UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

April 16, 2021

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Commission File Number 001-09718

Pennsylvania (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 25-1435979 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

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The Tower at PNC Plaza 300 Fifth Avenue Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222-2401 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(888) 762-2265

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$5.00	PNC	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares Each Representing a 1/4,000 Interest in a Share of Fixed-to-	PNC P	New York Stock Exchange
Floating Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series P		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 16, 2021, The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. ("the Corporation") issued a press release regarding the Corporation's earnings and business results for the first quarter of 2021. In connection therewith, the Corporation provided supplementary financial information on its web site. A copy of the Corporation's supplementary financial information is included in this Report as Exhibit 99.1 and is furnished herewith.

Item 8.01 Other Events

On April 16, 2021, the Corporation held a conference call for investors regarding the Corporation's earnings and business results for the first quarter of 2021. The Corporation provided electronic presentation slides on its web site used in connection with the related investor conference call. Copies of the electronic presentation slides are included in this Report as Exhibit 99.2 and are furnished herewith.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Number	Description
99.1	Financial Supplement (unaudited) for the First Quarter 2021
99.2	Electronic presentation slides for earnings release conference call
104	The cover page of this Current Report on Form 8-K, formatted in Inline XBRL.

Method of Filing Furnished herewith Furnished herewith

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 16, 2021

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC. (Registrant)

Gregory H. Kozich Gregory H. Kozich Senior Vice President and Controller

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By:



FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT FIRST QUARTER 2021 (Unaudited)

THE PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES GROUP, INC. FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT **FIRST QUARTER 2021** (UNAUDITED)

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The information contained in this Financial Supplement is preliminary, unaudited and based on data available on April 16, 2021. We have reclassified certain prior period amounts to be consistent with the current period presentation, which we believe is more meaningful to readers of our consolidated financial statements. This information speaks only as of the particular date or dates included in the schedules. We do not undertake any obligation to, and disclaim any duty to, correct or update any of the information provided in this Financial Supplement. Our future financial performance is subject to risks and uncertainties as described in our United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings.

BUSINESS

PNC is one of the largest diversified financial services companies in the United States (U.S) and is headquartered in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, PNC has businesses engaged in retail banking, including residential mortgage, corporate and institutional banking and asset management, providing many of its products and services nationally. PNC's retail branch network is located primarily in markets across the Mid-Atlantic, Midwest and Southeast. PNC also has strategic international offices in four countries outside the U.S.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On May 15, 2020, PNC completed the sale of its 31.6 million shares of BlackRock, Inc., common and preferred stock through a registered secondary offering. In addition, BlackRock repurchased 2.65 million shares from PNC. The total proceeds from the sale were \$14.2 billion in cash, net of \$0.2 billion in expenses, and resulted in a gain on sale of \$4.3 billion. Additionally, PNC contributed 500,000 BlackRock shares to the PNC Foundation on May 18, 2020. As a result, PNC has divested its entire holding in BlackRock. PNC and its affiliates only hold shares of BlackRock stock in a fiduciary capacity for clients of PNC and its affiliates. Activity for BlackRock for all periods presented on the Consolidated Income Statement have been reclassified to discontinued operations and prior period BlackRock investment balances have been reclassified to the Asset held for sale line on the Consolidated Balance Sheet in accordance with Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) 205-20, Presentation of Financial Statements -Discontinued Operations.

PENDING ACQUISITION OF BBVA USA BANCSHARES, INC.

On November 16, 2020, PNC announced the signing of a definitive agreement with BBVA, S.A. to acquire BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc., a U.S. financial holding company conducting its business operations primarily through its U.S. banking subsidiary, BBVA USA for a fixed purchase price of \$11.6 billion in cash. BBVA USA has over 600 branches in Texas, Alabama, Arizona, California, Florida, Colorado and New Mexico. The transaction is expected to add approximately \$102 billion in total assets, \$86 billion of deposits and \$66 billion of loans to PNC's Consolidated Balance Sheet and to close in mid-2021, subject to customary closing conditions, including receipt of regulatory approvals.

Cross Reference Index to First Quarter 2021 Financial Supplement (Unaudited) Financial Supplement Table Reference

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Table 1: Consolidated Income Statement (Unaudited)

			Three months ended								
	N	March 31	Ι	December 31	S	eptember 30		June 30		March 31	
In millions, except per share data		2021		2020		2020		2020		2020	
Interest Income											
Loans	\$	1,996	\$	2,074	\$	2,116	\$	2,257	\$	2,480	
Investment securities		421		442		490		527		582	
Other		66		60		70		71		138	
Total interest income		2,483		2,576		2,676		2,855		3,200	
Interest Expense											
Deposits		40		53		74		141		375	
Borrowed funds		95		99		118		187		314	
Total interest expense		135		152		192		328		689	
Net interest income		2,348		2,424		2,484		2,527		2,511	
Noninterest Income											
Asset management		226		221		215		199		201	
Consumer services		384		387		390		330		377	
Corporate services		555		650		479		512		526	
Residential mortgage		105		99		137		158		210	
Service charges on deposits		119		134		119		79		168	
Other (a)		483		293		457		271		343	
Total noninterest income		1,872	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,784		1,797		1,549		1,825	
Total revenue		4,220		4,208		4,281		4,076		4,336	
Provision For (Recapture of) Credit Losses		(551)		(254)		52		2,463		914	
Noninterest Expense		(551)		(254)		52		2,405		714	
Personnel		1,477		1,521		1,410		1,373		1,369	
Occupancy		215		215		205		1,373		207	
		213		213		203					
Equipment Marketing		45		290 64		67		301 47		287 58	
5											
Other		544		612		557		595		622	
Total noninterest expense		2,574		2,708		2,531		2,515		2,543	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and noncontrolling interests		2,197		1,754		1,698		(902)		879	
Income taxes (benefit) from continuing operations		371		298		166		(158)		120	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		1,826		1,456		1,532		(744)		759	
Income from discontinued operations before taxes								5,596		181	
Income taxes from discontinued operations								1,197		25	
Net income from discontinued operations								4,399		156	
Net income		1,826		1,456		1,532		3,655		915	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		10		14	_	13		7		7	
Preferred stock dividends (b)		57		48		63		55		63	
Preferred stock discount accretion and redemptions		1		1		1		1		1	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	1,758	\$	1,393	\$	1,455	\$	3,592	\$	844	
Earnings Per Common Share	-	-,,	<u> </u>	-,-,-	<u> </u>	-,	<u>*</u>	-,	<u>+</u>		
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	4.11	\$	3.26	\$	3.40	\$	(1.90)	\$	1.59	
Basic earnings from discontinued operations	φ		Ψ	5120	Ψ	5110	Ψ	10.28	Ψ	0.37	
Total basic earnings	\$	4.11	\$	3.26	\$	3.40	\$	8.40	\$	1.96	
5	\$	4.10	\$	3.26	\$	3.39	\$	(1.90)	\$	1.59	
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations Diluted earnings from discontinued operations	Э	4.10	Э	5.20	ф	5.59	¢	10.28	ф	0.36	
	ф.	4.10	•	2.26	¢	2.20	0		<i>•</i>		
Total diluted earnings	\$	4.10	\$	3.26	\$	3.39	\$	8.40	\$	1.95	
Average Common Shares Outstanding		10.5		12.5		10.0		10.6		100	
Basic		426		425		426		426		429	
Diluted		426		426		426		426		430	
Efficiency		61 %		64 %		59 %		62 %		59	
Noninterest income to total revenue		44 %		42 %		42 %		38 %		42 9	
Effective tax rate from continuing operations (c)		16.9 %		17.0 %)	9.8 %		17.5 %		13.7	

Includes net gains on sales of securities of \$25 million, \$51 million, \$32 million, \$40 million and \$182 million for the quarters ended March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, June 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively. Dividends are payable quarterly other than Series O, Series R and Series S preferred stock, which are payable semiannually, with the Series O payable in different quarters than the Series R and Series S preferred stock. The effective income tax rates are generally lower than the statutory rate due to the relationship of pretax income to tax credits and earnings that are not subject to tax.

(a) (b) (c)

Table 2: Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

In millions, except par value	March 31 2021	December 31 September 30 2020 2020		June 30 2020			March 31 2020		
Assets	 								
Cash and due from banks	\$ 7,455	\$	7,017	\$	6,629	\$	6,338	\$	7,493
Interest-earning deposits with banks (a)	86,161		85,173		70,959		50,233		19,986
Loans held for sale (b)	1,967		1,597		1,787		1,443		1,693
Asset held for sale (c)									8,511
Investment securities – available for sale	96,799		87,358		89,747		97,052		89,077
Investment securities - held to maturity	1,456		1,441		1,438		1,441		1,469
Loans (b)	237,013		241,928		249,279		258,236		264,643
Allowance for loan and lease losses	 (4,714)		(5,361)		(5,751)		(5,928)		(3,944)
Net loans	232,299	_	236,567		243,528		252,308		260,699
Equity investments	6,386		6,052		4,938		4,943		4,694
Mortgage servicing rights	1,680		1,242		1,113		1,067		1,082
Goodwill	9,317		9,233		9,233		9,233		9,233
Other (b)	30,894		30,999		32,445		34,920		41,556
Total assets	\$ 474,414	\$	466,679	\$	461,817	\$	458,978	\$	445,493
Liabilities	 	-		_					
Deposits									
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 120,641	\$	112,637	\$	107,281	\$	99,458	\$	81,614
Interest-bearing	254,426		252,708		247,798		246,539		223,590
Total deposits	 375,067	_	365,345	_	355,079		345,997		305,204
Borrowed funds									
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	1,500		3,500		5,500		8,500		23,491
Bank notes and senior debt	22,139		24,271		26,839		27,704		31,438
Subordinated debt	6,241		6,403		6,465		6,500		6,475
Other (b)	3,150		3,021		3,306		4,322		11,995
Total borrowed funds	 33,030	_	37,195		42,110		47,026		73,399
Allowance for unfunded lending related commitments	507		584		689		662		450
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	11,931		9,514		10,629		12,345		17,150
Total liabilities	 420,535		412,638		408,507		406,030		396,203
Equity	 	_							
Preferred stock (d)									
Common stock - \$5 par value									
Authorized 800 shares, issued 543, 543, 542, 542, and 542 shares	2,713		2,713		2,712		2,712		2,712
Capital surplus	15,879		15,884		15,836		16,284		16,288
Retained earnings	48,113		46,848		45,947		44,986		41,885
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,290		2,770		2,997		3,069		2,518
Common stock held in treasury at cost:118, 119, 118, 117 and 118 shares	(14,146)		(14,205)		(14,216)		(14,128)		(14,140)
Total shareholders' equity	53,849	_	54,010		53,276		52,923		49,263
Noncontrolling interests	30		31		34		25		27
Total equity	 53,879	-	54,041	-	53,310	-	52,948	-	49,290
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 474,414	\$	466,679	\$	461,817	\$	458,978	\$	445,493

Amounts include balances held with the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland of \$85.8 billion, \$84.9 billion, \$70.6 billion, \$50.0 billion and \$19.6 billion as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, June 30, (a)

(b)

Amounts include staticts net with the redeat reserve bank of Cleveland of \$35.5 billion, \$76.5 billion, \$56.5 billion and \$15.5 billion an (c)

(d)

