695	\$	698	\$ 701	\$ 708	\$	722	\$	700	\$	737
Consumer lending												
Home equity		1,764		1,884	2,018	2,144		2,523		1,952		2,774
Residential real estate		2,885		2,999	3,132	3,245		3,565		3,065		3,877
Total consumer lending		4,649		4,883	5,150	5,389		6,088		5,017		6,651
Total loans		5,344		5,581	5,851	6,097		6,810		5,717		7,388
Other assets (b)		(274)		(279)	(312)	(281)		(623)		(265)		(682)
Total assets	\$	5,070	\$	5,302	\$ 5,539	\$ 5,816	\$	6,187	\$	5,452	\$	6,706
Performance Ratios												
Return on average assets		4.54%		4.04%	2.10%	3.63%		6.16%		3.54%		4.49%
Noninterest income to total revenue		9%		10%	6%	23%		17%		13%		12%
Efficiency		10%		20%	26%	22%		9%		19%		19%
Other Information												
Nonperforming assets (c)	\$	410	\$	433	\$ 460	\$ 499	\$	529				
Purchased impaired loans (c) (d)	\$	2,419	\$	2,512	\$ 2,628	\$ 2,737	\$	2,839				
Net charge-offs (recoveries)	\$	(3)	\$	(6)	\$ (2)	\$ 8	\$	4	\$	(3)	\$	(4)
Loans (c)												
Commercial lending	\$	693	\$	693	\$ 696	\$ 703	\$	713				
Consumer lending												
Home equity		1,707		1,826	1,952	2,088		2,203				
Residential real estate		2,824		2,933	3,062	3,190		3,300				
Total consumer lending		4,531		4,759	5,014	5,278		5,503				
Total loans	\$	5,224	\$	5,452	\$ 5,710	\$ 5,981	\$	6,216				

See note (a) on page 14.

Other assets were negative in all periods presented due to the allowance for loan and lease losses. As of period end.

Recorded investment of purchased impaired loans related to acquisitions.

⁽a) (b) (c) (d)

Glossary Of Terms

Accretable net interest (Accretable yield) - The excess of cash flows expected to be collected on a purchased impaired loan over the carrying value of the loan. The accretable net interest is recognized into interest income over the remaining life of the loan using the constant effective yield method.

Adjusted average total assets - Primarily comprised of total average quarterly (or annual) assets plus (less) unrealized losses (gains) on investment securities, less goodwill and certain other intangible assets (net of eligible deferred taxes).

Annualized - Adjusted to reflect a full year of activity.

Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital - Common stock plus related surplus, net of treasury stock, plus retained earnings, plus accumulated other comprehensive income for securities currently and previously held as available for sale, plus accumulated other comprehensive income for pension and other postretirement benefit plans, less goodwill, net of associated deferred tax liabilities, less other disallowed intangibles, net of deferred tax liabilities and plus/less other adjustments.

Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio - Common equity Tier 1 capital divided by period-end risk-weighted assets (as applicable).

Basel III Tier 1 capital - Common equity Tier 1 capital, plus preferred stock, plus certain trust preferred capital securities, plus certain noncontrolling interests that are held by others and plus/less other adjustments.

Basel III Tier 1 capital ratio - Tier 1 capital divided by period-end risk-weighted assets (as applicable).

<u>Basel III Total capital</u> - Tier 1 capital plus qualifying subordinated debt, plus certain trust preferred securities, plus, under the Basel III transitional rules and the standardized approach, the allowance for loan and lease losses included in Tier 2 capital and other.

Basel III Total capital ratio - Total capital divided by period-end risk-weighted assets (as applicable).

Basis point - One hundredth of a percentage point.

Carrying value of purchased impaired loans - The net value on the balance sheet which represents the recorded investment less any valuation allowance.

<u>Cash recoveries</u> - Cash recoveries used in the context of purchased impaired loans represent cash payments for a single purchased impaired loan not included within a pool of loans from customers that exceeded the recorded investment of that loan.

<u>Charge-off</u> - Process of removing a loan or portion of a loan from our balance sheet because it is considered uncollectible. We also record & harge-off when a loan is transferred from portfolio holdings to held for sale by reducing the loan carrying amount to the fair value of the loan, if fair value is less than carrying amount.

Combined loan-to-value ratio (CLTV) - This is the aggregate principal balance(s) of the mortgages on a property divided by its appraised value or purchase price.

Common shareholders' equity to total assets- Common shareholders' equity divided by total assets. Common shareholders' equity equals total shareholders' equity less the liquidation value of preferred stock.

Core net interest income - Core net interest income is total net interest income less purchase accounting accretion.

<u>Credit spread</u> - The difference in yield between debt issues of similar maturity. The excess of yield attributable to credit spread is often used as a measure of relative creditworthiness, with a reduction in the credit spread reflecting an improvement in the borrower's perceived creditworthiness.

Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) - Represents an adjustment to the fair value of our derivatives for our own and counterparties non-performance risk.

Criticized commercial loans – Loans with potential or identified weaknesses based upon internal risk ratings that comply with the regulatory classification definitions of "Special Mention," "Substandard" or "Doubtful."

<u>Derivatives</u> - Financial contracts whose value is derived from changes in publicly traded securities, interest rates, currency exchange rates or market indices. Derivatives cover a wide assortment of financial contracts, including but not limited to forward contracts, futures, options and swaps.

