
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d)
of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

September 17, 2015
Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Commission File Number 001-09718

Pennsylvania
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

25-1435979
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

One PNC Plaza
249 Fifth Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222-2707
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(412) 762-2000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
-
-

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On September 17, 2015, William S. Demchak, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. (the "Corporation") discussed business performance and strategy at the Barclays Global Financial Services Conference in New York City. This presentation was accompanied by a series of electronic slides that included information pertaining to the financial results and business strategies of the Corporation. A copy of these slides and related material is included in this report as Exhibit 99.1 and is furnished herewith.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits. The exhibit listed on the Exhibit Index accompanying this Form 8-K is furnished herewith.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: September 17, 2015

By: /s/ Gregory Kozich
Gregory H. Kozich
Senior Vice President and Controller

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Method of Filing</u>
99.1	Electronic presentation slides and related material for the Barclays Global Financial Services Conference in New York City on September 17, 2015.	Furnished herewith

The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.

Barclays Global Investor Conference

September 17, 2015



Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information and Adjusted Information

Our presentation is not intended as a full business or financial review and should be viewed in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings and on its corporate website.

The presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are qualified by the factors affecting forward-looking statements identified in the more detailed Cautionary Statement included in the Appendix, which is included in the version of the presentation materials posted on our corporate website, and in our SEC filings. We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2014 Form 10-K and our 2015 Form 10-Qs, and in our subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss in this presentation or in our SEC filings. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update those statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance.

In this presentation, we may sometimes include non-GAAP financial information. Non-GAAP financial information includes metrics such as pre-tax provision earnings, tangible book value, and taxable equivalent net interest income, as well as adjusted results and certain information used to review components of reported information. When we do so, we provide GAAP reconciliations for such information. Such reconciliations may be found in our presentation, in these slides, including the Appendix, in other materials on our corporate website, and in our SEC filings. This information supplements our results as reported in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed in isolation from, or as a substitute for, our GAAP results. We believe that this information and the related reconciliations may be useful to investors, analysts, regulators and others to help understand and evaluate our financial results. We may also use annualized, pro forma, estimated or third party numbers for illustrative or comparative purposes only. These may not reflect actual results.

References to our corporate website are to www.pnc.com under "About Us-Investor Relations." Our SEC filings are available both on our corporate website and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. We include web addresses here as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this presentation.

Agenda

- ▶ Executing our strategic priorities
- ▶ Balance sheet well-positioned for rising rates
- ▶ Focused on revenue/expense relationship
- ▶ Achieving our capital objectives

Significant Progress on our Strategic Priorities

Strategic Priorities Update

Organic growth opportunities

Drive growth in acquired & underpenetrated markets

Corporate Banking and AMG sales⁽¹⁾

- ▶ Southeast +11% CAGR ('12 -'15)

Capture more investable assets

- ▶ Total client investment assets⁽²⁾:
\$306B +6% CAGR (6/30/13 – 6/30/15)

Redefine the Retail Banking business

- ▶ Over 300 branches under universal model
- ▶ Fee income⁽³⁾ +5% CAGR (2Q13 - 2Q15)