Table 3: Average Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited) (a)

						nths ended					
In millions		March 31	Ι	December 31	Septen		June 30			farch 31	
		2021		2021	20	20	2020			2020	
Assets											
Interest-earning assets:											
Investment securities											
Securities available for sale											
Residential mortgage-backed	¢	45 200	¢	49.026	e	52.215	¢ 6	2 500	¢	40 (2)	
Agency	\$	45,298	\$,	\$	52,215	\$ 5	2,500	\$	49,636	
Non-agency		1,236 6,241		1,337 6,568		1,437 6,927		1,529 7,232		1,61 6,73	
Commercial mortgage-backed Asset-backed		5,304		5,017		5,033		7,232 5,309		5,00	
		22,309		18,783		18,724		5,309 15,457		15,93	
U.S. Treasury and government agencies Other		4,561		4,561		4,723		4,952		4,02	
Total securities available for sale	. <u> </u>	84,949		4,301		4,725		4,932		82,95	
Securities held to maturity		84,949		84,302		89,039		80,979		82,93	
Asset-backed								22		5	
U.S. Treasury and government agencies		797		793		788		783		77	
O.s. Treasury and government agenetes		650		650		655		646		64	
		1,447		1,443		1,443		1,451		1,47	
Total securities held to maturity				85,745							
Total investment securities		86,396		85,745		90,502		88,430		84,42	
Loans		120.000		124.044		120 705	1	52 505		100.70	
Commercial and industrial		129,996		134,944		139,795		53,595		128,72	
Commercial real estate		28,598		28,991		29,081		28,707		28,27	
Equipment lease financing		6,332		6,380		6,771		7,035		7,06	
Consumer		50,904		52,872		54,692		56,485		57,68	
Residential real estate		22,305		22,638		22,753		22,292		21,828	
Total loans		238,135		245,825		253,092		68,114		243,572	
Interest-earning deposits with banks (b)		85,410		76,374		60,327		34,600		17,56	
Other interest-earning assets		7,829		8,134		9,752		10,867		9,46	
Total interest-earning assets		417,770		416,078		413,673		02,011		355,03	
Noninterest-earning assets		50,450	-	48,901	-	48,466		55,302		57,40	
Total assets	\$	468,220	\$	464,979	\$	462,139	\$ 45	7,313	\$	412,436	
Liabilities and Equity											
Interest-bearing liabilities:											
Interest-bearing deposits											
Money market	\$	59,083	\$		\$	63,598			\$	53,287	
Demand		91,619		88,026		87,226		82,881		70,93	
Savings		82,926		79,430		77,479		75,345		69,97	
Time deposits	. <u></u>	18,449		19,448		20,248		21,873		21,14	
Total interest-bearing deposits		252,077		249,525		248,551	2	41,445		215,33	
Borrowed funds											
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings		2,411		4,761		7,196		12,559		13,440	
Bank notes and senior debt		22,799		24,022		25,858		28,298		29,98	
Subordinated debt		5,929		5,936		5,936		5,937		5,93	
Other		4,057		3,433		4,354		6,435		7,82	
Total borrowed funds		35,196		38,152		43,344		53,229		57,18	
Total interest-bearing liabilities		287,273		287,677		291,895	2	94,674		272,52	
Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:											
Noninterest-bearing deposits		113,299		109,878		101,931		93,776		74,39	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		14,258		14,348		15,341		16,989		16,43	
Equity		53,390		53,076		52,972		51,874		49,07	
Total liabilities and equity	\$	468,220	\$	464,979	\$	462,139	\$ 45	7,313	\$	412,436	

(a) Calculated using average daily balances.
 (b) Amounts include average balances held with the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland of \$85.2 billion, \$76.1 billion, \$60.0 billion, \$34.2 billion and \$17.3 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, June 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively.

Table 4: Details of Net Interest Margin (Unaudited)

Table 4: Details of Net Interest Margin (Chaudited)		Three months ended								
	March 31 2021	December 31 2020	September 30 2020	June 30 2020	March 31 2020					
Average yields/rates (a)										
Yield on interest-earning assets										
Investment securities										
Securities available for sale										
Residential mortgage-backed										
Agency	1.72 %	1.81 %	2.03 %	2.29 %	2.63 %					
Non-agency	7.24 %	7.15 %	7.26 %	7.13 %	7.87 %					
Commercial mortgage-backed	2.58 %	2.66 %	2.50 %	2.59 %	2.95 %					
Asset-backed	1.84 %	2.04 %	2.44 %	2.60 %	3.05 %					
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	1.68 %	1.77 %	1.64 %	1.77 %	2.29 %					
Other	3.28 %	3.45 %	3.39 %	3.47 %	3.69 %					
Total securities available for sale	1.95 %	2.05 %	2.16 %	2.39 %	2.77 %					
Securities held to maturity										
Asset-backed				2.38 %	2.77 %					
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	2.83 %	2.88 %	2.86 %	2.84 %	2.84 %					
Other	4.17 %	4.20 %	4.20 %	4.27 %	4.48 %					
Total securities held to maturity	3.43 %	3.47 %	3.47 %	3.47 %	3.56 %					
Total investment securities	1.97 %	2.08 %	2.18 %	2.41 %	2.78 %					
Loans										
Commercial and industrial	2.91 %	2.87 %	2.82 %	2.83 %	3.62 %					
Commercial real estate	2.80 %	2.63 %	2.65 %	2.84 %	3.64 %					
Equipment lease financing	3.90 %	3.90 %	3.80 %	3.82 %	3.93 %					
Consumer	4.78 %	4.74 %	4.69 %	4.86 %	5.38 %					
Residential real estate	3.53 %	3.69 %	3.74 %	3.86 %	3.96 %					
Total loans	3.38 %	3.35 %	3.32 %	3.37 %	4.08 %					
Interest-earning deposits with banks	0.10 %	0.10 %	0.10 %	0.10 %	1.27 %					
Other interest-earning assets	2.34 %	1.99 %	2.23 %	2.26 %	3.51 %					
Total yield on interest-earning assets	2.40 %	2.46 %	2.57 %	2.85 %	3.62 %					
Rate on interest-bearing liabilities										
Interest-bearing deposits										
Money market	0.03 %	0.05 %	0.07 %	0.15 %	0.72 %					
Demand	0.04 %	0.04 %	0.05 %	0.08 %	0.41 %					
Savings	0.06 %	0.08 %	0.11 %	0.31 %	0.79 %					
Time deposits	0.32 %	0.41 %	0.58 %	0.80 %	1.34 %					
Total interest-bearing deposits	0.06 %	0.08 %	0.12 %	0.23 %	0.70 %					
Borrowed funds				0.20 / 0						
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	0.43 %	0.40 %	0.47 %	1.00 %	1.69 %					
Bank notes and senior debt	1.04 %	1.00 %	1.08 %	1.56 %	2.41 %					
Subordinated debt	1.43 %	1.38 %	1.51 %	1.91 %	2.73 %					
Other	1.21 %	1.39 %	1.31 %	0.92 %	1.69 %					
Total borrowed funds	1.09 %	1.02 %	1.06 %	1.39 %	2.18 %					
Total rate on interest-bearing liabilities	0.19 %	0.21 %	0.26 %	0.44 %	1.00 %					
Interest rate spread	2.21 %	2.25 %	2.31 %	2.41 %	2.62 %					
Benefit from use of noninterest bearing sources (b)	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.11	0.22					
C ()	2.27 %	2.32 %	2.39 %	2.52 %	2.84 %					
Net interest margin	2.27%	2.32 %	2.39 %	2.32 %	2.84 %					

(a) Yields and rates are calculated using the applicable annualized interest income or interest expense divided by the applicable average earning assets or interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest margin is the total yield on interestearning assets minus the total rate on interest-bearing liabilities and includes the benefit from use of noninterest-bearing sources. To provide more meaningful comparisons of net interest margins, we use net interest income on a taxable-equivalent basis in calculating average yields used in the calculation of net interest margin by increasing the interest income earned on tax-exempt assets to make it fully equivalent to interest income earned on taxable investments. This adjustment is not permitted under GAAP in the Consolidated Income Statement. The taxable-equivalent adjustments to net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, June 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020 were \$15 million, \$17 million, \$19 million and \$22 million, respectively.

(b) Represents the positive effects of investing noninterest-bearing sources in interest-earning assets.

Table 5: Per Share Related Information (Unaudited)

	Three months ended										
	N	farch 31	D	ecember 31	S	eptember 30		June 30		March 31	
In millions, except per share data		2021	2020		2020		2020			2020	
Basic											
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	1,826	\$	1,456	\$	1,532	\$	(744)	\$	759	
Less:											
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		10		14		13		7		7	
Preferred stock dividends		57		48		63		55		63	
Preferred stock discount accretion and redemptions		1		1		1		1		1	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to common shareholders		1,758		1,393		1,455		(807)		688	
Less: Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to nonvested restricted shares		8		6		8		1		3	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to basic common shareholders	\$	1,750	\$	1,387	\$	1,447	\$	(808)	\$	685	
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to common shareholders							\$	4,399	\$	156	
Less: Undistributed earnings allocated to nonvested restricted shares								21		1	
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to basic common shareholders							\$	4,378	\$	155	
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		426		425		426		426		429	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations (a)	\$	4.11	\$	3.26	\$	3.40	\$	(1.90)	\$	1.59	
Basic earnings per common share from discontinued operations (a)							\$	10.28	\$	0.37	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	4.11	\$	3.26	\$	3.40	\$	8.40	\$	1.96	
Diluted											
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to diluted common shareholder	\$	1,750	\$	1,387	\$	1,447	\$	(808)	\$	685	
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to basic common shareholders							\$	4,378	\$	155	
Less: Impact of earnings per share dilution from discontinued operations								1		1	
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to diluted common shareholders							\$	4,377	\$	154	
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		426	-	425		426		426		429	
Dilutive potential common shares				1						1	
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding		426		426		426		426		430	
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations (a)	\$	4.10	\$	3.26	\$	3.39	\$	(1.90)	\$	1.59	
Diluted earnings per common share from discontinued operations (a)			·				\$	10.28	\$	0.36	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	4.10	\$	3.26	\$	3.39	\$	8.40	\$	1.95	
0.1	+			2.20	-	2.27	-		-		

(a) Dividends are payable quarterly other than the Series O, Series R and Series S preferred stock, which are payable semiannually, with the Series O payable in different quarters than the Series R and Series S preferred stock.

Table 6: Details of Loans (Unaudited)

In millions	arch 31 2021]	December 31 2020	September 30 2020		June 30 2020	March 31 2020
Commercial							
Commercial and industrial							
Retail/wholesale trade	\$ 20,349	\$	20,218	\$ 20,28	7	\$ 21,747 \$	5 24,408
Manufacturing	20,032		20,712	22,55	51	25,590	27,225
Service providers	19,403		19,419	20,26	50	21,347	19,411
Financial services	13,382		14,909	15,00)5	13,596	13,473
Real estate related (a)	13,052		13,369	14,04	0	14,634	14,843
Health care	8,741		8,987	9,30	58	10,109	9,238
Transportation and warehousing	6,751		7,095	7,29	95	7,771	8,160
Other industries	28,088		27,364	28,38	31	29,541	32,373
Total commercial and industrial	 129,798		132,073	137,18	37	144,335	149,131
Commercial real estate	28,319		28,716	29,02	28	28,763	28,544
Equipment lease financing	6,389		6,414	6,47	9	7,097	7,061
Total commercial	164,506		167,203	172,69	94	180,195	184,736
Consumer							
Home equity	23,493		24,088	24,53	39	24,879	25,081
Residential real estate	22,418		22,560	22,88	86	22,469	22,250
Automobile	13,584		14,218	14,97	7	16,157	17,194
Credit card	5,675		6,215	6,30)3	6,575	7,132
Education	2,842		2,946	3,05	51	3,132	3,247
Other consumer	4,495		4,698	4,82	29	4,829	5,003
Total consumer	72,507		74,725	76,58	35	78,041	79,907
Total loans	\$ 237,013	\$	241,928	\$ 249,27	9	\$ 258,236 \$	5 264,643

(a) Represents loans to customers in the real estate and construction industries.