<u>Discretionary client assets under management</u> - Assets over which we have sole or shared investment authority for our customers/clients. We do not include these assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

<u>Duration of equity</u> - An estimate of the rate sensitivity of our economic value of equity. A negative duration of equity is associated with asset sensitivity (i.e., positioned for rising interest rates), while a positive value implies liability sensitivity (i.e., positioned for declining interest rates). For example, if the duration of equity is -1.5 years, the economic value of equity increases by 1.5% for each 100 basis point increase in interest rates.

Earning assets - Assets that generate income, which include: federal funds sold; resale agreements; trading securities; interest-earning deposits with banks; loans held for sale; loans; investment securities; and certain other assets.

Effective duration - A measurement, expressed in years, that, when multiplied by a change in interest rates, would approximate the percentage change in value of and off-balance sheet positions.

Efficiency - Noninterest expense divided by total revenue.

Fair value - The price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

<u>Fee income</u> - When referring to the components of Noninterest income, we use the term fee income to refer to the following categories within Noninterest income: Asset management; Consumer services; Corporate services; Residential mortgage; and Service charges on deposits.

FICO score - A credit bureau-based industry standard score created by Fair Isaac Co. which predicts the likelihood of borrower default. We use FICO scores both in underwriting and assessing credit risk in our consumer lending portfolio. Lower FICO scores indicate likely higher risk of default, while higher FICO scores indicate likely lower risk of default. FICO scores are updated on a periodic basis.

<u>Funds transfer pricing</u> - A management accounting methodology designed to recognize the net interest income effects of sources and uses of funds provided by the assets and liabilities of a business segment. Assets receive a funding charge and liabilities and capital receive a funding credit based on a transfer pricing methodology that incorporates product repricing characteristics, tenor and other factors.

<u>Futures and forward contracts</u> - Contracts in which the buyer agrees to purchase and the seller agrees to deliver a specific financial instrument at a predetermined price or yield. May be settled either in cash or by delivery of the underlying financial instrument.

GAAP - Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Impaired loans - Loans are determined to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that all contractually required payments will not be collected. Impaired loans include commercial nonperforming loans and consumer and commercial TDRs, regardless of nonperforming status. Excluded from impaired loans are nonperforming leases, loans held for sale, loans accounted for under the fair value option, smaller balance homogenous type loans and purchased impaired loans.

Leverage ratio - Tier 1 capital divided by average quarterly adjusted total assets.

<u>LIBOR</u> - Acronym for London InterBank Offered Rate. LIBOR is the average interest rate charged when banks in the London wholesale money market (or interbank market) borrow unsecured funds from each other. LIBOR rates are used as a benchmark for interest rates on a global basis. PNC's product set includes loans priced using LIBOR as a benchmark.

Loan-to-value ratio (LTV) - A calculation of a loan's collateral coverage that is used both in underwriting and assessing credit risk in our lending portfolio. LTV is the sum total of loan obligations secured by collateral divided by the market value of that same collateral. Market values of the collateral are based on an independent valuation of the collateral. For example, a LTV of less than 90% is better secured and has less credit risk than a LTV of greater than or equal to 90%.

Loss given default (LGD) - An estimate of loss, net of recovery based on collateral type, collateral value, loan exposure, and other factors. Each loan has its own LGD. The LGD risk rating measures the percentage of exposure of a specific credit obligation that we expect to lose if default occurs. LGD is net of recovery, through any means, including but not limited to the liquidation of collateral or deficiency judgments rendered from foreclosure or bankruptcy proceedings.

Net interest margin - Annualized taxable-equivalent net interest income divided by average earning assets.

Nonaccretable difference - Contractually required payments receivable on a purchased impaired loan in excess of the cash flows expected to be collected.

Nonaccrual loans - Loans for which we do not accrue interest income. Nonaccrual loans include nonperforming loans, in addition to loans accounted for under fair value option and loans accounted for sale for which full collection of contractual principal and/or interest is not probable.

Nondiscretionary client assets under administration - Assets we hold for our customers/clients in a nondiscretionary, custodial capacity. We do not include these assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Nonperforming assets - Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans and OREO and foreclosed assets, but exclude certain government insured or guaranteed loans for which we expect to collect substantially all principal and interest, loans held for sale, loans accounted for under the fair value option and purchased impaired loans. We do not accrue interest income on assets classified as nonperforming.

Nonperforming loans - Loans accounted for at amortized cost for which we do not accrue interest income. Nonperforming loans include loans to commercial, commercial real estate, equipment lease financing, home equity, residential real estate, credit card and other consumer customers as well as TDRs which have not returned to performing status. Nonperforming loans exclude certain government insured or guaranteed loans for which we expect to collect substantially all principal and interest, loans held for sale, loans accounted for under the fair value option and purchased impaired loans. Nonperforming loans exclude purchased impaired loans as we are currently accreting interest income over the expected life of the loans.

Notional amount - A number of currency units, shares, or other units specified in a derivative contract.

Operating leverage - The period to period dollar or percentage change in total revenue (GAAP basis) less the dollar or percentage change in noninterest expense. A positive variance indicates that revenue growth exceeded expense growth (i.e., positive operating leverage) while a negative variance implies expense growth exceeded revenue growth (i.e., negative operating leverage).

Options - Contracts that grant the purchaser, for a premium payment, the right, but not the obligation, to either purchase or sell the associated financial instrument at a set price during a specified period or at a specified date in the future.