Build a stronger Residential Mortgage business

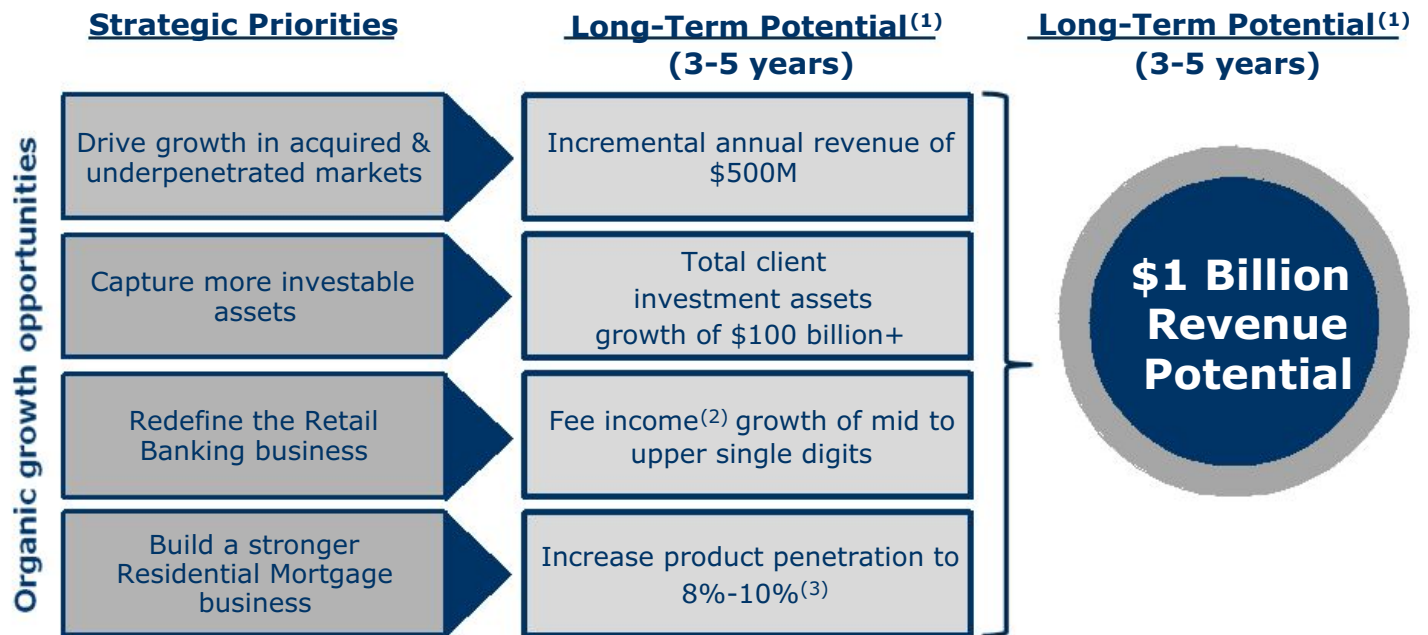
- ▶ Enhanced compliance and operational framework; focused on continuing progress

Bolster infrastructure & streamline processes

- ▶ On track; essentially half-way completed

(1) Southeast markets defined as Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Florida. AMG refers to Asset Management Group. 2015 annualized. (2) Total client assets includes both AMG client assets under administration and brokerage account client assets from Retail Banking Brokerage business. (3) Retail Banking fee income refers to noninterest income in the following categories: service charges on deposits, brokerage, and consumer services. Results for the three months ended June 2013 through three months ended June 2015. See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Achieving Our Long-Term Potential



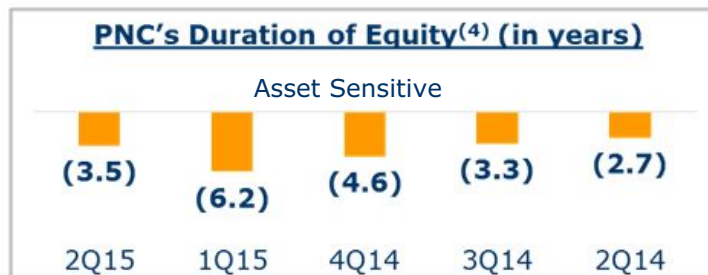
Fee Income Growth of \$158 million 1H14 - 1H15⁽⁴⁾

(1) Refer to Cautionary Statement in Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account the impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies. (2) See Note 3 on slide 4. (3) Residential Mortgage product penetration based on cross-sales to existing Retail Banking households with current penetration of 6.8%. (4) See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Balance Sheet Positioned for Rising Rates

Net Interest Income Sensitivity 2Q15⁽¹⁾

	<u>100 Bps Parallel Increase</u>	
	<u>Year 1⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Year 2⁽³⁾</u>
2Q15 10-Q	1.7%	5.7%



Strategies

- ▶ Grow loans within our risk appetite
- ▶ Maintain strong liquidity position
- ▶ Maintain investment securities portfolio flexibility
- ▶ Maintain strong capital position

(1) Second Quarter 2015 Sensitivity Simulation reflects the interest rate risk exposure on PNC's net interest income. See PNC's 2Q15 Form 10-Q for further details on interest rate exposure and sensitivity. Given the inherent limitations in certain of these measurement tools and techniques, results become less meaningful as interest rates approach zero. (2) Reflects the percentage change in net interest income in first year as a result of gradual 100 bps interest rate increase over following twelve months. (3) Reflects the percentage change in net interest income in second year as a result of gradual 100bps interest rate increase over preceding twelve months. (4) Reflects base case model.