Allowance for Credit Losses (Unaudited)

Table 7: Change in Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

		Three months ended										
		March 31	De	ecember 31 2020	Se	ptember 30 2020		June 30 2020	1	March 31 2020		
Dollars in millions Allowance for loan and lease losses		2021		2020		2020		2020		2020		
Beginning balance	\$	5,361	\$	5,751	\$	5,928	\$	3,944	\$	2,742		
Adoption of ASU 2016-03 (a)	Ģ	5,501	¢	5,751	ф	5,928	ф	3,944	¢	463		
Gross charge-offs:										403		
Commercial and industrial		(59)		(133)		(59)		(112)		(78)		
Commercial real estate		(5)		(133)		(1)		(112)		(78)		
Equipment lease financing		(5)		(1)		(1)		(10)		(5)		
Home equity		(7)		(11)		(12)		(10)		(11)		
Residential real estate		(7)		(11)		(12)		(8)		(11)		
Automobile		(52)		(55)		(57)		(69)		(84)		
Credit card		(69)		(72)		(74)		(76)		(78)		
Education		(5)		(72)		(74)		(70)		(78)		
Other consumer		(3)		(42)								
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(35)		(35)		(40)		
Total gross charge-offs		(243)		(327)		(247)		(314)		(304)		
Recoveries:				22		01		12		10		
Commercial and industrial		14		23		21		13		18		
Commercial real estate		1		3		2		2		4		
Equipment lease financing		3		3		3		2		2		
Home equity		17		17		15		15		14		
Residential real estate		5		4		4		4		4		
Automobile		38		33		31		29		35		
Credit card		12		9		· · · · ·		9		8		
Education		2		2		2		2		2		
Other consumer		5		4		5		4		5		
Total recoveries		97		98		92		78		92		
Net (charge-offs) / recoveries:												
Commercial and industrial		(45)		(110)		(38)		(99)		(60)		
Commercial real estate		(4)		2		1				4		
Equipment lease financing		(2)		(1)		(1)		(8)		(3)		
Home equity		10		6		3		7		3		
Residential real estate		1		(2)		2		4		2		
Automobile		(14)		(22)		(26)		(40)		(49)		
Credit card		(57)		(63)		(65)		(67)		(70)		
Education		(3)		(1)		(1)		(2)		(4)		
Other consumer		(32)		(38)		(30)		(31)		(35)		
Total net (charge-offs)		(146)		(229)		(155)		(236)		(212)		
Provision for (recapture of) credit losses (b)		(502)		(164)		(23)		2,220		952		
Other		1		3		1				(1)		
Ending balance	\$	4,714	\$	5,361	\$	5,751	\$	5,928	\$	3,944		
Supplemental Information												
Net charge-offs												
Commercial net charge-offs	\$	(51)	\$	(109)	\$	(38)	\$	(107)	\$	(59)		
Consumer net charge-offs		(95)	_	(120)		(117)		(129)		(153)		
Total net charge-offs	\$	(146)	\$	(229)	\$	(155)	\$	(236)	\$	(212)		
Net charge-offs to average loans (annualized)		0.25 %		0.37 %		0.24 %		0.35 %		0.35 %		
Commercial		0.13 %		0.25 %		0.09 %		0.23 %		0.14 %		
Consumer		0.53 %		0.63 %		0.60 %		0.66 %		0.77 %		

(a) Represents the impact of adopting ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses on January 1, 2020, and our transition from an incurred loss methodology for our reserves to an expected credit loss methodology. Our 2020 Form 10-K included additional information related to our adoption of the CECL standard.
 (b) See Table 8 for the components of the Provision for (recapture of) credit losses being reported on the Consolidated Income Statement.

Allowance for Credit Losses (Unaudited) (Continued)

Table 8: Components of the Provision for (Recapture of) Credit Losses

		Three months ended									
		March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31					
<u>n millions</u>		2021	2020	2020	2020	2020					
Provision for (recapture of) credit losses	_										
Loans and leases	\$	(502)\$	(164)\$	(23) \$	2,220\$	952					
Unfunded lending related commitments		(77)	(105)	27	212	(47)					
Investment securities		26	11	39	30						
Other financial assets		2	4	9	1	9					
Total provision for (recapture of) credit losses	\$	(551)\$	(254)\$	52 \$	2,463\$	914					

Table 9: Allowance for Credit Losses by Loan Class (a)

		Ma	rch 31, 2021			Dece	mber 31, 202	:0
Dollars in millions	llowance Amount	Т	otal Loans	% of Total Loans	llowance Amount	Т	otal Loans	% of Total Loans
Allowance for loan and lease losses								
Commercial								
Commercial and industrial	\$ 1,815	\$	129,798	1.40 %	\$ 2,300	\$	132,073	1.74 %
Commercial real estate	1,126		28,319	3.98 %	880		28,716	3.06 %
Equipment lease financing	 142		6,389	2.22 %	 157		6,414	2.45 %
Total commercial	3,083		164,506	1.87 %	 3,337		167,203	2.00 %
Consumer				_				
Home equity	239		23,493	1.02 %	313		24,088	1.30 %
Residential real estate	(17)		22,418	(0.08)%	28		22,560	0.12 %
Automobile	344		13,584	2.53 %	379		14,218	2.67 %
Credit card	693		5,675	12.21 %	816		6,215	13.13 %
Education	112		2,842	3.94 %	129		2,946	4.38 %
Other consumer	 260		4,495	5.78 %	 359		4,698	7.64 %
Total consumer	1,631		72,507	2.25 %	 2,024		74,725	2.71 %
Total	4,714	\$	237,013	1.99 %	5,361	\$	241,928	2.22 %
Allowance for unfunded lending related commitments	 507			_	584			-
Allowance for credit losses	\$ 5,221				\$ 5,945			
Supplemental Information								
Allowance for credit losses to total loans				2.20 %				2.46 %
Commercial				2.12 %				2.29 %
Consumer				2.39 %				2.84 %

(a) Excludes allowances for investment securities and other financial assets, which together totaled \$136 million and \$109 million at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Details of Nonperforming Assets (Unaudited)

Table 10: Nonperforming Assets by Type

		March 31	December 31		September 30		June 30	March 31
Dollars in millions		2021	 2020		2020		2020	 2020
Nonperforming loans, including TDRs								
Commercial								
Commercial and industrial								
Retail/wholesale trade	\$	66	\$ 61	\$	90	\$	117	\$ 121
Manufacturing		55	81		80		58	79
Service providers		79	90		69		57	63
Real estate related (a)		48	95		140		158	25
Health care		19	20		20		19	14
Transportation and warehousing		18	20		14		20	23
Other industries		227	299		264		264	169
Total commercial and industrial		512	 666		677		693	 494
Commercial real estate		221	 224		217		43	 42
Equipment lease financing		16	33		21		22	30
Total commercial		749	 923		915		758	 566
Consumer (b)			 					
Home equity		656	645		639		636	617
Residential real estate		541	528		339		305	292
Automobile		178	175		171		156	154
Credit card		7	8		13		15	10
Other consumer		7	7		8		6	5
Total consumer		1,389	 1,363		1,170		1,118	 1,078
Total nonperforming loans (c)		2,138	 2,286	_	2,085	_	1,876	 1,644
OREO and foreclosed assets		41	51		67		79	111
Total nonperforming assets	\$	2,179	\$ 2,337	\$	2,152	\$	1,955	\$ 1,755
Nonperforming loans to total loans		0.90 %	 0.94 %	_	0.84 %	_	0.73 %	 0.62 %
Nonperforming assets to total loans, OREO and foreclosed assets		0.92 %	0.97 %		0.86 %		0.76 %	0.66 %
Nonperforming assets to total assets		0.46 %	0.50 %		0.47 %		0.43 %	0.39 %
Allowance for loan and lease losses to nonperforming loans	_	220 %	235 %		276 %		316 %	240 %

(a) Represents loans related to customers in the real estate and construction industries.

Represents totals related to customers in the real estate and construction industries. Excludes most unsecured consumer loans and lines of credit, which are charged off after 120 to 180 days past due and are not placed on nonperforming status. Nonperforming loans exclude certain government insured or guaranteed loans, loans held for sale and loans accounted for under the fair value option. (a) (b) (c)

Details of Nonperforming Assets (Unaudited) (Continued)

Table 11: Change in Nonperforming Assets

	Jan	uary 1, 2021 -	October 1, 2020 -	July 1, 2020 -	April 1, 2020 -	January 1, 2020 -
In millions	М	arch 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020
Beginning balance	\$	2,337	\$ 2,152	\$ 1,955	\$ 1,755	\$ 1,752
New nonperforming assets		249	586	512	458	391
Charge-offs and valuation adjustments		(70)	(97)	(75)	(104)	(145)
Principal activity, including paydowns and payoffs		(186)	(185)	(175)	(85)	(158)
Asset sales and transfers to loans held for sale		(86)	(14)	(20)	(28)	(20)
Returned to performing status		(65)	 (105)	 (45)	(41)	(65)
Ending balance	\$	2,179	\$ 2,337	\$ 2,152	\$ 1,955	\$ 1,755

Table 12: Largest Individual Nonperforming Assets (a)

<u>March 31, 2021 - Dol</u>	lars in millions		
Ranking		Outstandings	Industry
1	\$	141	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
2		38	Wholesale Trade
3		31	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
4		29	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
5		28	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
6		24	Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction
7		24	Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction
8		22	Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction
9		22	Information
10		20	Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction
Total	\$	379	
As a percent of tot	tal nonperforming assets		17%

(a) Amounts shown are not net of related allowance for loan and lease losses, if applicable.

Accruing Loans Past Due (Unaudited)

Pursuant to the interagency guidance issued in April 2020 and in connection with the credit reporting rules from the U.S. Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), the delinquency status of loans modified due to COVID-19 related hardships are reported as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020 and June 30, 2020 in alignment with the rules set forth for banks to report delinquency status to the credit agencies. These rules require that COVID-19 related loan modifications be reported as follows:

- if current at the time of modification, the loan remains current throughout the modification period,
- if delinquent at the time of modification and the borrower was not made current as part of the modification, the loan maintains its reported as delinquent status during the modification period, or
- if delinquent at the time of modification and the borrower was made current as part of the modification or became current during the modification period, the loan is reported as current.

As a result, certain loans modified due to COVID-19 related hardships are not being reported as past due as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020 and June 30, 2020 based on the contractual terms of the loan, even where borrowers may not be making payments on their loans during the modification period. Our 2020 Form 10-K included, and our first quarter 2021 Form 10-Q will include, additional information on COVID-19 related loan modifications.