Other real estate owned (OREO) and foreclosed assets - Assets taken in settlement of troubled loans primarily throughdeed-in-lieu of foreclosure or foreclosure. Foreclosed assets include real and personal property, equity interests in corporations, partnerships, and limited liability companies. Excludes certain assets that have a government-guarantee which are classified as other receivables.

Other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) - When the fair value of a security is less than its amortized cost basis, an assessment is performed to determine whether the impairment is other-than-temporary. If we intend to sell the security or more likely than not will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis less any current-period credit loss, an other-than-temporary impairment is considered to have occurred. In such cases, an other-than-temporary impairment is recognized in earnings equal to the entire difference between the investment's amortized cost basis and its fair value at the balance sheet date. Further, if we do not expect to recover the entire amortized cost of the security, an other-than-temporary impairment is considered to have occurred. However for debt securities, if we do not intend to sell the security and it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before its recovery, the other-than-temporary loss is separated into (a) the amount representing the credit loss, and (b) the amount related to all other factors. The other-than-temporary impairment related to credit losses is recognized in earnings while the amount related to all other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income, net of tax.

Parent company liquidity coverage - Liquid assets divided by funding obligations within a two year period.

Pretax earnings - Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interests.

Probability of default (PD) - An internal risk rating that indicates the likelihood that a credit obligor will enter into default status.

<u>Purchase accounting accretion</u> - Accretion of the discounts and premiums on acquired assets and liabilities. The purchase accounting accretion is recognized in net interest income over the weighted-average life of the financial instruments using the constant effective yield method. Accretion for a single purchased impaired loan not included within a pool of loans includes any cash recoveries on that loan received in excess of the recorded investment.

<u>Purchased impaired loans</u> - Acquired loans (or pools of loans) determined to be credit impaired under FASB ASC310-30 (AICPA SOP 03-3). Loans (or pools of loans) are determined to be impaired if there is evidence of credit deterioration since origination and for which it is probable that all contractually required payments will not be collected.

Recorded investment (purchased impaired loans) - The initial investment of a purchased impaired loan plus interest accretion and less any cash payments and writedowns to date. The recorded investment excludes any valuation allowance which is included in our allowance for loan and lease losses.

Recovery - Cash proceeds received on a loan that we had previously charged off. We credit the amount received to the allowance for loan and lease losses.

Residential development loans - Project-specific loans to commercial customers for the construction or development of residential real estate including land, single family homes, condominiums and other residential properties.

Return on average assets - Annualized net income divided by average assets.

Return on average capital - Annualized net income divided by average capital.

Return on average common shareholders' equity- Annualized net income attributable to common shareholders divided by average common shareholders' equity.

<u>Risk-weighted assets</u> - Computed by the assignment of specific risk-weights (as defined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System) to assets and ff-balance sheet instruments

Securitization - The process of legally transforming financial assets into securities.

Servicing rights - An intangible asset or liability created by an obligation to service assets for others. Typical servicing rights include the right to receive a fee for collecting and forwarding payments on loans and related taxes and insurance premiums held in escrow.

<u>Taxable-equivalent interest</u> - The interest income earned on certain assets is completely or partially exempt from Federal income tax. As such, theseax-exempt instruments typically yield lower returns than taxable investments. To provide more meaningful comparisons of yields and margins for all interest-earning assets, we use interest income on a taxable-equivalent basis in calculating average yields and net interest margins by increasing the interest income earned on tax-exempt assets to make it fully equivalent to interest income earned on other taxable investments. This adjustment is not permitted under GAAP on the Consolidated Income Statement.

<u>Total equity</u> - Total shareholders' equity plus noncontrolling interests.

<u>Transitional Basel III common equity</u> – Common equity calculated under Basel III using phased in definitions and deductions applicable to PNC during the applicable presentation period.

Troubled debt restructuring (TDR) - A loan whose terms have been restructured in a manner that grants a concession to a borrower experiencing financial difficulties.

Watchlist - A list of criticized loans, credit exposure or other assets compiled for internal monitoring purposes. We define criticized exposure for this purpose as exposure with an internal risk rating of other assets especially mentioned, substandard, doubtful or loss.

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Yield curve - A graph showing the relationship between the yields on financial instruments or market indices of the same credit quality with different maturities. For example, a "normal" or "positive" yield curve exists when long-term bonds have higher yields than short-term bonds. A "flat" yield curve exists when yields are the same for short-term and long-term bonds. A "steep" yield curve exists when yields on long-term bonds are significantly higher than on short-term bonds. An "inverted" or "negative" yield curve exists when short-term bonds have higher yields than long-term bonds.

Fourth Quarter 2016

Earnings Conference Call January 13, 2017

The PNC Financial Services Group



Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking and Non-GAAP Financial Information



Our earnings conference call presentation is not intended as a full business or financial review and should be viewed in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings and on its corporate website.

The presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are qualified by the factors affecting forward-looking statements identified in the more detailed Cautionary Statement included in the Appendix. We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2015 Form 10-K and our 2016 Form 10-Qs, and in our subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss in this presentation or in our SEC filings. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update those statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance.

In this presentation, we may sometimes include non-GAAP financial information. Non-GAAP financial information includes metrics such as fee income, tangible book value, pretax, pre-provision earnings, core net interest income and return on average tangible common equity, as well as adjusted results and certain information used to review components of reported information. When we do so, we provide GAAP reconciliations for such information. Such reconciliations may be found in our presentation, in these slides, including the Appendix, in other materials on our corporate website, and in our SEC filings. This information supplements our results as reported in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed in isolation from, or as a substitute for, our GAAP results. We believe that this information and the related reconciliations may be useful to investors, analysts, regulators and others to help understand and evaluate our financial results. We may also use annualized, pro forma, estimated or third party numbers for illustrative or comparative purposes only. These may not reflect actual results.