Deposit Growth - Focus on Deepening and Retaining Relationships

Strong Deposit Growth

Total average balances in \$ billions



Retail Banking Highlights

- ▶ Leverage multi-channel programs to reach select customers, drive additional cross-sell and build deeper, more loyal relationships
- ▶ Specialized customer offers growing share of wallet within existing checking accounts

C&IB Highlights

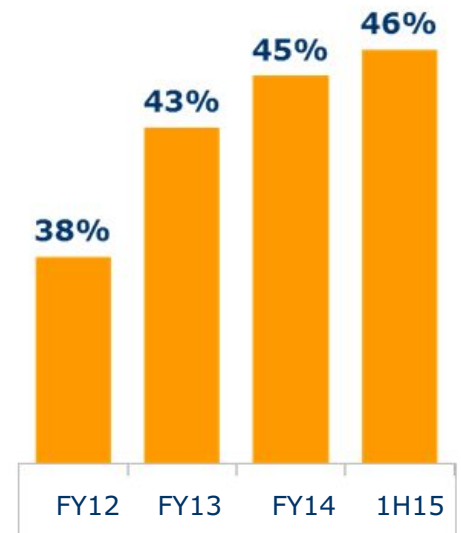
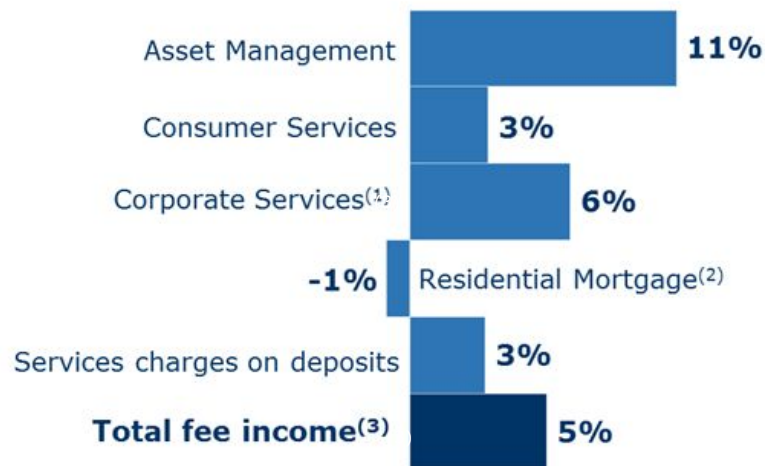
- ▶ Focus on products with more favorable LCR treatment
- ▶ More granular pricing approach
- ▶ Anticipate shift to interest-bearing demand and money market deposits

Executing our Strategies - Focused on Growing Fee Income

Diverse and Strong Fee Income Growth

Higher Percentage of Noninterest Income to Total Revenue

2Q13 - 2Q15 CAGR



(1) Includes net commercial mortgage servicing rights valuation gains. (2) Includes benefit/provision for residential mortgage repurchase obligations. (3) See Reconciliation section of Appendix. Fee income consists of income in the five categories listed above total fee income.

Continued Expense Management While Investing for Future Growth

Managing Expenses⁽¹⁾



Expense Management Opportunities

- ▶ Improve efficiency of branch networks in acquired markets
- ▶ Branch reconfiguration
- ▶ Transaction migration and lower cost alternative channels
- ▶ Lowering costs and focused on efficiencies in mortgage business
- ▶ Increased FY15 CIP⁽³⁾ target by \$100 million to \$500 million