Table 13: Accruing Loans Past Due 30 to 59 Days (a)

				Amount						Percen	t of Total Outstand	lings	
	Mar. 31		Dec. 31	Sept. 30	1	Jun. 30	Ma	r. 31	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31
Dollars in millions	2021		2020	2020		2020	2	020	2021	2020	2020	2020	2020
Commercial and industrial	\$ 8) \$	106	\$ 56	\$	49	\$	97	0.06 %	0.08 %	0.04 %	0.03 %	0.07 %
Commercial real estate	12	2	6	6		51		6	0.04 %	0.02 %	0.02 %	0.18 %	0.02 %
Equipment lease financing	2	1	31	7		8		42	0.33 %	0.48 %	0.11 %	0.11 %	0.59 %
Home equity	4	3	50	48		70		65	0.18 %	0.21 %	0.20 %	0.28 %	0.26 %
Residential real estate													
Non government insured	6	1	89	99		135		121	0.27 %	0.39 %	0.43 %	0.60 %	0.54 %
Government insured	10	1	92	89		63		52	0.45 %	0.41 %	0.39 %	0.28 %	0.23 %
Automobile	7	5	134	116		105		177	0.56 %	0.94 %	0.77 %	0.65 %	1.03 %
Credit card	3	1	43	44		53		59	0.55 %	0.69 %	0.70 %	0.81 %	0.83 %
Education													
Non government insured		5	5	6		3		7	0.21 %	0.17 %	0.20 %	0.10 %	0.22 %
Government insured	4	3	50	51		36		45	1.51 %	1.70 %	1.67 %	1.15 %	1.39 %
Other consumer	1	1	14	17		17		17	0.24 %	0.30 %	0.35 %	0.35 %	0.34 %
Total	\$ 48	5 \$	620	\$ 539	\$	590	\$	688	0.20 %	0.26 %	0.22 %	0.23 %	0.26 %

Table 14: Accruing Loans Past Due 60 to 89 Days (a)

					Amount						Percent	of Total Outstand	lings	
	Ma	r. 31	Dec. 31		Sept. 30	J	un. 30	Μ	ar. 31	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31
Dollars in millions	20	021	2020		2020		2020		2020	2021	2020	2020	2020	2020
Commercial and industrial	\$	13	\$ 26	5\$	37	\$	28	\$	22	0.01 %	0.02 %	0.03 %	0.02 %	0.01 %
Commercial real estate		1	1		6		4		1	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.02 %	0.01 %	0.00 %
Equipment lease financing		1	4	5	4		9		2	0.02 %	0.08 %	0.06 %	0.13 %	0.03 %
Home equity		20	21		22		27		28	0.09 %	0.09 %	0.09 %	0.11 %	0.11 %
Residential real estate														
Non government insured		13	16	5	22		34		30	0.06 %	0.07 %	0.10 %	0.15 %	0.13 %
Government insured		60	62	2	58		59		52	0.27 %	0.27 %	0.25 %	0.26 %	0.23 %
Automobile		19	34	ŀ	32		34		49	0.14 %	0.24 %	0.21 %	0.21 %	0.28 %
Credit card		24	30)	33		38		37	0.42 %	0.48 %	0.52 %	0.58 %	0.52 %
Education														
Non government insured		3	2	2	2		2		4	0.11 %	0.07 %	0.07 %	0.06 %	0.12 %
Government insured		22	27	7	24		21		26	0.77 %	0.92 %	0.79 %	0.67 %	0.80 %
Other consumer		6	10)	11		8		10	0.13 %	0.21 %	0.23 %	0.17 %	0.20 %
Total	\$	182	\$ 234	\$	251	\$	264	\$	261	0.08 %	0.10 %	0.10 %	0.10 %	0.10 %

Accruing Loans Past Due (Unaudited) (Continued)

Table 15: Accruing Loans Past Due 90 Days or More (a)

			Amour	ıt						Percent	of Total Outstand	lings	
	 Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 3	0	Jun.	30	Μ	lar. 31	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31
Dollars in millions	2021	2020	2020		202	0		2020	2021	2020	2020	2020	2020
Commercial and industrial	\$ 63	\$ 30	\$	36	\$	34	\$	51	0.05 %	0.02 %	0.03 %	0.02 %	0.03 %
Residential real estate													
Non government insured	17	27	2	28		19		18	0.08 %	0.12 %	0.12 %	0.08 %	0.08 %
Government insured	258	292	24	41	2	245		282	1.15 %	1.29 %	1.05 %	1.09 %	1.27 %
Automobile	6	12		12		19		19	0.04 %	0.08 %	0.08 %	0.12 %	0.11 %
Credit card	52	60	(50		61		70	0.92 %	0.97 %	0.95 %	0.93 %	0.98 %
Education													
Non government insured	2	2		1		1		2	0.07 %	0.07 %	0.03 %	0.03 %	0.06 %
Government insured	74	75	(52		65		82	2.60 %	2.55 %	2.03 %	2.08 %	2.53 %
Other consumer	7	11		8		12		10	0.16 %	0.23 %	0.17 %	0.25 %	0.20 %
Total	\$ 479	\$ 509	\$ 44	48	\$ 4	456	\$	534	 0.20 %	0.21 %	0.18 %	0.18 %	0.20 %

(a) Excludes loans held for sale.

Business Segment Descriptions (Unaudited)

Retail Banking provides deposit, lending, brokerage, insurance services, investment management and cash management products and services to consumer and small business customers. Our customers are serviced through our branch network, ATMs, call centers, online banking and mobile channels. The branch network is located primarily in markets across the Mid-Atlantic, Midwest and Southeast. In 2018, Retail Banking launched its national expansion strategy designed to grow customers with digitally-led banking and a thin branch network in markets outside of our existing retail branch network. Deposit products include checking, savings and money market accounts and certificates of deposit. Lending products include residential mortgages, home equity loans and lines of credit, auto loans, credit cards, education loans and personal and small business loans and lines of credit. The residential mortgage loans are directly originated within our branch network and nationwide, and are typically underwritten to agency and/or third-party standards, and either sold, servicing retained, or held on our balance sheet. Brokerage, investment management and cash management products and services include managed, education, retirement and trust accounts.

Corporate & Institutional Banking provides lending, treasury management, and capital markets-related products and services to mid-sized and large corporations, and government and notfor-profit entities. Lending products include secured and unsecured loans, letters of credit and equipment leases. The Treasury Management business provides payables, receivables, deposit and account services, liquidity and investments, and online and mobile banking products and services to our clients. Capital markets-related products and services include foreign exchange, derivatives, securities underwriting, loan syndications, mergers and acquisitions advisory and equity capital markets advisory related services. We also provide commercial loan servicing and technology solutions for the commercial real estate finance industry. Products and services are provided nationally.

Asset Management Group provides personal wealth management for high net worth and ultra high net worth clients and institutional asset management. The Asset Management group is comprised of three distinct operating units:

- Wealth management provides products and services to individuals and their families including investment and retirement planning, customized investment management, private banking, and trust management and administration for individuals and their families.
- Our Hawthorn unit provides multi-generational family planning including estate, financial, tax planning, fiduciary, investment management and consulting, private banking, personal administrative services, asset custody and customized performance reporting to ultra high net worth clients.
- Institutional asset management provides outsourced chief investment officer, custody, private real estate, cash and fixed income client solutions, and fiduciary retirement advisory services to institutional clients including corporations, healthcare systems, insurance companies, unions, municipalities and non-profits.

Table 16: Period End Employees

•

	March 31 2021	December 31 2020	September 30 2020	June 30 2020	March 31 2020
Full-time employees					
Retail Banking	27,690	27,621	27,808	29,051	28,737
Other full-time employees	22,281	21,928	21,997	21,752	21,776
Total full-time employees	49,971	49,549	49,805	50,803	50,513
Part-time employees					
Retail Banking	1,697	1,611	1,593	1,854	1,780
Other part-time employees	101	97	104	476	129
Total part-time employees	1,798	1,708	1,697	2,330	1,909
Total	51,769	51,257	51,502	53,133	52,422

Table 17: Summary of Business Segment Net Income and Revenue (Unaudited) (a)

					Thre	ee months ended				
		March 31]	December 31	5	September 30		June 30	I	March 31
In millions		2021		2020		2020		2020		2020
Income	_									
Retail Banking	\$	607	\$	336	\$	530	\$	(223)	\$	201
Corporate & Institutional Banking		1,058		992		670		(358)		370
Asset Management Group		99		82		91		28		54
Other		52		32		228		(198)		127
Net income (loss) from continuing operations excluding noncontrolling interest	\$	1,816	\$	1,442	\$	1,519	\$	(751)	\$	752
Revenue										
Retail Banking	\$	2,016	\$	1,853	\$	2,056	\$	1,975	\$	2,244
Corporate & Institutional Banking		1,808		1,913		1,748		1,790		1,660
Asset Management Group		322		316		310		293		292
Other		74		126		167		18		140
Total revenue	\$	4,220	\$	4,208	\$	4,281	\$	4,076	\$	4,336
	_		_		_		_		-	

(a) Our business information is presented based on our internal management reporting practices. Net interest income in business segment results reflects PNC's internal funds transfer pricing methodology. Assets receive a funding charge and liabilities and capital receive a funding credit based on a transfer pricing methodology that incorporates product repricing characteristics, tenor and other factors.

Table 18: Retail Banking (Unaudited) (a)

				Thr	ee months ended			
	 March 31	1	December 31		September 30		June 30	March 31
Dollars in millions	 2021		2020		2020		2020	 2020
Income Statement								
Net interest income	\$ 1,362	\$	1,380	\$	1,383	\$	1,390	\$ 1,456
Noninterest income	 654		473		673		585	 788
Total revenue	2,016		1,853		2,056		1,975	2,244
Provision for (recapture of) credit losses	(257)		(81)		(157)		761	445
Noninterest expense	 1,476		1,482		1,512		1,497	 1,528
Pretax earnings (loss)	797		452		701		(283)	271
Income taxes (benefit)	183		105		162		(63)	62
Noncontrolling interest	7		11		9		3	8
Earnings (loss)	\$ 607	\$	336	\$	530	\$	(223)	\$ 201
Average Balance Sheet								
Loans held for sale	\$ 891	\$	672	\$	700	\$	829	\$ 779
Loans								
Consumer								
Home equity	\$ 21,833	\$	22,366	\$	22,647	\$	22,790	\$ 22,736
Residential real estate	17,468		18,042		18,435		18,244	17,964
Automobile	13,890		14,536		15,573		16,688	17,096
Credit card	5,819		6,218		6,408		6,690	7,207
Education	2,938		3,027		3,119		3,218	3,343
Other consumer	1,898		2,086		2,262		2,454	2,533
Total consumer	 63,846		66,275		68,444		70,084	 70,879
Commercial	13,743		13,391		13,356		13,612	10,524
Total loans	\$ 77,589	\$	79,666	\$	81,800	\$	83,696	\$ 81,403
Total assets	\$ 92,891	\$	94,303	\$	98,731	\$	102,103	\$ 97,062
Deposits								
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$ 44,845	\$	43,818	\$	43,752	\$	39,134	\$ 32,225
Interest-bearing demand	54,269		50,702		49,274		47,339	42,865
Money market	24,198		24,112		23,816		22,942	22,866
Savings	75,180		72,041		70,236		67,947	62,781
Certificates of deposit	9,742		10,156		10,852		11,661	12,233
Total deposits	\$ 208,234	\$	200,829	\$	197,930	\$	189,023	\$ 172,970
Performance Ratios								
Return on average assets	2.65 %		1.41 %		2.13 %)	(0.88)%	0.84 %
Noninterest income to total revenue	32 %		26 %		33 %		30 %	35 %
Efficiency	73 %		80 %		74 %		76 %	68 %
(a) See note (a) on more 14								

(a) See note (a) on page 14.