References to our corporate website are to www.pnc.com under "About Us-Investor Relations." Our SEC filings are available both on our corporate website and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. We include web addresses here as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this presentation.

2016 Highlights



- Delivered high quality and consistent results
 - Diverse revenue sources
 - Higher net interest income
 - Higher fee income
 - Grew loans and deposits
 - Stable expenses
 - · CIP savings funded investments in our business
 - Strong credit quality
 - · Energy loans drove higher provision
 - Strong capital return and liquidity positions
- Continued to execute on our strategic priorities to deliver positive operating leverage and create long-term shareholder value

Net Income

\$4.0

Diluted EPS

\$7.30

Tangible Book Value

\$67.41

per common share

Fee income (Non-GAAP) - Refers to noninterest income in the following categories: asset management, consumer services, corporate services, residential
mortgage, and service charges on deposits. See Reconciliation in Appendix

Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP) – See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Balance Sheet: **Grew Loans, Deposits and Securities**



		Cha	ange vs.						
Average balances (three months ended) \$ billions	4Q16	3Q16	4Q15	Highlights					
Commercial lending	\$138.5	\$1.7	\$6.1	 Growth driven by corporate banking and real estate businesses 					
Consumer lending	72.4	0.3	(1.2)	 Growth in auto, residential mortgage, and credit card, partially offset by home equity and education runoff 					
Total loans	\$210.9	\$2.0	\$4.9	Overall loan growth					
Investment securities	\$76.0	\$4.4	\$8.2	• 6% increase over 3Q16					
Deposits	\$257.1	\$4.5	\$10.1	 Seasonally higher commercial deposits and growth in savings products 					
Common shareholders' equity	\$41.8	(\$0.1)	\$0.7	 85% payout ratio for 2016 22.8 million shares repurchased for \$2.0 billion and dividends of \$1.1 billion 					
	12/31/16	9/30/16	12/31/15						
Pro forma fully phased-in Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	10.0%	10.2%	10.0%	Maintained strong capital position					
Tangible book value per common share	\$67.41	\$67.93	\$63.65	 Linked quarter impacted by lower accumulated other comprehensive income 6% increase over 4Q15 					
Return on average assets	1.13%	1.10%	1.12%						

Payout ratio - Refers to amount used to fund common stock dividends and share repurchases as a percentage of net income attributable to diluted common shares
 Pro forma fully phased-in Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio (Non-GAAP) - Estimated ratios calculated based on the standardized approach. See Appendix for additional information.

⁻ Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP) - See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Income Statement: High Quality and Consistent Results



\$ millions	FY16	Change vs. FY15	4Q16	Change vs. 3Q16		Full Year Highlights
Net interest income	\$8,391	\$113	\$2,130	\$35		Higher loans / securities balances and higher loan yields
Fee income	5,647	37	1,449	(26)	•	Increase primarily attributable to consumer services, partially offset by asset management
Other income	1,124	(213)	295	36	٠	Decrease primarily due to lower net Visa activity
Noninterest income	6,771	(176)	1,744	10		
Total revenue	15,162	(63)	3,874	45	•	Continued focus on strategic priorities
Noninterest expense	9,476	13	2,441	47	٠	Well managed expenses
Pretax, pre-provision earnings	5,686	(76)	1,433	(2)		
Provision	433	178	67	(20)	٠	Increase attributable to certain energy related loans
Net income	\$3,985	(\$158)	1,047	\$41		
	FY16	FY15	4Q16	3Q16		
Diluted EPS	\$7.30	\$7.39	\$1.97	\$1.84		
Return on average common equity	8.85%	9.50%	9.31%	8.74%		
Return on tangible common equity	11.32%	12.26%	11.90%	11.17%		

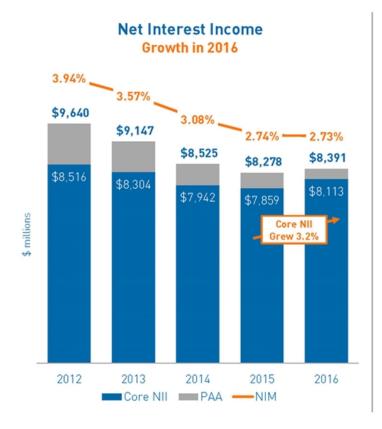
⁻ Visa activity - See Appendix for additional information.

Pretax, pre-provision earnings (Non-GAAP) – See Reconciliation in Appendix.