Investing for Future Growth

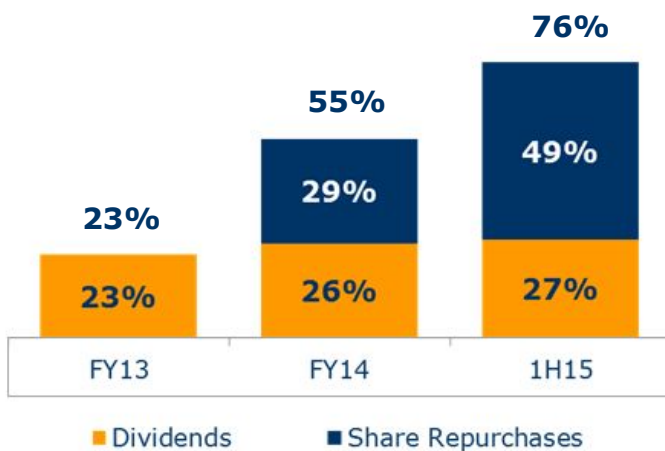
- ▶ Ongoing CIP⁽³⁾ initiatives including cost savings from additional efficiencies should help fund future investments
 - Infrastructure
 - Product and technology
 - Underpenetrated markets

(1) Prior period amounts have been updated to reflect the first quarter 2014 adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-01 related to investments in low income housing tax credits. (2) Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies. (3) CIP refers to PNC's Continuous Improvement Program.

Achieving Our Capital Objectives

Strong Capital Return

Payout Ratio⁽¹⁾



Highlights

- ▶ Strong pro forma fully phased-in Basel III common equity Tier I capital ratio of 10%⁽²⁾
- ▶ Capital priorities:
 - Build capital to support client growth and business investment
 - Maintain appropriate capital in light of economic uncertainty
 - Return excess capital to shareholders, subject to the CCAR process
- ▶ Repurchased 5.9 million common shares for approximately \$0.6 billion in 2Q15 under our capital plan authorization⁽³⁾

(1) Payout ratio refers to amount used to fund common stock dividends and share repurchases as a percentage of net income attributable to diluted common shares. (2) June 30, 2015 ratio. See Transitional Basel III and Pro forma Fully Phased-In Basel III Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratios slides and related information in the Appendix for further details. Calculated on a pro forma basis without the benefit of the Basel III phase-in provisions. (3) Repurchased under our 2015 capital plan authorization of up to \$2.875 billion of common stock over the five quarter period starting in 2Q15 through 2Q16. Ability to purchase full amount is subject to factors such as market and general economic conditions, economic capital and regulatory capital conditions, alternative uses of capital, regulatory and contractual limitations, issuances related to employee benefit plans and the potential impact on credit ratings.

Well-Positioned for the Future

- ▶ Opportunity to grow share in underpenetrated markets and deepen product penetration
- ▶ Continued focus on growing fee income and managing expenses
- ▶ Stronger relative capital position provides opportunity to return more capital to shareholders

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Appendix

This presentation includes "snapshot" information about PNC used by way of illustration and is not intended as a full business or financial review. It should not be viewed in isolation but rather in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings.

We also make statements in this presentation, and we may from time to time make other statements, regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe," "plan," "expect," "anticipate," "see," "look," "intend," "outlook," "project," "forecast," "estimate," "goal," "will," "should" and other similar words and expressions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update forward-looking statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance.

Our forward-looking statements are subject to the following principal risks and uncertainties.

- Our businesses, financial results and balance sheet values are affected by business and economic conditions, including the following:
 - Changes in interest rates and valuations in debt, equity and other financial markets.
 - Disruptions in the U.S. and global financial markets.
 - The impact on financial markets and the economy of any changes in the credit ratings of U.S. Treasury obligations and other U.S. government-backed debt, as well as issues surrounding the levels of U.S. and European government debt and concerns regarding the creditworthiness of certain sovereign governments, supranationals and financial institutions in Europe.
 - Actions by the Federal Reserve, U.S. Treasury and other government agencies, including those that impact money supply and market interest rates.
 - Changes in customers', suppliers' and other counterparties' performance and creditworthiness.
 - Slowing or reversal of the current U.S. economic expansion.
 - Continued residual effects of recessionary conditions and uneven spread of positive impacts of recovery on the economy and our counterparties, including adverse impacts on levels of unemployment, loan utilization rates, delinquencies, defaults and counterparty ability to meet credit and other obligations.
 - Changes in customer preferences and behavior, whether due to changing business and economic conditions, legislative and regulatory initiatives, or other factors.
- Our forward-looking financial statements are subject to the risk that economic and financial market conditions will be substantially different than we are currently expecting. These statements are based on our current view that the U.S. economic expansion will speed up to an above trend growth rate near 3.0 percent in the second half of 2015, boosted by lower oil/energy prices and solid job gains, and that short-term interest rates and bond yields will rise slowly during the remainder 2015. These forward-looking statements also do not, unless otherwise indicated, take into account the impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information (continued)