Retail Banking (Unaudited) (Continued)

					Thre	e months ended		
	1	March 31	D	ecember 31	S	eptember 30	June 30	March 31
Dollars in millions, except as noted		2021		2020		2020	 2020	 2020
Supplemental Noninterest Income Information								
Consumer services	\$	368	\$	369	\$	371	\$ 315	\$ 372
Residential mortgage	\$	105	\$	99	\$	137	\$ 158	\$ 210
Service charges on deposits	\$	119	\$	133	\$	118	\$ 80	\$ 166
Residential Mortgage Information								
Residential mortgage servicing statistics (in billions, except as noted) (a)								
Serviced portfolio balance (b)	\$	117	\$	121	\$	119	\$ 122	\$ 118
Serviced portfolio acquisitions	\$	7	\$	12	\$	8	\$ 11	\$ 2
MSR asset value (b)	\$	1.0	\$	0.7	\$	0.6	\$ 0.6	\$ 0.6
MSR capitalization value (in basis points) (b)		83		56		50	47	51
Servicing income: (in millions)								
Servicing fees, net (c)	\$	5	\$	13	\$	25	\$ 36	\$ 44
Mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge	\$	14	\$	(1)	\$	17	\$ 20	\$ 101
Residential mortgage loan statistics								
Loan origination volume (in billions)	\$	4.3	\$	3.7	\$	4.0	\$ 4.2	\$ 3.2
Loan sale margin percentage		3.28 %)	3.75 %		3.62 %	3.67 %	3.16 %
Percentage of originations represented by:								
Purchase volume (d)		34 %)	45 %		44 %	34 %	36 %
Refinance volume		66 %)	55 %		56 %	66 %	64 %
Other Information (b)								
Customer-related statistics (average)								
Non-teller deposit transactions (e)		66 %)	66 %		67 %	65 %	59 %
Digital consumer customers (f)		79 %)	77 %		75 %	73 %	71 %
Credit-related statistics								
Nonperforming assets	\$	1,229	\$	1,211	\$	1,077	\$ 1,037	\$ 1,011
Net charge-offs - loans and leases	\$	108	\$	136	\$	125	\$ 142	\$ 166
Other statistics								
ATMs		8,874		8,900		9,058	9,058	9,048
Branches (g)		2,137		2,162		2,207	2,256	2,277
Brokerage account client assets (in billions) (h)	\$	61	\$	59	\$	55	\$ 53	\$ 49

(a) Represents mortgage loan servicing balances for third parties and the related income.
(b) Presented as of period end, except for average customer-related statistics and net charge-offs, which are both shown for the three months ended.
(c) Servicing fees net of impact of decrease in MSR value due to passage of time, including the impact from both regularly scheduled loan payments, prepayments, and loans that were paid down or paid off during the period.
(d) Mortgages with borrowers as part of residential real estate purchase transactions.
(e) Percentage of total consumer and business banking deposit transactions processed at an ATM or through our mobile banking application.
(f) Represents consumer checking relationships that process the majority of their transactions through non-teller channels.
(g) Excludes stand-alone mortgage offices and satellite offices (e.g., drive-ups, electronic branches and retirement centers) that provide limited products and/or services.

(g) (h)

Includes cash and money market balances.

Table 19: Corporate & Institutional Banking (Unaudited) (a)

					Thre	ee months ended				
		March 31	Ι	December 31	S	September 30		June 30		March 31
Dollars in millions		2021		2020		2020		2020		2020
Income Statement										
Net interest income	\$	1,001	\$	994	\$	1,025	\$	1,064	\$	966
Noninterest income		807		919		723		726		694
Total revenue		1,808		1,913		1,748		1,790		1,660
Provision for (recapture of) credit losses		(282)		(166)		211		1,585		458
Noninterest expense		711		801		663		670		722
Pretax earnings (loss)		1,379		1,278		874		(465)		480
Income taxes (benefit)		318		282		201		(110)		110
Noncontrolling interest		3		4		3		3		
Earnings (loss)	\$	1,058	\$	992	\$	670	\$	(358)	\$	370
Average Balance Sheet										
Loans held for sale	\$	691	\$	1,039	\$	904	\$	704	\$	395
Loans										
Commercial										
Commercial and industrial	\$	114,944	\$	120,297	\$	125,187	\$	138,992	\$	117,288
Commercial real estate		27,182		27,509		27,511		27,106		26,589
Equipment lease financing		6,332		6,381		6,772		7,036		7,066
Total commercial		148,458		154,187		159,470		173,134		150,943
Consumer		9		10		11		8		9
Total loans	\$	148,467	\$	154,197	\$	159,481	\$	173,142	\$	150,952
Total assets	\$	170,531	\$	177,792	\$	183,266	\$	199,254	\$	172,502
Deposits										
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$	66,666	\$	64,334	\$	56,433	\$	53,157	\$	40,651
Interest-bearing demand		28,118		28,793		29,730		27,674		21,101
Money market		33,182		36,705		38,015		36,595		28,468
Other		8,368		8,928		8,956		9,546		7,868
Total deposits	\$	136,334	\$	138,760	\$	133,134	\$	126,972	\$	98,088
Performance Ratios			_		-		_	,	_	
Return on average assets		2.52 %		2.21 %		1.45 %		(0.72)%		0.87 %
Noninterest income to total revenue		45 %		48 %		41 %		41 %		42 %
Efficiency		39 %		42 %		38 %		37 %		43 %
Other Information		5770		12 70		2070		5770		.5 70
Consolidated revenue from:										
Treasury Management (b)	\$	494	\$	472	\$	452	\$	469	\$	491
Capital Markets (b)	\$	403	\$	530	\$	345	\$	388	\$	344
Commercial mortgage banking activities	Ψ	102	Ψ	550	Ψ	0.10	Ψ	200	Ψ	511
Commercial mortgage loans held for sale (c)	\$	30	\$	45	\$	46	\$	42	\$	29
Commercial mortgage loan servicing income (d)	Ψ	90	Ψ	82	Ψ	76	Ψ	67	Ψ	69
Commercial mortgage revicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge (e)		17		14		16		22		20
Total	\$	137	\$	141	\$	138	\$	131	\$	118
MSR asset value (f)	\$	702	\$	569	\$	515	\$	490	\$	477
Average loans by C&IB business	ψ	702	ψ	507	ψ	515	ψ	470	φ	
Corporate Banking	\$	74,459	\$	76,664	\$	81,617	\$	91,634	\$	78,057
Real Estate	ψ	38,395	ψ	41,427	Ψ	40,592	ψ	42,124	Ψ	37,368
Business Credit		21,552		21,337		21,845		23,943		23,251
Commercial Banking		10,807		11,375		11,770		10,708		7,784
Other		3,254		3,394		3,657		4,733		4,492
Total average loans	\$	148,467	\$	154,197	\$	159,481	\$	173,142	\$	150,952
Credit-related statistics	ф	140,407	φ	154,197	φ	139,401	φ	173,142	φ	150,952
Nonperforming assets (f)	\$	658	\$	827	\$	832	\$	674	\$	508
	\$ \$	658 44	\$ \$	827 99	ծ Տ	832 32	\$ \$	674 99	\$ \$	508
Net charge-offs - loans and leases	<u>s</u>	44	\$	99	э	32	\$	99	\$	

(a) See note (a) on page 14.

(b) Amounts reported in net interest income and noninterest income.

Represents other noninterest income for valuations on commercial mortgage loans held for sale and related commitments, derivative valuations, originations fees, gains on sale of loans held for sale and net interest income on loans held for sale. (c)

(d) Represents net interest income and noninterest income (primarily in corporate service fees) from loan servicing net of reduction in commercial mortgage servicing rights due to amortization expense and payoffs. Commercial mortgage servicing rights valuation, net of economic hedge is shown separately. Amounts are reported in corporate service fees. Presented as of period end.

(e) (f)

Table 20: Asset Management Group (Unaudited) (a)

					Three	months ended				
		March 31	D	ecember 31	S	eptember 30		June 30		March 31
Dollars in millions, except as noted		2021		2020		2020		2020		2020
Income Statement										
Net interest income	\$	93	\$	91	\$	89	\$	89	\$	88
Noninterest income		229		225		221		204		204
Total revenue		322		316		310		293		292
Provision for (recapture of) credit losses		(9)		(2)		(19)		39		3
Noninterest expense		202		211		211		217		219
Pretax earnings		129		107		118		37		70
Income taxes		30		25		27		9		16
Earnings	\$	99	\$	82	\$	91	\$	28	\$	54
Average Balance Sheet										
Loans										
Consumer										
Residential real estate	\$	3,635	\$	3,326	\$	2,976	\$	2,636	\$	2,385
Other consumer		4,008		4,077		4,065		3,975		4,052
Total consumer		7,643		7,403		7,041		6,611		6,437
Commercial		756		774		810		883		856
Total loans	\$	8,399	\$	8,177	\$	7,851	\$	7,494	\$	7,293
Total assets	\$	8,873	\$	8,615	\$	8,361	\$	7,958	\$	7,801
Deposits										
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$	1,754	\$	1,689	\$	1,692	\$	1,421	\$	1,468
Interest-bearing demand		9,104		8,404		8,101		7,742		6,850
Money market		1,520		1,606		1,542		1,597		1,709
Savings		7,747		7,388		7,243		7,398		7,197
Other		454		482		554		722		847
Total deposits	\$	20,579	\$	19,569	\$	19,132	\$	18,880	\$	18,071
Performance Ratios			= ===						:	
Return on average assets		4.52 %	, 0	3.78 %		4.32 %		1.41 %		2.81 %
Noninterest income to total revenue		71 %	ó	71 %		71 %	,	70 %		70 %
Efficiency		63 %	, D	67 %		68 %		74 %		75 %
Other Information										
Nonperforming assets (b)	\$	68	\$	66	\$	39	\$	38	\$	34
Net charge-offs (recoveries) - loans and leases			\$	1	\$	1			\$	(1)
Client Assets Under Administration (in billions) (b) (c)										
Discretionary client assets under management	\$	173	\$	170	\$	158	\$	151	\$	136
Nondiscretionary client assets under administration		161		154		142		138		128
Total	\$	334	\$	324	\$	300	\$	289	\$	264
Discretionary client assets under management										
Personal	\$	110	\$	108	\$	99	\$	94	\$	84
Institutional		63		62		59		57		52
Total	\$	173	\$	170	\$	158	\$	151	\$	136
(a) See note (a) on page 14	<u>.</u>					-			<u> </u>	

(a) See note (a) on page 14.
(b) As of period end.
(c) Excludes brokerage account client assets.

Glossary of Terms

<u>2019 Tailoring Rules</u> – Rules adopted by the federal banking agencies to better tailor the application of their capital, liquidity, and enhanced prudential requirements for banking organizations to the asset size and risk profile (as measured by certain regulatory metrics) of the banking organization. Effective January 1, 2020, the agencies' capital and liquidity rules classify all BHCs with \$100 billion or more in total assets into one of four categories (Category I, Category II, Category II).

Adjusted average total assets - Primarily consisted of total average quarterly (or annual) assets plus/less unrealized losses (gains) on investment securities, less goodwill and certain other intangible assets (net of eligible deferred taxes).

<u>Allowance for credit losses (ACL)</u> – A valuation account that is deducted from or added to the amortized cost basis of the related financial assets to present the net carrying value at the amount expected to be collected on the financial asset.

Amortized cost basis - Amount at which a financial asset is originated or acquired, adjusted for applicable accretion or amortization of premiums, discounts and net deferred fees or costs, collection of cash, charge-offs, foreign exchange and fair value hedge accounting adjustments.

<u>Basel III common equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital (Tailoring Rules</u>) - Common stock plus related surplus, net of treasury stock, plus retained earnings, less goodwill, net of associated deferred tax liabilities, less other disallowed intangibles, net of deferred tax liabilities and plus/less other adjustments. Investments in unconsolidated financial institutions, as well as mortgage servicing rights and deferred tax assets, must then be deducted to the extent such items (net of associated deferred tax liabilities) individually exceed 25% of our adjusted Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital.

Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio - Common equity Tier 1 capital divided by period-end risk-weighted assets (as applicable).