 Return on average tangible common equity (Non-GAAP) – Annualized net income attributable to common shareholders divided by average tangible common equity. See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Income Statement: Net Interest Income Growth





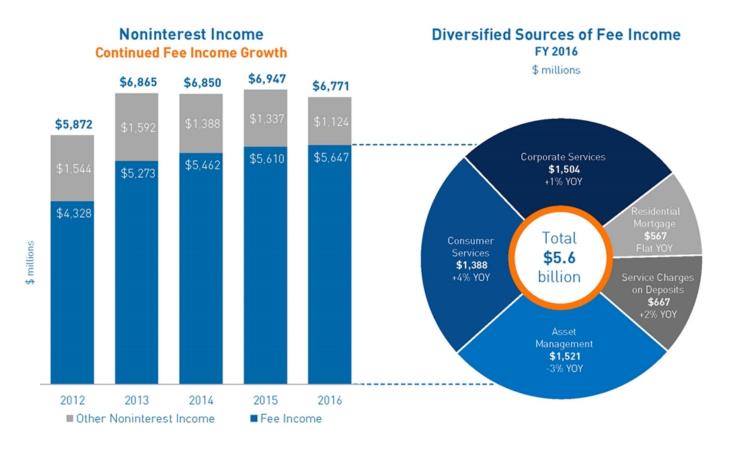
2016 Highlights

- Net interest income (NII) increased, driven by core NII
- Core net interest income
 - Core NII grew \$254 million over 2015, primarily due to higher loan and securities balances and higher loan yields
 - 4Q16 core NII was the highest since 4Q13
- Purchase accounting accretion (PAA) declined \$141 million
 - 2017 PAA expected to decline \$75 million
- Net interest margin (NIM)
 - Stabilized in 2016
 - 4Q16 NIM increased to 2.69% compared to 2.68% in 3Q16

- Core NII (Non-GAAP) - See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Income Statement: Noninterest Income Trends

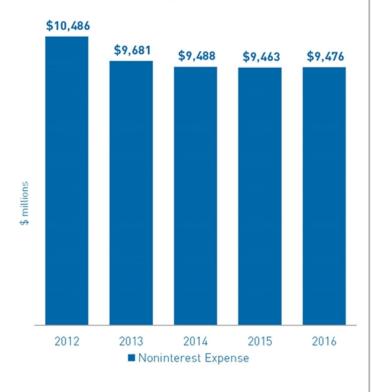




Income Statement: Stable Expenses



Well-Managed Expenses During a Time of Reinvestment and Growth



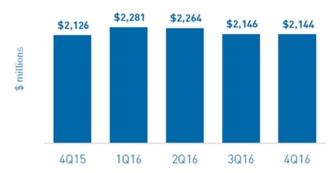
2016 Highlights

- Maintained strong expense discipline while:
 - Investing in technology and business infrastructure
 - Transforming the retail banking experience
 - Growing fee income
- Completed \$400 million 2016 Continuous Improvement Program (CIP)
- 2017 CIP target of \$350 million
 - CIP savings partially fund the significant investments we are making in our business

Credit Quality: Stable Credit Quality











- Annualized Net charge-offs (NCO) to average loans for the three months ended

Outlook: Full Year 2017 Compared to Full Year 2016



Balance Sheet	Loans	Up mid-single digits
Income Statement	Revenue Noninterest expense	Up mid-single digits Up low-single digits

Path to positive operating leverage absent interest rate hikes

Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies.

Outlook: First Quarter 2017 Compared to Fourth Quarter 2016



Balance	•
Shee	t

Income Statement

Net interest income Stable

Fee income Down mid-single digits

Noninterest expense Down low-single digits

Loan loss provision \$75 - \$125 million

Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies.

Appendix: Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information



This presentation includes "snapshot" information about PNC used by way of illustration and is not intended as a full business or financial review. It should not be viewed in isolation but rather in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC fillings.

We also make statements in this presentation, and we may from time to time make other statements, regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe," "plan," "expect," "anticipate," "see," "look," "intend," "outlook," "project," "forecast," "estimate," "goal," "will," "should" and other similar words and expressions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update forward-looking statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance.

Our forward-looking statements are subject to the following principal risks and uncertainties.

- . Our businesses, financial results and balance sheet values are affected by business and economic conditions, including the following:
 - Changes in interest rates and valuations in debt, equity and other financial markets.
 - Disruptions in the U.S. and global financial markets.
 - The impact on financial markets and the economy of any changes in the credit ratings of U.S. Treasury obligations and other U.S.
 government-backed debt, as well as issues surrounding the levels of U.S. and European government debt and concerns regarding the
 creditworthiness of certain sovereign governments, supranationals and financial institutions in Europe.
 - Actions by the Federal Reserve Board, U.S. Treasury and other government agencies, including those that impact money supply and market interest rates.
 - Changes in customers', suppliers' and other counterparties' performance and creditworthiness.
 - Slowing or reversal of the current U.S. economic expansion.
 - Continued residual effects of recessionary conditions and uneven spread of positive impacts of recovery on the economy and our
 counterparties, including adverse impacts on levels of unemployment, loan utilization rates, delinquencies, defaults and counterparty ability
 to meet credit and other obligations.
 - Commodity price volatility.
 - Changes in customer preferences and behavior, whether due to changing business and economic conditions, legislative and regulatory initiatives, or other factors.