Appendix

- PNC's ability to take certain capital actions, including paying dividends and any plans to increase common stock dividends, repurchase common stock under current or future programs, or issue or redeem preferred stock or other regulatory capital instruments, is subject to the review of such proposed actions by the Federal Reserve as part of PNC's comprehensive capital plan for the applicable period in connection with the regulators' Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review (CCAR) process and to the acceptance of such capital plan and non-objection to such capital actions by the Federal Reserve.
- PNC's regulatory capital ratios in the future will depend on, among other things, the company's financial performance, the scope and terms of final capital regulations then in effect (particularly those implementing the Basel Capital Accords), and management actions affecting the composition of PNC's balance sheet. In addition, PNC's ability to determine, evaluate and forecast regulatory capital ratios, and to take actions (such as capital distributions) based on actual or forecasted capital ratios, will be dependent at least in part on the development, validation and regulatory approval of related models.
- Legal and regulatory developments could have an impact on our ability to operate our businesses, financial condition, results of operations, competitive position, reputation, or pursuit of attractive acquisition opportunities. Reputational impacts could affect matters such as business generation and retention, liquidity, funding, and ability to attract and retain management. These developments could include:
 - Changes resulting from legislative and regulatory reforms, including major reform of the regulatory oversight structure of the financial services industry and changes to laws and regulations involving tax, pension, bankruptcy, consumer protection, and other industry aspects, and changes in accounting policies and principles. We will be impacted by extensive reforms provided for in the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") and otherwise growing out of the most recent financial crisis, the precise nature, extent and timing of which, and their impact on us, remains uncertain.
 - Changes to regulations governing bank capital and liquidity standards, including due to the Dodd-Frank Act and to Basel-related initiatives.
 - Unfavorable resolution of legal proceedings or other claims and regulatory and other governmental investigations or other inquiries. In addition to matters relating to PNC's current and historical business and activities, such matters may include proceedings, claims, investigations, or inquiries relating to pre-acquisition business and activities of acquired companies, such as National City. These matters may result in monetary judgments or settlements or other remedies, including fines, penalties, restitution or alterations in our business practices, and in additional expenses and collateral costs, and may cause reputational harm to PNC.
 - Results of the regulatory examination and supervision process, including our failure to satisfy requirements of agreements with governmental agencies.
 - Impact on business and operating results of any costs associated with obtaining rights in intellectual property claimed by others and of adequacy of our intellectual property protection in general.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information (continued)

Appendix

- Business and operating results are affected by our ability to identify and effectively manage risks inherent in our businesses, including, where appropriate, through effective use of third-party insurance, derivatives, and capital management techniques, and to meet evolving regulatory capital and liquidity standards. In particular, our results currently depend on our ability to manage elevated levels of impaired assets.
- Business and operating results also include impacts relating to our equity interest in BlackRock, Inc. and rely to a significant extent on information provided to us by BlackRock. Risks and uncertainties that could affect BlackRock are discussed in more detail by BlackRock in its SEC filings.
- We grow our business in part by acquiring from time to time other financial services companies, financial services assets and related deposits and other liabilities. Acquisition risks and uncertainties include those presented by the nature of the business acquired, including in some cases those associated with our entry into new businesses or new geographic or other markets and risks resulting from our inexperience in those new areas, as well as risks and uncertainties related to the acquisition transactions themselves, regulatory issues, and the integration of the acquired businesses into PNC after closing.
- Competition can have an impact on customer acquisition, growth and retention and on credit spreads and product pricing, which can affect market share, deposits and revenues. Industry restructuring in the current environment could also impact our business and financial performance through changes in counterparty creditworthiness and performance and in the competitive and regulatory landscape. Our ability to anticipate and respond to technological changes can also impact our ability to respond to customer needs and meet competitive demands.
- Business and operating results can also be affected by widespread natural and other disasters, pandemics, dislocations, terrorist activities, cyberattacks or international hostilities through impacts on the economy and financial markets generally or on us or our counterparties specifically.