Basel III Tier 1 capital - Common equity Tier 1 capital, plus qualifying preferred stock, plus certain trust preferred capital securities, plus certain noncontrolling interests that are held by others and plus/less other adjustments.

Basel III Tier 1 capital ratio - Tier 1 capital divided by period-end risk-weighted assets (as applicable).

Basel III Total capital - Tier 1 capital plus qualifying subordinated debt, plus certain trust preferred securities, plus, under the Basel III transitional rules and the standardized approach, the allowance for loan and lease losses included in Tier 2 capital and other.

Basel III Total capital ratio - Basel III Total capital divided by period-end risk-weighted assets (as applicable).

BBVA - BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc.

BBVA, S.A. - Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A.

BBVA USA – BBVA USA, the Alabama-chartered bank subsidiary of BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc.

BlackRock - BlackRock, Inc.

<u>Charge-off</u> - Process of removing a loan or portion of a loan from our balance sheet because it is considered uncollectible. We also record a charge-off when a loan is transferred from portfolio holdings to held for sale by reducing the loan carrying amount to the fair value of the loan, if fair value is less than carrying amount.

Common shareholders' equity - Total shareholders' equity less the liquidation value of preferred stock.

Credit valuation adjustment - Represents an adjustment to the fair value of our derivatives for our own and counterparties' non-performance risk.

<u>Criticized commercial loans</u> - Loans with potential or identified weaknesses based upon internal risk ratings that comply with the regulatory classification definitions of "Special Mention," "Substandard" or "Doubtful."

Current Expected Credit Loss (CECL) - Methodology for estimating the allowance for credit losses on in-scope financial assets held at amortized cost and unfunded lending related commitments which uses a combination of expected losses over a reasonable and supportable forecast period, a reversion period and long run average credit losses for their estimated contractual term.

Discretionary client assets under management - Assets over which we have sole or shared investment authority for our customers/clients. We do not include these assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Earning assets - Assets that generate income, which include: interest-earning deposits with banks; loans held for sale; loans; investment securities; and certain other assets.

Effective duration - A measurement, expressed in years, that, when multiplied by a change in interest rates, would approximate the percentage change in value of on- and offbalance sheet positions.

Efficiency - Noninterest expense divided by total revenue.

Fair value - The price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Fee income - Refers to the following categories within Noninterest income: Asset management; Consumer services; Corporate services; Residential mortgage; and Service charges on deposits.

FICO score - A credit bureau-based industry standard score created by Fair Isaac Co. which predicts the likelihood of borrower default. We use FICO scores both in underwriting and assessing credit risk in our consumer lending portfolio. Lower FICO scores indicate likely higher risk of default, while higher FICO scores indicate likely lower risk of default. FICO scores are updated on a periodic basis.

GAAP - Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Leverage ratio - Basel III Tier 1 capital divided by average quarterly adjusted total assets.

Nondiscretionary client assets under administration - Assets we hold for our customers/clients in a nondiscretionary, custodial capacity. We do not include these assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Nonperforming assets - Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans, OREO and foreclosed assets. We do not accrue interest income on assets classified as nonperforming.

Nonperforming loans - Loans accounted for at amortized cost whose credit quality has deteriorated to the extent that full collection of contractual principal and interest is not probable, including TDRs which have not returned to performing status. Interest income is not recognized on nonperforming loans. Nonperforming loans exclude certain government insured or guaranteed loans for which we expect to collect substantially all principal and interest, loans held for sale and loans accounted for under the fair value option.

Operating leverage - The period to period dollar or percentage change in total revenue less the dollar or percentage change in noninterest expense. A positive variance indicates that revenue growth exceeded expense growth (*i.e.*, positive operating leverage) while a negative variance implies expense growth exceeded revenue growth (*i.e.*, negative operating leverage).

Other real estate owned (OREO) and foreclosed assets - Assets taken in settlement of troubled loans primarily through deed-in-lieu of foreclosure or foreclosure. Foreclosed assets include real and personal property. Certain assets that have a government-guarantee which are classified as other receivables are excluded.

Purchased credit deteriorated assets (PCD) - Acquired loans or debt securities that, at acquisition, are determined to have experienced a more-than-insignificant deterioration in credit quality since origination or issuance.

<u>Risk-weighted assets</u> - Computed by the assignment of specific risk-weights (as defined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System) to assets and off-balance sheet instruments.

Servicing rights - Intangible assets or liabilities created by an obligation to service assets for others. Typical servicing rights include the right to receive a fee for collecting and forwarding payments on loans and related taxes and insurance premiums held in escrow.

Supplementary leverage ratio - Basel III Tier 1 capital divided by Supplementary leverage exposure.

<u>Taxable-equivalent interest income</u> - The interest income earned on certain assets that is completely or partially exempt from federal income tax. These tax-exempt instruments typically yield lower returns than taxable investments. To provide more meaningful comparisons of yields and margins for all interest-earning assets, we use interest income on a taxable-equivalent basis in calculating average yields and net interest margins by increasing the interest income earned on tax-exempt assets to make it fully equivalent to

interest income earned on other taxable investments. This adjustment is not permitted under GAAP on the Consolidated Income Statement.

Troubled debt restructuring (TDR) - A loan whose terms have been restructured in a manner that grants a concession to a borrower experiencing financial difficulties.

Unfunded lending related commitments - Standby letters of credit, financial guarantees, commitments to extend credit and similar unfunded obligations that are not unilaterally, unconditionally, cancelable at PNC's option.

<u>Vield curve</u> - A graph showing the relationship between the yields on financial instruments or market indices of the same credit quality with different maturities. For example, a "normal" or "positive" yield curve exists when long-term bonds have higher yields than short-term bonds. A "flat" yield curve exists when yields are the same for short-term and long-term bonds. A "steep" yield curve exists when yields on long-term bonds are significantly higher than on short-term bonds. An "inverted" or "negative" yield curve exists when yields than long-term bonds.

Exhibit 99.2

First Quarter 2021 Earnings Conference Call April 16, 2021

The PNC Financial Services Group

PNC

PNC

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking and Non-GAAP Financial Information

Our earnings conference call presentation is not intended as a full business or financial review and should be viewed in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings and on our corporate website.

The presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, tax rates, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are qualified by the factors affecting forward-looking statements identified in the more detailed Cautionary Statement included in the Appendix. We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2020 Form 10-K and our other subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to risks and uncertainties including those we may discuss in this presentation or in our SEC filings. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements in this presentation. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update those statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance. As a result, we caution against placing undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

We include non-GAAP financial information in this presentation. Non-GAAP financial information includes financial metrics such as fee income, tangible book value, pretax, pre-provision earnings, net interest margin and return on tangible common equity. Reconciliations for such financial information may be found in our presentation, in these slides, including the Appendix, in other materials on our corporate website, and in our SEC filings. This information supplements our results as reported in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed in isolation from, or as a substitute for, our GAAP results. We believe that this information and the related reconciliations may be useful to investors, analysts, regulators and others to help understand and evaluate our financial results, and with respect to adjusted metrics, because we believe they better reflect the ongoing financial results and trends of our businesses and increase comparability of period-to-period results. We may also use annualized, pro forma, estimated or third party numbers for illustrative or comparative purposes only. These may not reflect actual results.

References to our corporate website are to www.pnc.com under "About Us - Investor Relations." Our SEC filings are available both on our corporate website and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. We include web addresses here as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this presentation.

First Quarter 2021 Highlights

- Solid financial performance:
 - Generated linked quarter positive operating leverage
 - Large provision recapture due to improving economic outlook
 - Robust deposit growth; loans remained challenged
 - Maintained strong capital and liquidity position
- Continued solid progress toward closing and integration of BBVA USA transaction
- Launched Low Cash Mode[™] solution to help Virtual Wallet[®] customers avoid overdraft fees



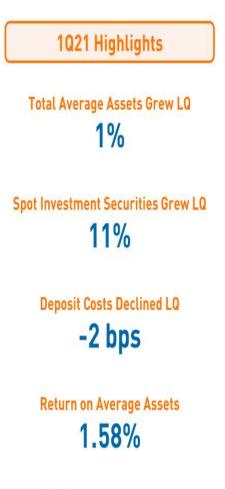
Net Income \$1.8 billion Diluted Earnings Per Share \$4.10 Loan to Deposit Ratio 63% Linked Quarter Operating Leverage 5.2% CET1 Ratio 12.6%

- Basel III common equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital ratio - March 31, 2021 ratio is estimated. Details of the calculation are presented in the capital table in the financial highlights.

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Balance Sheet: Well-Positioned with Record Capital and Liquidity

		1Q21 vs	5. 4Q20	1Q21 vs. 1Q20		
Average balances, \$ billions	1Q21	\$ Chg.	% Chg.	\$ Chg.	% Chg.	
Commercial	\$164.9	(\$5.4)	(3%)	\$0.8	1%	
Consumer	\$73.2	(\$2.3)	(3%)	(\$6.3)	(8%)	
Total loans	\$238.1	(\$7.7)	(3%)	(\$5.5)	(2%)	
Investment securities	\$86.4	\$0.7	1%	\$2.0	2%	
Federal Reserve Bank balances	\$85.2	\$9.1	12%	<mark>\$67.</mark> 9	392%	
Deposits	\$365.4	\$6.0	2%	\$75.7	26%	
Borrowed funds	\$35.2	(\$3.0)	(8%)	(\$22.0)	(38%)	
Common shareholders' equity	\$49.8	\$0.3	1%	\$4.8	11%	
	1Q21	4Q20	Chg.	1Q20	Chg.	
Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	12.6%	12.2%	0.4%	9.4%	3.2%	
Tangible book value per common share	\$96.57	\$97.43	(1%)	\$84.93	14%	

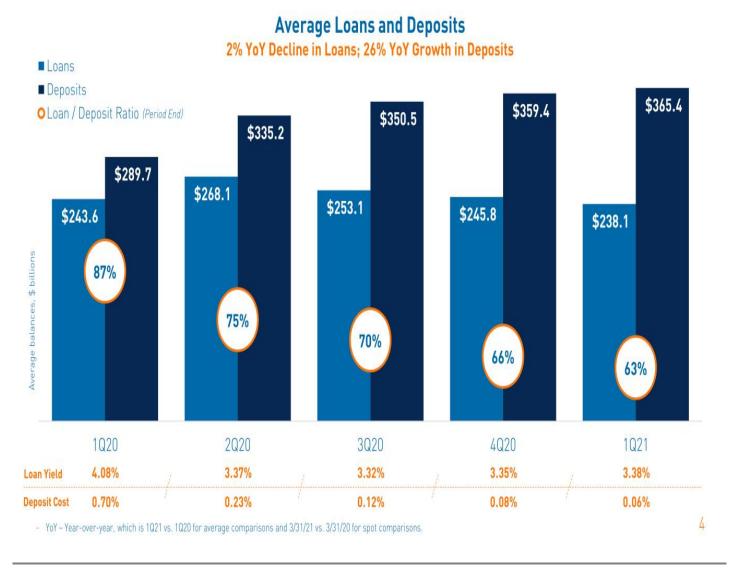


Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio – March 31, 2021 ratio is estimated. Details of the calculation are presented in the capital table in the financial highlights.
 Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP) – See reconciliation in appendix.
 LQ – Linked Quarter, which is 1Q21 vs. 4Q20 for average comparisons and 3/31/21 vs. 12/31/20 for spot comparisons.