Appendix: Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information



- Our forward-looking financial statements are subject to the risk that economic and financial market conditions will be substantially different than those we are currently expecting. These statements are based on our current view that the U.S. economy and the labor market will grow moderately in 2017, boosted by stable oil/energy prices, improving consumer spending and housing activity, and expanded federal fiscal policy stimulus as a result of the 2016 elections. Short-term interest rates and bond yields are expected to continue rising in 2017, along with inflation. These forward-looking statements also do not, unless otherwise indicated, take into account the impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies.
- PNC's ability to take certain capital actions, including paying dividends and any plans to increase common stock dividends, repurchase common stock under current or future programs, or issue or redeem preferred stock or other regulatory capital instruments, is subject to the review of such proposed actions by the Federal Reserve Board as part of PNC's comprehensive capital plan for the applicable period in connection with the Federal Reserve Board's Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review (CCAR) process and to the acceptance of such capital plan and non-objection to such capital actions by the Federal Reserve Board.
- PNC's regulatory capital ratios in the future will depend on, among other things, the company's financial performance, the scope and terms of final capital regulations then in effect (particularly those implementing the international regulatory capital framework developed by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (Basel Committee), the international body responsible for developing global regulatory standards for banking organizations for consideration and adoption by national jurisdictions), and management actions affecting the composition of PNC's balance sheet. In addition, PNC's ability to determine, evaluate and forecast regulatory capital ratios, and to take actions (such as capital distributions) based on actual or forecasted capital ratios, will be dependent at least in part on the development, validation and regulatory approval of related models.
- Legal and regulatory developments could have an impact on our ability to operate our businesses, financial condition, results of operations, competitive position, reputation, or pursuit of attractive acquisition opportunities. Reputational impacts could affect matters such as business generation and retention, liquidity, funding, and ability to attract and retain management. These developments could include:
 - Changes resulting from legislative and regulatory reforms, including major reform of the regulatory oversight structure of the financial services industry and changes to laws and regulations involving tax, pension, bankruptcy, consumer protection, and other industry aspects, and changes in accounting policies and principles. We will be impacted by extensive reforms provided for in the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") and otherwise growing out of the most recent financial crisis, the precise nature, extent and timing of which, and their impact on us, remains uncertain.
 - Changes to regulations governing bank capital and liquidity standards, including due to the Dodd-Frank Act and initiatives of the Basel Committee.
 - Unfavorable resolution of legal proceedings or other claims and regulatory and other governmental investigations or other inquiries. In
 addition to matters relating to PNC's current and historical business and activities, such matters may include proceedings, claims,
 investigations, or inquiries relating to pre-acquisition business and activities of acquired companies, such as National City. These matters
 may result in monetary judgments or settlements or other remedies, including fines, penalties, restitution or alterations in our business
 practices, and in additional expenses and collateral costs, and may cause reputational harm to PNC.

Appendix: Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information



- Results of the regulatory examination and supervision process, including our failure to satisfy requirements of agreements with governmental agencies.
- Impact on business and operating results of any costs associated with obtaining rights in intellectual property claimed by others and of adequacy of our intellectual property protection in general.
- Business and operating results are affected by our ability to identify and effectively manage risks inherent in our businesses, including, where
 appropriate, through effective use of third-party insurance, derivatives, and capital management techniques, and to meet evolving regulatory
 capital and liquidity standards. In particular, our results currently depend on our ability to manage elevated levels of impaired assets.
- Business and operating results also include impacts relating to our equity interest in BlackRock, Inc. and rely to a significant extent on information provided to us by BlackRock. Risks and uncertainties that could affect BlackRock are discussed in more detail by BlackRock in its SEC filings.
- We grow our business in part by acquiring from time to time other financial services companies, financial services assets and related deposits
 and other liabilities. Acquisition risks and uncertainties include those presented by the nature of the business acquired, including in some cases
 those associated with our entry into new businesses or new geographic or other markets and risks resulting from our inexperience in those new
 areas, as well as risks and uncertainties related to the acquisition transactions themselves, regulatory issues, and the integration of the
 acquired businesses into PNC after closing.
- Competition can have an impact on customer acquisition, growth and retention and on credit spreads and product pricing, which can affect
 market share, deposits and revenues. Industry restructuring in the current environment could also impact our business and financial
 performance through changes in counterparty creditworthiness and performance and in the competitive and regulatory landscape. Our ability to
 anticipate and respond to technological changes can also impact our ability to respond to customer needs and meet competitive demands.
- Business and operating results can also be affected by widespread natural and other disasters, pandemics, dislocations, terrorist activities, cyberattacks or international hostilities through impacts on the economy and financial markets generally or on us or our counterparties specifically.

We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2015 Form 10-K and our 2016 Form 10-Qs, including in the Risk Factors and Risk Management sections and the Legal Proceedings and Commitments and Guarantees Notes of the Notes To Consolidated Financial Statements in those reports, and in our subsequent SEC fillings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss elsewhere in this presentation or in our SEC fillings, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and on our corporate website at www.pnc.com/secfilings. We have included these web addresses as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this document.

Any annualized, pro forma, estimated, third party or consensus numbers in this presentation are used for illustrative or comparative purposes only and may not reflect actual results. Any consensus earnings estimates are calculated based on the earnings projections made by analysts who cover that company. The analysts' opinions, estimates or forecasts (and therefore the consensus earnings estimates) are theirs alone, are not those of PNC or its management, and may not reflect PNC's or other company's actual or anticipated results.

Appendix: Basel III Regulatory Capital Ratios



As a result of the staggered effective dates of the final U.S. Basel III regulatory capital rules (Basel III rules), as well as the fact that PNC remains in the parallel run qualification phase for the advanced approaches, PNC's regulatory risk-based capital ratios in 2016 and 2015 are calculated using the standardized approach for determining risk-weighted assets, and the definitions of, and deductions from, regulatory capital under the Basel III rules (as such definitions and deductions are phased-in for 2016 and 2015, respectively). We refer to the capital ratios calculated using the phased-in Basel III provisions in effect for each year and, for the risk-based ratios, standardized approach risk-weighted assets, as Transitional Basel III ratios. Under the standardized approach for determining credit risk-weighted assets, exposures are generally assigned a pre-defined risk weight. Exposures to high volatility commercial real estate, past due exposures, equity exposures and securitization exposures are generally subject to higher risk weights than other types of exposures.