We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2014 Form 10-K and our 2015 Form 10-Qs, including in the Risk Factors and Risk Management sections and the Legal Proceedings and Commitments and Guarantees Notes of the Notes To Consolidated Financial Statements in those reports, and in our subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss elsewhere in this presentation or in our SEC filings, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and on our corporate website at www.pnc.com/secfilings. We have included these web addresses as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this document.

Any annualized, pro forma, estimated, third party or consensus numbers in this presentation are used for illustrative or comparative purposes only and may not reflect actual results. Any consensus earnings estimates are calculated based on the earnings projections made by analysts who cover that company. The analysts' opinions, estimates or forecasts (and therefore the consensus earnings estimates) are theirs alone, are not those of PNC or its management, and may not reflect PNC's or other company's actual or anticipated results.

Transitional Basel III and Pro forma Fully Phased-In Basel III Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratios

Appendix

As a result of the staggered effective dates of the final U.S. Basel III regulatory capital rules (Basel III rules), as well as the fact that PNC remains in the parallel run qualification phase for the advanced approaches, PNC's regulatory risk-based capital ratios in 2015 will be calculated using the standardized approach for determining risk-weighted assets, and the definitions of, and deductions from, regulatory capital under the Basel III rules (as such definitions and deductions are phased-in for 2015). We refer to the capital ratios calculated using the phased-in Basel III provisions in effect for 2015 and the standardized approach risk-weighted assets as the 2015 Transitional Basel III ratios. Under the standardized approach for determining credit risk-weighted assets, exposures are generally assigned a predefined risk weight. Exposures to high volatility commercial real estate, past due exposures, equity exposures and securitization exposures are generally subject to higher risk weights than other types of exposures.

PNC's regulatory risk-based capital ratios in 2014 were based on the definitions of, and deductions from, regulatory capital under the Basel III rules (as such definitions and deductions were phased-in for 2014) and Basel I risk-weighted assets (but subject to certain adjustments as defined by the Basel III rules). We refer to the 2014 capital ratios calculated using these phased-in Basel III provisions and Basel I risk-weighted assets as the 2014 Transitional Basel III ratios.

We provide information on the next slide regarding PNC's estimated 2015 and 2014 Transitional Basel III common equity Tier 1 ratios and PNC's estimated pro forma fully phased-in Basel III common equity Tier 1 ratio. Under the Basel III rules adopted by the U.S. banking agencies, significant common stock investments in unconsolidated financial institutions, mortgage servicing rights and deferred tax assets must be deducted from capital (subject to a phase-in schedule) to the extent they individually exceed 10%, or in the aggregate exceed 15%, of the institution's adjusted common equity Tier 1 capital. Also, Basel III regulatory capital includes (subject to a phase-in schedule) accumulated other comprehensive income related to securities currently and previously held as available for sale, as well as pension and other postretirement plans.

Transitional Basel III and Pro forma Fully Phased-In Basel III Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratios