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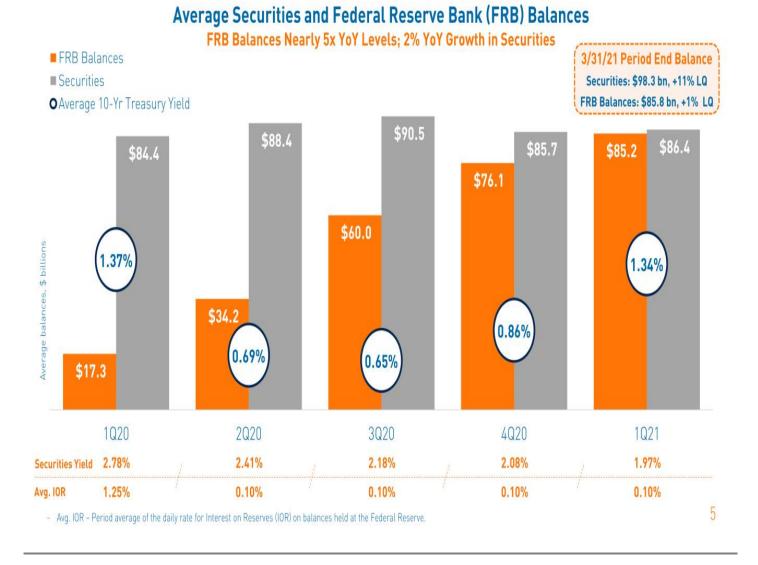
Balance Sheet: Continued Deposit Growth Increasing Liquidity



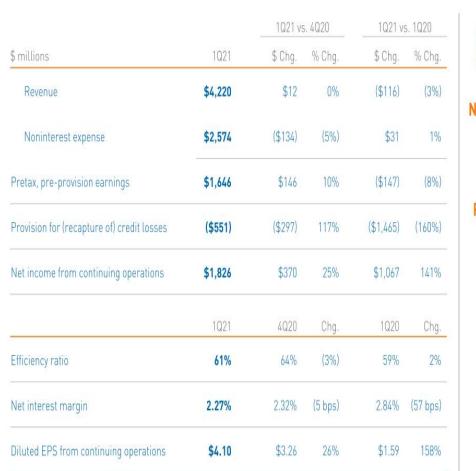


Balance Sheet: Substantial Liquidity Presents Upside

PNC



Income Statement: Solid Results in the Current Environment





PNC

- Pretax, pre-provision earnings (Non-GAAP) - See the reconciliation in the appendix.

- Net interest margin is calculated using taxable-equivalent net interest income, a Non-GAAP measure, a reconciliation of which is provided in the appendix.

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Income Statement: Broad Based Business Mix



- NII - Net interest income.

- NIM - Net interest margin.

Details of Total Revenue Linked Quarter Noninterest Income Up 5% but NII Down 3%

		1001	1000	1Q21 vs. 1Q20		
\$ millions	1001	1Q21 vs	, 4Q20			
	1Q21	\$ Chg. % Chg.		\$ Chg. % Cl		
Net interest income	\$2,348	(\$76)	(3%)	(\$163)	(6%)	
Asset management	\$226	\$5	2%	\$25	12%	
Consumer services	\$384	(\$3)	(1%)	\$7	2%	
Corporate services	\$555	(\$95)	(15%)	\$29	6%	
Residential mortgage	\$105	\$6	6%	(\$105)	(50%	
Service charges on deposits	\$119	(\$15)	(11%)	(\$49)	(29%	
Fee Income	\$1,389	(\$102)	(7%)	(\$93)	(6%	
Other noninterest income	\$483	\$190	65%	\$140	41%	
Noninterest income	\$1,872	\$88	5%	\$47	3%	
Fotal Revenue	\$4,220	\$12	0%	(\$116)	(3%	
					7	

Income Statement: Well Controlled Expenses





Noninterest Expense Linked Quarter Decline of 5%

Details of Noninterest Expense All Categories Declined or Were Flat Linked Quarter

\$ millions		1Q21 v	rs. 4Q20	1Q21 vs. 1Q20			
	1Q21	\$ Chg.	% Chg.	\$ Chg.	% Chg		
Personnel	\$1,477	(\$44)	(3%)	\$108	8%		
Occupancy	\$215	\$0	0%	\$8	4%		
Equipment	\$293	(\$3)	(1%)	\$6	2%		
Marketing	\$45	(\$19)	(30%)	(\$13)	(22%		
Other	\$544	(\$68)	(11%)	<mark>(</mark> \$78)	(13%		
Noninterest expense	\$2,574	(\$134)	(5%)	\$31	1%		

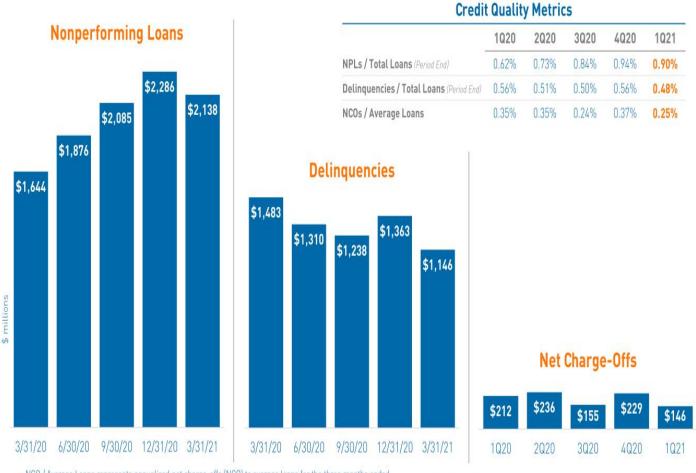
- Efficiency ratio calculated as noninterest expense divided by total revenue.

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Credit: Better Than Expected Credit Quality Performance



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- NCO / Average Loans represents annualized net charge-offs (NCO) to average loans for the three months ended.

- Delinquencies represents accruing loans past due 30 days or more. Delinquencies to Total Loans represents delinquencies divided by spot loans.

- Under the CARES Act credit reporting rules, certain loans modified due to pandemic-related hardships were considered current and not reported as past due for the dates shown.

Credit: Well Reserved for the Current Environment

PNC

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Allowance for Credit Losses (ACL)



 ACL is Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses plus Allowance for Unfunded Lending Related Commitments, and excludes Allowances for Investment Securities and Other Financial Assets.
 Portfolio Changes primarily represent the impact of increases / decreases in loan balances, age and mix due to new originations / purchases, as well as credit quality and net charge-off activity. Economic / Qualitative Factors primarily represent our evaluation and determination of an economic forecast applied to our loan portfolio, as well as updates to qualitative factor adjustments.
 ACL at 1/1/20 is Allowance for Credit Losses inclusive of \$642 million, Day 1 CECL Impact, divided by 12/31/19 total loans.

Update on BBVA USA Acquisition



Progress to Date

- Filed all key regulatory applications
- Finalized integration strategy and key milestones through conversion
- Established direct connections between PNC and BBVA USA data centers, and initiated test data transmissions and mapping
- Conducted numerous listening sessions with community organizations across combined footprint
- Re-affirmed plan to migrate core systems to PNC applications, significantly reducing complexity

Next Steps

- Conduct mock application and technology conversions to ensure system readiness
- Finalize alignment strategy for businesses and functional areas
- Prepare for implementation of PNC Regional President model across BBVA USA markets
- Plan for system and bank conversion in 4Q21
- Expect to close transaction by mid-2021

On Track to Build Coast-to-Coast National Franchise

Outlook: Second Quarter 2021 Compared to First Quarter 2021

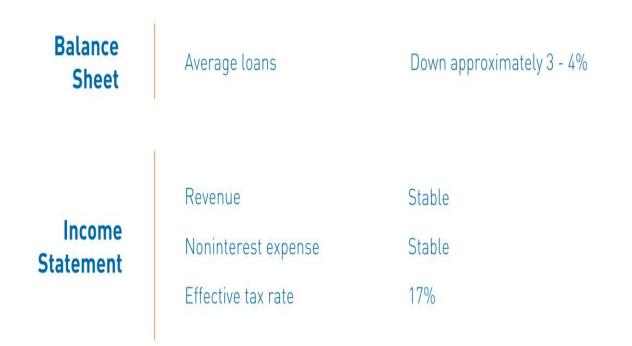
Balance Sheet	Average loans	Stable
Income Statement	Net interest income Fee income Other noninterest income Noninterest expense Net charge-offs	Up approximately 2% Up approximately 3 - 5% \$300 - \$350 million Stable \$150 - \$200 million

- Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies and merger integration costs.

Average loans, net interest income, fee income, and noninterest expense outlook represents estimated percentage change for second quarter 2021 compared to first quarter 2021.
 The range for Other noninterest income excludes net securities gains and activities related to Visa Class B common shares.

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Outlook: PNC Standalone FY 2021 Compared to FY 2020



BBVA USA Projected to Add \$700 million in PPNR to PNC 2021 Standalone Results

- FY - Full year.

Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies and merger
integration costs. BBVA USA projected PPNR benefit to PNC standalone results does not include integrations costs and assumes a mid-year close.

- Average loans, revenue, and noninterest expense outlook represents estimated percentage change for PNC standalone full year 2021 compared to full year 2020.

- PPNR - Pre-provision net revenue.

Appendix: Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking



This presentation includes "snapshot" information about PNC used by way of illustration and is not intended as a full business or financial review. It should not be viewed in isolation but rather in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings.

We also make statements in this presentation, and we may from time to time make other statements, regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, tax rates, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe," "plan," "expect," "anticipate," "see," "look," "intend," "outlook," "project," "forecast," "estimate," "goal," "will," "should" and other similar words and expressions.

Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update forward-looking statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance. As a result, we caution against placing undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

Our forward-looking statements are subject to the following principal risks and uncertainties.

- Our businesses, financial results and balance sheet values are affected by business and economic conditions, including the following:
 - Changes in interest rates and valuations in debt, equity and other financial markets,
 - Disruptions in the U.S. and global financial markets,
 - Actions by the Federal Reserve Board, U.S. Treasury and other government agencies, including those that impact money supply and market interest rates,
 - Changes in customer behavior due to changing business and economic conditions or legislative or regulatory initiatives,
 - Changes in customers', suppliers' and other counterparties' performance and creditworthiness,
 - Impacts of tariffs and other trade policies of the U.S. and its global trading partners,
 - The length and extent of the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic,
 - The impact of the results of the recent U.S. elections on the regulatory landscape, capital markets, and the response to and management of the COVID-19 pandemic, including
 the effectiveness of already-enacted fiscal stimulus from the federal government and a potential infrastructure bill, and
 - Commodity price volatility.