We provide information below regarding PNC's estimated December 31, 2016 and actual September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 Transitional Basel III common equity Tier 1 ratios and PNC's estimated pro forma fully phased-in Basel III common equity Tier 1 ratio. Under the Basel III rules adopted by the U.S. banking agencies, significant common stock investments in unconsolidated financial institutions, mortgage servicing rights and deferred tax assets must be deducted from capital (subject to a phase-in schedule and net of associated deferred tax liabilities) to the extent they individually exceed 10%, or in the aggregate exceed 15%, of the institution's adjusted common equity Tier 1 capital. Also, Basel III regulatory capital includes (subject to a phase-in schedule) accumulated other comprehensive income related to securities currently and previously held as available for sale, as well as pension and other postretirement plans.

Appendix: Non-GAAP Basel III Regulatory Capital Ratios



Transitional Basel III and Pro forma Fully Phased-In Basel III Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratios

	2016 Transitional Basel III		2015 Transitional Basel III	Pro forma Fully Phased-In Basel III (Non-GAAP) (estimated)				
\$ in millions	(estimated) Dec. 31, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 31, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2015		
Common stock, related surplus, and retained earnings, net of treasury stock	\$41,987	\$41,604	\$41,128	\$41,987	\$41,604	\$41,128		
Less regulatory capital adjustments:		1 1 1 1 1						
Goodwill and disallowed intangibles, net of deferred tax liabilities	(8,976)	(8,993)	(8,972)	(9,074)	(9,102)	(9,172)		
Basel III total threshold deductions	(776)	(731)	(470)	(1,452)	(1,218)	(1,294)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (a)	(238)	181	(81)	(396)	302	(201)		
All other adjustments	(142)	(177)	(112)	(150)	(180)	(182)		
Basel III Common equity Tier 1 capital	\$31,855	\$31,884	\$31,493	\$30,915	\$31,406	\$30,279		
Basel III standardized approach risk-weighted assets (b)	\$300,573	\$300,308	295,905	\$308,770	\$308,665	\$303,707		
Basel III advanced approaches risk-weighted assets (c)	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$278,632	\$280,150	\$264,931		
Basel III Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	10.6%	10.6%	10.6%	10.0%	10.2%	10.0%		
Risk-weight and associated rules utilized	Standa (with 2016 adjustn	transition	Standardized (with 2015 transition adjustments)		Standardized			

⁽a) Represents net adjustments related to accumulated other comprehensive income for securities currently and previously held as available for sale, as well as pension and other postretirement plans.

PNC utilizes the proforma fully phased-in Basel III capital ratios to assess its capital position (without the benefit of phase-ins), as these ratios represent the regulatory capital standards that will be ultimately applicable to PNC under the final Basel III rules. Our Basel III capital ratios and estimates may be impacted by additional regulatory guidance or analysis, and, in the case of those ratios calculated using the advanced approaches, may be subject to variability based on the ongoing evolution, validation and regulatory approval of PNC's models that are integral to the calculation of advanced approaches risk-weighted assets as PNC moves through the parallel run approval process

⁽b) Basel III standardized approach risk-weighted assets are based on the Basel III standardized approach rules and include credit and market risk-weighted assets.

⁽c) Basel III advanced approaches risk-weighted assets are based on the Basel III advanced approaches rules, and include credit, market and operational risk-weighted assets. During the parallel run qualification phase PNC has refined the data, models and internal processes used as part of the advanced approaches for determining risk-weighted assets. We anticipate additional refinements through the parallel run qualification phase.



Fee Income

	For the year ended					
\$ in millions	FY16	FY15	% Change	4Q16	3Q16	% Change
Asset management	\$1,521	\$1,567	(3%)	\$399	\$404	(1%)
Consumer services	1,388	1,335	4%	349	348	-
Corporate services	1,504	1,491	1%	387	389	(1%)
Residential mortgage	567	566	-	142	160	(11%)
Service charges on deposits	667	651	2%	172	174	(1%)
Total fee income	\$5,647	\$5,610	1%	\$1,449	\$1,475	(2%)
Other, including net securities gains	1,124	1,337	(16%)	295	259	14%
Total noninterest income, as reported	\$6,771	\$6,947	(3%)	\$1,744	\$1,734	1%



Tangible Book Value per Common Share Ratio

				% Ch	nange
\$ in millions, except per share data	Dec. 31, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2015	12/31/16 vs. 9/30/16	12/31/16 vs. 12/31/15
Book value per common share	\$86.10	\$86.57	\$81.84	-1%	5%
Tangible book value per common share					
Common shareholders' equity	\$41,797	\$42,251	\$41,258		
Goodwill and Other intangible assets	(9,376)	(9,408)	(9,482)		
Deferred tax liabilities on Goodwill and Other intangible assets	304	306	310		
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$32,725	\$33,149	\$32,086		
Period-end common shares outstanding (in millions)	485	488	504		
Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP)	\$67.41	\$67.93	\$63.65	-1%	6%

Tangible book value per common share is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated based on tangible common shareholders' equity divided by period end common shares outstanding. We believe this non-GAAP measure serves as a useful tool to help evaluate the strength and discipline of a company's capital management strategies and as an additional, conservative measure of total company value.