Dollars in millions

	2015 Transitional Basel III		2014 Transitional Basel III	Pro forma Fully Phased-In Basel III		
	Jun. 30, 2015	Mar. 31, 2015	Jun. 30, 2014	Jun. 30, 2015	Mar. 31, 2015	Jun. 30, 2014
Common stock, related surplus, and retained earnings, net of treasury stock	\$40,688	\$40,374	\$39,380	\$40,688	\$40,374	\$39,380
Less regulatory capital adjustments:						
Goodwill and disallowed intangibles, net of deferred tax liabilities	(8,999)	(9,011)	(8,923)	(9,223)	(9,249)	(9,262)
Basel III total threshold deductions	(430)	(414)	(216)	(1,159)	(1,045)	(1,075)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (a)	22	115	115	53	288	576
All other adjustments	(101)	(112)	(5)	(148)	(150)	(74)
Basel III Common equity Tier 1 capital	\$ 31,180	\$ 30,952	\$ 30,351	\$ 30,211	\$ 30,218	\$ 29,545
Basel I risk-weighted assets calculated in accordance with transition rules (b)	N/A	N/A	\$ 277,126	N/A	N/A	N/A
Basel III standardized approach risk-weighted assets (c)	\$ 293,862	\$ 295,114	N/A	\$ 301,688	\$ 302,784	\$ 295,217
Estimated Basel III advanced approaches risk-weighted assets (d)	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 286,277	\$ 287,293	\$ 290,063
Basel III Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	10.6%	10.5%	11.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Risk-weight and associated rules utilized	Standardized (with 2015 transition adjustments)		Basel I (with 2014 transition adjustments)	Standardized		

(a) Represents net adjustments related to accumulated other comprehensive income for securities currently and previously held as available for sale, as well as pension and other postretirement plans.

(b) Includes credit and market risk-weighted assets.

(c) Basel III standardized approach risk-weighted assets were estimated based on the Basel III standardized approach rules and include credit and market risk-weighted assets.

(d) Basel III advanced approaches risk-weighted assets were estimated based on the Basel III advanced approaches rules, and include credit, market and operational risk-weighted assets.

PNC utilizes the pro forma fully phased-in Basel III capital ratios to assess its capital position (without the benefit of phase-ins), including comparison to similar estimates made by other financial institutions. Our Basel III capital ratios and estimates may be impacted by additional regulatory guidance or analysis, and, in the case of those ratios calculated using the advanced approaches, the ongoing evolution, validation and regulatory approval of PNC's models integral to the calculation of advanced approaches risk-weighted assets.

Non-GAAP to GAAP Reconciliation

Appendix

Retail Banking	For the three months ended		
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2013	CAGR
<i>\$ in millions</i>			
Service charges on deposits	\$148	\$141	
Brokerage	\$71	\$58	
Consumer Services	\$254	\$229	
Total fee income, Retail Banking	<u>\$473</u>	<u>\$428</u>	5%
Other	\$117	\$114	
Total noninterest income, Retail Banking	\$590	\$542	

<i>\$ in millions</i>	For the six months ended	
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2013
Total revenue, as reported	\$7,597	\$8,019
Non-market revenue (a)	<u>\$2,433</u>	<u>\$2,850</u>
Total market revenue	\$5,164	\$5,169
Southeast market revenue	\$548	\$482
Southeast market revenue, as % of total market revenue	11%	9%
Southeast market revenue, as % of total revenue	7%	6%

(a) Non-market revenue is the portion of total revenue derived from businesses or activities that are not tied to particular markets (such as asset and liability management and our BlackRock stake) or that are managed financially on a nationwide basis (most significantly the secured lending businesses in Corporate & Institutional Banking).

Non-GAAP to GAAP Reconciliation

Appendix

<i>\$ in millions</i>	For the six months ended		
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	\$ Change
Asset management	\$792	\$726	
Consumer services	\$645	\$613	
Corporate services	\$713	\$644	
Residential mortgage	\$328	\$343	
Service charges on deposits	<u>\$309</u>	<u>\$303</u>	
Total fee income	\$2,787	\$2,629	\$158
Total other	<u>\$686</u>	<u>\$634</u>	
Total noninterest income, as reported	\$3,473	\$3,263	\$210

<i>\$ in millions</i>	For the three months ended		
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2013	CAGR
Asset management	\$416	\$340	11%
Consumer services	\$334	\$314	3%
Corporate services	\$369	\$326	6%
Residential mortgage	\$164	\$167	-1%
Service charges on deposits	<u>\$156</u>	<u>\$147</u>	<u>3%</u>
Total fee income	\$1,439	\$1,294	5%
Total other	<u>\$375</u>	<u>\$512</u>	-14%
Total noninterest income, as reported	\$1,814	\$1,806	0%