Appendix: Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

- Our forward-looking financial statements are subject to the risk that economic and financial market conditions will be substantially different than those we are currently expecting
 and do not take into account potential legal and regulatory contingencies. These statements are based on our view that:
 - The U.S. economy is in an economic recovery, following a very severe but very short economic contraction in the first half of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic and public health measures to contain it.
 - Despite the improvement in the economy in recent months, economic activity remains below its pre-pandemic level and unemployment remains elevated.
 - Growth will pick up in the spring of 2021 as vaccine distribution continues and the federal government provides aid to households, small and medium-sized businesses, and state
 and local governments. PNC expects real GDP to return to its pre-pandemic level in the third quarter of 2021, and employment in the second half of 2022.
 - PNC expects the Federal Open Market Committee to keep the fed funds rate in its current range of 0.00 to 0.25 percent until late 2023.
- PNC's ability to take certain capital actions, including returning capital to shareholders, is subject to PNC meeting or exceeding a stress capital buffer established by the Federal Reserve Board in connection with the Federal Reserve Board's Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review (CCAR) process. The Federal Reserve also has imposed additional limitations on capital distributions through the second quarter of 2021 by CCAR-participating bank holding companies.
- PNC's regulatory capital ratios in the future will depend on, among other things, the company's financial performance, the scope and terms of final capital regulations then in effect
 and management actions affecting the composition of PNC's balance sheet. In addition, PNC's ability to determine, evaluate and forecast regulatory capital ratios, and to take actions
 (such as capital distributions) based on actual or forecasted capital ratios, will be dependent at least in part on the development, validation and regulatory review of related models.
- Legal and regulatory developments could have an impact on our ability to operate our businesses, financial condition, results of operations, competitive position, reputation, or
 pursuit of attractive acquisition opportunities. Reputational impacts could affect matters such as business generation and retention, liquidity, funding, and ability to attract and retain
 management. These developments could include:
 - Changes to laws and regulations, including changes affecting oversight of the financial services industry, consumer protection, bank capital and liquidity standards, pension, bankruptcy and other industry aspects, and changes in accounting policies and principles.
 - Unfavorable resolution of legal proceedings or other claims and regulatory and other governmental investigations or other inquiries. These matters may result in monetary
 judgments or settlements or other remedies, including fines, penalties, restitution or alterations in our business practices, and in additional expenses and collateral costs, and
 may cause reputational harm to PNC.
 - Results of the regulatory examination and supervision process, including our failure to satisfy requirements of agreements with governmental agencies.
 - Impact on business and operating results of any costs associated with obtaining rights in intellectual property claimed by others and of adequacy of our intellectual property
 protection in general.

Appendix: Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking

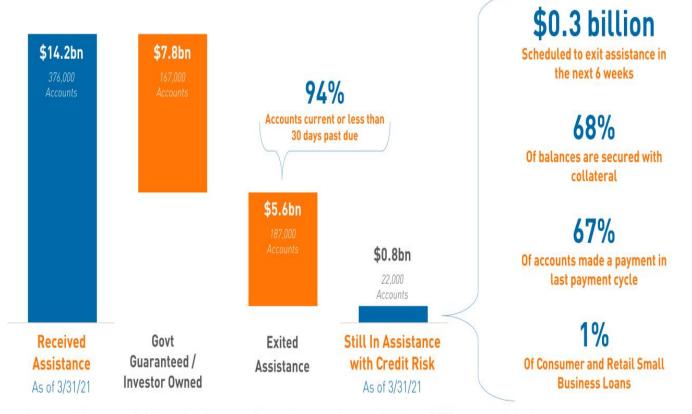


- Business and operating results are affected by our ability to identify and effectively manage risks inherent in our businesses, including, where appropriate, through effective use of
 systems and controls, third-party insurance, derivatives, and capital management techniques, and to meet evolving regulatory capital and liquidity standards.
- Our planned acquisition of BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc. presents us with risks and uncertainties related both to the acquisition transaction itself and to the integration of the acquired business into PNC after closing:
 - The business of BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc., including its U.S. banking subsidiary, BBVA USA, going forward may not perform as we currently project or in a manner consistent
 with historical performance. As a result, the anticipated benefits, including estimated cost savings, of the transaction may be significantly harder or take longer to achieve than
 expected or may not be achieved in their entirety as a result of unexpected factors or events, including those that are outside of our control.
 - The combination of BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc., including its U.S. banking subsidiary, BBVA USA, with that of PNC and PNC Bank may be more difficult to achieve than
 anticipated or have unanticipated adverse results relating to BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc., including its U.S. banking subsidiary, BBVA USA, or our existing businesses.
 - Completion of the transaction is dependent on the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, which cannot be assured. The timing of completion of the transaction is
 dependent on various factors that cannot be predicted with precision at this point.
- In addition to the planned BBVA USA Bancshares, Inc. transaction, we grow our business in part through acquisitions and new strategic initiatives. Risks and uncertainties include those presented by the nature of the business acquired and strategic initiative, including in some cases those associated with our entry into new businesses or new geographic or other markets and risks resulting from our inexperience in those new areas, as well as risks and uncertainties related to the acquisition transactions themselves, regulatory issues, and the integration of the acquired businesses into PNC after closing.
- Competition can have an impact on customer acquisition, growth and retention and on credit spreads and product pricing, which can affect market share, deposits and revenues. Our ability to anticipate and respond to technological changes can also impact our ability to respond to customer needs and meet competitive demands.
- Business and operating results can also be affected by widespread natural and other disasters, pandemics, dislocations, terrorist activities, system failures, security breaches, cyberattacks or international hostilities through impacts on the economy and financial markets generally or on us or our counterparties specifically.

We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2020 Form 10-K, including in the Risk Factors and Risk Management sections and the Legal Proceedings and Commitments Notes of the Notes To Consolidated Financial Statements in those reports, and in our other subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss elsewhere in this presentation or in our SEC filings, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and on our corporate website at www.pnc.com/secfilings. We have included these web addresses as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this document.

Appendix: Consumer and Retail Small Business Modifications

Consumer and Retail Small Business Customer Balances in Hardship Assistance



- Govt. guaranteed / investor owned includes govt, insured or guaranteed loans and investor owned mortgages; \$2.6 billion and 55,000 accounts remain in assistance.

- Exited Assistance includes loans that were paid-off or charged-off, representing \$161 million or approximately 41,000 accounts.

- Balances are as of 3/31/21 and include auto, credit card, personal, home equity, resi-mortgage, private education and small business loans, and exclude loans serviced by others.

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Appendix: COVID-19 High Impact Industries



\$17.1 billion Outstanding Loan Balances (\$14.5 billion excluding PPP Loans)

\$9.9 billion Commercial & Industrial Loans (\$7.3 billion excluding PPP Loans)

Leisure Recreation: Restaurants, casinos, hotels, convention centers	\$4.6 billion / 63% Utilization Includes \$1.1 billion in PPP Loans
Healthcare Facilities: Elective, private practices	\$1.9 billion / 84% Utilization Includes \$0.5 billion in PPP Loans
Retail (non-essential): Retail excluding auto, gas, staples	\$1.0 billion / 23% Utilization Includes \$0.2 billion in PPP Loans
Consumer Services: Religious organizations, childcare	\$1.0 billion / 79% Utilization Includes \$0.5 billion in PPP Loans
Leisure Travel: Cruise, airlines, other travel / transportation	\$0.6 billion / 58% Utilization Includes \$0.1 billion in PPP Loans
Other Impacted Areas: Shipping, senior living, specialty education	\$0.8 billion / 45% Utilization Includes \$0.2 billion in PPP Loans
7.2 billion Commercial Real Estate and Related Loans	
Non-Essential Retail & Restaurants: Malls, lifestyle centers, outlets, restaurants	\$2.6 billion / 62% Utilization
Hotel: Full service, limited service, extended stay	\$2.9 billion / 89% Utilization
Seniors Housing: Assisted living, independent living	\$1.7 billion / 67% Utilization
PP Lending within the Commercial Real Estate and Related Loans category is not material	

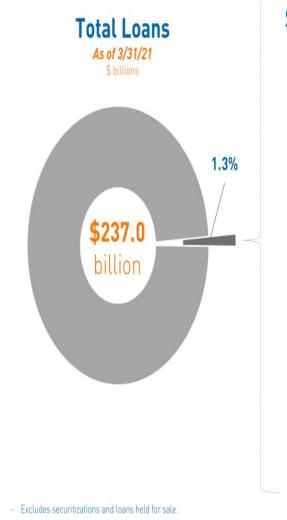
- PPP Lending within the Commercial Real Estate and Related Loans category is not material.

- Balances as of 3/31/21; excludes securitizations.

- Commercial & Industrial loans exclude PNC Real Estate business loans. Commercial real estate and related loans include commercial loans in the PNC Real Estate business.

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Appendix: Oil & Gas Loans



\$3.0 billion Outstanding Loan Balance

\$0.8 billion Exploration & Production (0.3% of Loans)

Utilization Rate	25%
Oil / Gas Mix	46% / 54%
Reserve-Based Structure	79 %

\$1.3 billion Midstream and Downstream (0.6% of Loans)

Utilization Rate	26%
Midstream Oil / Gas Mix	38% / 62%
Asset-Based Structure	22%

\$0.9 billion Services (0.4% of Loans)

Utilization Rate	48%
Asset-Based Structure	80%



Return On Tangible Common Equity (Non-GAAP)

	For the three months ended		
\$ millions	Mar. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020
Return on average common shareholders' equity	14.31%	11.16%	7.51%
Average common shareholders' equity	\$49,842	\$49,525	\$45,058
Average Goodwill and Other intangible assets	(9,448)	(9,387)	(9,432)
Average deferred tax liabilities on Goodwill and Other intangible assets	189	188	189
Average tangible common equity	\$40,583	\$40,326	\$35,815
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$1,758	\$1,393	\$844
Net income attributable to common shareholders, if annualized	\$7,130	\$5,526	\$3,385
Return on average tangible common equity (Non-GAAP)	17.57%	13.70%	9.45%

Return on average tangible common equity is a non-GAAP financial measure and is calculated based on annualized net income attributable to common shareholders divided by tangible common equity. We believe that return on average tangible common equity is useful as a tool to help measure and assess a company's use of common equity.

Tangible Book Value per Common Share (Non-GAAP)

	For the three months ended		
\$ millions, except per share data	Mar. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020
Book value per common share	\$118.47	\$119.11	\$106.70
Tangible book value per common share			
Common shareholders' equity	\$50,331	\$50,493	\$45,269
Goodwill and Other intangible assets	(9,489)	(9,381)	(9,425)
Deferred tax liabilities on Goodwill and Other intangible assets	189	188	189
angible common shareholders' equity	\$41,031	\$41,300	\$36,033
Period-end common shares outstanding (in millions)	425	424	424
Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP)	\$96.57	\$97.43	\$84.93

Tangible book value per common share is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated based on tangible common shareholders' equity divided by period-end common shares outstanding. We believe this non-GAAP measure serves as a useful tool to help evaluate the strength and discipline of a company's capital management strategies and as an additional, conservative measure of total company value.



Pretax, Pre-Provision Earnings (Non-GAAP)

\$ millions	For the three months ended		
	Mar. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020
Net interest income	\$2,348	\$2,424	\$2,511
Noninterest income	1,872	1,784	1,825
Total Revenue	\$4,220	\$4,208	\$4,336
Noninterest expense	2,574	2,708	2,543
Pretax, pre-provision earnings (Non-GAAP)	\$1,646	\$1,500	\$1,793
Provision for (recapture of) credit losses	(551)	(254)	914
Income taxes (benefit) from continuing operations	371	298	120
Net income from continuing operations	\$1,826	\$1,456	\$759

We believe that pretax, pre-provision earnings is a useful tool to help evaluate the ability to provide for credit costs through operations and provides an additional basis to compare results between periods by isolating the impact of provision for (recapture of) credit losses, which can vary significantly between periods.



Taxable-Equivalent Net Interest Income (Non-GAAP)

\$ millions	For the three months ended		
	Mar. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$2,348	\$2,424	\$2,511
Taxable-equivalent adjustments	15	17	22
Net interest income (Fully Taxable-Equivalent - FTE)	\$2,363	\$2,441	\$2,533

The interest income earned on certain earning assets is completely or partially exempt from federal income tax. As such, these tax-exempt instruments typically yield lower returns than taxable investments. To provide more meaningful comparisons of net interest income, we use interest income on a taxable-equivalent basis by increasing the interest income earned on tax-exempt assets to make it fully equivalent to interest income earned on taxable investments. This adjustment is not permitted under GAAP. Taxable equivalent net interest income is only used for calculating net interest margin and net interest income shown elsewhere in this presentation is GAAP net interest income.