Pretax Pre-Provision Earnings

	For	the year en	ded	For the three months ended				
\$ in millions	FY16	FY15	% Change	4Q16	3Q16	% Change		
Net interest income	\$8,391	\$8,278	1%	\$2,130	\$2,095	2%		
Noninterest income	6,771	6,947	(3%)	1,744	1,734	1%		
Total revenue	\$15,162	\$15,225	-	\$3,874	\$3,829	1%		
Noninterest expense	(9,476)	(9,463)	-	(2,441)	(2,394)	2%		
Pretax pre-provision earnings (Non-GAAP)	\$5,686	\$5,762	(1%)	\$1,433	\$1,435	-		
Net income	\$3,985	\$4,143	(4%)	\$1,047	\$1,006	4%		

We believe that pretax, pre-provision earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure, is useful as a tool to help evaluate the ability to provide for credit costs through operations.



Return on Tangible Common Equity

	For the year ended			For	the three	months ended		
\$ in millions		ec. 31, 2016		ec. 31, 2015		ec. 31, 2016		ept. 30, 2016
Return on average common shareholders' equity		8.85%		9.50%		9.31%		8.74%
Average common shareholders' equity	\$	41,694	\$	40,873	\$	41,833	\$	41,940
Average Goodwill and Other intangible assets		(9,429)		(9,534)		(9,392)		(9,417)
Average deferred tax liabilities on Goodwill and Other intangible assets		307		314		305		307
Average tangible common equity	\$	32,572	\$	31,653	\$	32,746	\$	32,830
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	3,688	\$	3,881	\$	982	\$	924
Net income attributable to common shareholders, if annualized	\$	3,688	\$	3,881	\$	3,896	\$	3,666
Return on average tangible common equity		11.32%		12.26%		11.90%		11.17%

Return on average tangible common equity is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated based on annualized net income attributable to common shareholders divided by tangible common equity. We believe that return on average tangible common equity is useful as a tool to help measure and assess a company's use of common equity.



Core Net Interest Income

	Fc	or the year er	nded	For the three months ended					
\$ in millions	FY16	FY15	% Change	4Q16	3Q16	% Change			
Core net interest income (Non-GAAP)	\$ 8,113	\$ 7,859	3%	\$ 2,064	\$ 2,033	2%			
Purchase accounting accretion	278	419	(34%)	66	62	6%			
Total net interest income	\$ 8,391	\$ 8,278	1%	\$ 2,130	\$ 2,095	2%			

Appendix: Average Total Consumer Lending, Excluding Runoff Portfolios



Average Total Consumer Lending, Excluding Runoff Portfolios

	For the three n	Change	
Average balances \$ in millions	Dec. 31, 2016	Sep. 30, 2016	12/31/16 vs. 9/30/16
Total Consumer Lending	\$72,357	\$72,033	\$324
Less: Runoff portfolios			
Non-strategic Assets segment (a)	\$4,649	\$4,883	(\$234)
Retail Banking segment (b)	\$4,377	\$4,606	(\$229)
Total runoff portfolios	\$9,026	\$9,489	(\$463)
Average Total Consumer Lending, Excluding Runoff Portfolios	\$63,331	\$62,544	\$787

⁽a) Consists of consumer and residential real estate loans within our Non-Strategic Assets segment.

⁽b) Consists of certain discontinued government guaranteed education, indirect other, and residential mortgage portfolios within our Retail Banking segment.

Appendix: Other Noninterest Income: Net Visa Activity Components PNC

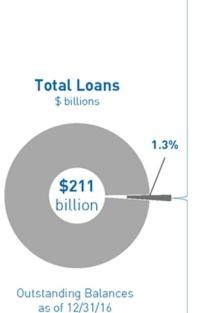
Net Visa Activity

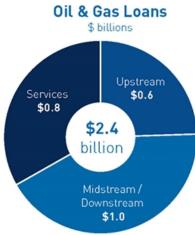
						Fo	or the	three	mont	ths en	ded					
				20	116							20	15			
\$ in millions	De	c. 31	Se	p. 30	Ju	n. 30	Ma	r. 31	De	c. 31	Se	p. 30	Jui	n. 30	Mar	. 31
Gains on Visa Sales	\$	-	\$	-	\$	82	\$	44	\$	47	\$	43	\$	79	\$	-
Derivative Fair Value Adjustments (a)		(20)		(11)		(51)		(12)		(5)		(0)		(0)		2
Net Visa Activity	\$	(20)	\$	(11)	\$	31	\$	32	\$	42	\$	43	\$	79	\$	2

⁽a) Derivative fair value adjustments related to swap agreements with purchasers of Visa Class B common shares in connection with all prior sales; 2Q16 and 4Q16 Visa derivative fair value adjustments were primarily driven by changes in anticipated timing of litigation resolution.

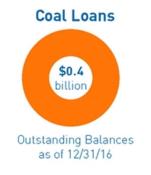
Appendix: Energy Related Loan Portfolio







Oil & Gas Loans	4Q16	3Q16
Reserves	6%	6%
% of outstanding loans criticized	39%	39%
Utilization	31%	32%
Total exposure	\$7.9 billion	\$7.8 billion



Coal Loans	4Q16	3Q16
Reserves	8%	7%
% of outstanding loans criticized	38%	41%
Utilization	46%	46%
Total exposure	\$0.9 billion	\$1.0 billion